# Product Environmental Profile

## ILM62 Hybrid Cable







ENVPEP1409022\_V1 / PEP ecopassport SCHN-2014-090

#### **Product Environmental Profile – PEP**

#### **Product overview**

The wiring of the Connection Module ILM62CM, the Distribution Box ILM62DB and the ILM62 Servo Module in line structure or tree structure occurs with the ILM62 Hybrid Cable range.

This range consists of hybrid cables of different length (from 1 meter to 20 meters) and plug connector variants (straight connection; connection at the bottom and connection on the top).

The representative product used for the analysis is VW3E1142R010 – Hybrid Cable DB 4 D1 to DB 4 D1 ILM D1, 1 meter.

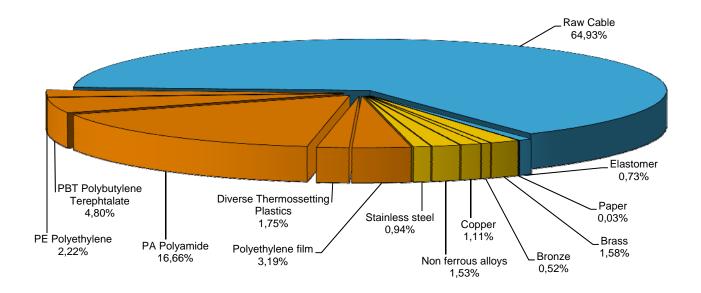
The functional unit is: ``To transmit energy over a distance of 1 meter during 10 years at a 100% use rate''.

The environmental impacts of this referenced product are representative of the impacts of the other products of the range which are developed with a similar technology.

The environmental analysis was performed in conformity with ISO 14040.

#### **Constituent materials**

The mass of the product range is from 500 g and 7,095 kg including packaging. It is 595 g for the VW3E1142R010. The constituent materials are distributed as follows:



#### Substance assessment

Products of this range are designed in conformity with the requirements of the European RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and do not contain, or only contain in the authorised proportions, lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium or flame retardants (polybrominated biphenyls - PBB, polybrominated diphenyl ethers - PBDE) as mentioned in the Directive

Details of ROHS and REACH substances information are available on the Schneider-Electric <u>Green Premium</u> website . (http://www2.schneider-electric.com/sites/corporate/en/products-services/green-premium/green-premium.page)

#### Manufacturing

The ILM62 Hybrid Cable is manufactured at a production site which complies with the regulations governing industrial sites.

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#### **Distribution**

The weight and volume of the packaging have been optimized, based on the European Union's packaging directive.

The ILM62 Hybrid Cable packaging weight is 19,2 g. It consists of polyethylene film (19 g) and paper (0,2 g).

#### Use

The products of the ILM62 Hybrid Cable range do not generate environmental pollution (noise, emissions) requiring special precautionary measures in standard use.

The dissipated power depends on the conditions under which the product is implemented and used. This dissipated power is maximum 13,2 Watt per meter for the ILM62 Hybrid Cable product range. It is 13,2 W at 100% load for the referenced VW3E1142R010. The efficiency of the cable is up to 99,9%.

The product range does not require special maintenance operations.

#### End of life

At end of life, the products in the ILM62 Hybrid Cable have been optimized to decrease the amount of waste and allow recovery of the product components and materials.

This product range contains one electronic cable that should be separated from the stream of waste so as to optimize end-of-life treatment by special treatments. The location of these components and other recommendations are given in the End of Life Instruction document which is available for this product range on the Schneider-Electric Green Premium website <u>Green Premium website</u>

( http://www2.schneider-electric.com/sites/corporate/en/products-services/green-premium/green-premium.page ).

The recyclability potential of the products has been evaluated using the "ECO DEEE recyclability and recoverability calculation method" (version V1, 20 Sep. 2008 presented to the French Agency for Environment and Energy Management: ADEME).

According to this method, the potential recyclability ratio without packaging is: 31%.

As described in the recyclability calculation method this ratio includes only metals and plastics which have proven industrial recycling processes.

#### **Environmental impacts**

Life cycle assessment has been performed on the following life cycle phases: Materials and Manufacturing (M), Distribution (D), Installation (I) Use (U), and End of life (E).

Modeling hypothesis and method:

- The calculation was performed on VW3E1142R010.
- Product packaging is included.
- Installation components: no special components included.
- Scenario for the Use phase: this product range is included in the category ``Energy cables and wires´. Assumed service lifetime is 10 years. Product dissipation is 13,2 W for 100% service uptime.
- The geographical representative area for the assessment is Europe and the electrical power model used for calculation is the European model.
- End of life impacts are based on a worst case transport distance to the recycling plant (1000km)

Environmental indicators	Unit	VW3E1142R010 - 1 Meter							
		S = M + D + I + U + E	м	D	I	U	E		
Air Acidification (AA)	kg H+ eq	1,49E-01	1,12E-03	1,92E-05	0,00E+00	1,48E-01	7,71E-06		
Air toxicity (AT)	m³	1,73E+08	1,48E+06	2,86E+04	0,00E+00	1,71E+08	1,15E+04		
Energy Depletion (ED)	MJ	1,39E+04	6,58E+01	1,44E+00	0,00E+00	1,38E+04	5,54E-01		
Global Warming Potential (GWP)	kg CO₂ eq.	6,87E+02	3,24E+00	1,02E-01	0,00E+00	6,83E+02	3,93E-02		
Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)	kg	1,48E-01	3,06E-02	1,26E-07	0,00E+00	1,17E-01	4,86E-08		
Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)	kg CFC-11 eq.	1,56E-04	5,34E-07	1,94E-10	0,00E+00	1,56E-04	7,45E-11		
Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP)	kg C₂H₄ eq.	4,60E-02	3,75E-03	2,64E-05	0,00E+00	4,22E-02	9,78E-06		
Raw Material Depletion (RMD)	Y-1	1,39E-14	4,68E-15	2,09E-18	0,00E+00	9,22E-15	8,03E-19		
Water Depletion (WD)	dm3	1,86E+03	7,62E+01	1,06E-02	0,00E+00	1,78E+03	4,08E-03		
Water Eutrophication (WE)	kg PO₄³⁻ eq.	7,06E-03	5,61E-04	1,90E-07	0,00E+00	6,49E-03	7,30E-08		
Water Toxicity (WT)	m³	3,05E+02	8,18E-01	4,37E-02	0,00E+00	3,04E+02	1,68E-02		

#### Presentation of the product environmental impacts

Life cycle assessment has been performed with the EIME software (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer), version 5 and with its database version 2013-02

The Use phase is the life cycle phase which has the greatest impact on the majority of environmental indicators.

The environmental impacts of other products in this family may be estimated as follow: The impact categories in the use phase are proportional to the power losses of the product. The impact categories in the manufacturing and distribution phase are proportional to the mass of the product.

#### System approach

As the products of the range are designed in accordance with the European RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU, they can be incorporated without any restriction in an assembly or an installation subject to this Directive.

Please note that the values given above are only valid within the context specified and cannot be used directly to draw up the environmental assessment of an installation.

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### Glossary

Air Acidification (AA)	The acid substances present in the atmosphere are carried by rain. A high level of acidity in the rain can cause damage to forests. The contribution of acidification is calculated using the acidification potentials of the substances concerned and is expressed in mode equivalent of $H^+$ .				
Air Toxicity (AT)	This indicator represents the air toxicity in a human environment. It takes into account the usuall accepted concentrations for several gases in the air and the quantity of gas released over the lift cycle. The indication given corresponds to the air volume needed to dilute these gases down that acceptable concentrations.				
Energy Depletion (ED)	This indicator gives the quantity of energy consumed, whether it is from fossil, hydroelectric, nuclear or other sources. It takes into account the energy from the material produced during combustion. It is expressed in MJ.				
Global Warming (GW)	The global warming of the planet is the result of the increase in the greenhouse effect due to the sunlight reflected by the earth's surface being absorbed by certain gases known as "greenhouse-effect" gases. The effect is quantified in gram equivalent of $CO_2$ .				
Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)	This indicator quantifies the quantity of specially treated waste created during all the life cycle phases (manufacturing, distribution and utilization). For example, special industrial waste in the manufacturing phase, waste associated with the production of electrical power, etc. It is expressed in kg.				
Ozone Depletion (OD)	This indicator defines the contribution to the phenomenon of the disappearance of the stratospheric ozone layer due to the emission of certain specific gases. The effect is expressed in gram equivalent of CFC-11.				
Photochemical Ozone Creation (POC)	This indicator quantifies the contribution to the "smog" phenomenon (the photochemical oxidation of certain gases which generates ozone) and is expressed in gram equivalent of ethylene ( $C_2H_4$ ).				
Raw Material Depletion (RMD)	This indicator quantifies the consumption of raw materials during the life cycle of the product. It is expressed as the fraction of natural resources that disappear each year, with respect to all the annual reserves of the material.				
Water Depletion (WD)	This indicator calculates the volume of water consumed, including drinking water and water from industrial sources. It is expressed in $dm^3$ .				
Water Eutrophication (WE)	Eutrophication is a natural process defined as the enrichment in mineral salts of marine or lake waters or a process accelerated by human intervention, defined as the enrichment in nutritive elements (phosphorous compounds, nitrogen compounds and organic matter). This indicator represents the water eutrophication of lakes and marine waters by the release of specific substances in the effluents. It is expressed in grams equivalency of PO43-(phosphate).				
Water Toxicity (WT)	This indicator represents the water toxicity. It takes into account the usually accepted concentrations for several substances in water and the quantity of substances released over the life cycle. The indication given corresponds to the water volume needed to dilute these substances down to acceptable concentrations.				

PEP achieved with Schneider-Electric TT01 V9 and TT02 V18 procedures in compliance with ISO14040 series standards

Registration N° : SCHN-2014-090			Applicable PCR : PEP–PCR–ed 2.1-EN-2012 12 11			
Verifier accreditation N° : VH08			Program information: <u>www.pep-ecopassport.org</u>			
Date of issue: 11-2014			Period of validity: 4 years			
Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006						
Internal		External	Х			
In compliance with ISO 14025:2006 type III environmental declarations						
PCR review was conducted by an expert panel chaired by J. Chevalier (CSTB).						BCD PASS
The elements of the actual PEP cannot be compared with elements from another program.						PORT

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