TOSHIBA

SERVICE MANUAL

AIR-CONDITIONER (SPLIT TYPE)

OUTDOOR UNIT <DIGITAL INVERTER>

RAV-GM562ATP-E RAV-GM562ATP-TR











Original instruction Adoption of R32 Refrigerant

This air conditioner adopts the HFC refrigerant (R32) which does not destroy the ozone layer. This outdoor unit is designed exclusively for use with R32 refrigerant. Be sure to use in combination with a R32 refrigerant indoor unit.

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SAFETY CAUTION

Please read carefully through these instructions that contain important information which complies with the Machinery Directive (Directive 2006/42/EC), and ensure that you understand them. Some of the details provided in these instructions differ from the service manual, and the instructions provided here take precedence.

Generic Denomination: Air Conditioner

Definition of Qualified Installer or Qualified Service Person

The air conditioner must be installed, maintained, repaired and removed by a qualified installer or qualified service person.

When any of these jobs is to be done, ask a qualified installer or qualified service person to do them for you. A qualified installer or qualified service person is an agent who has the qualifications and knowledge described in the table below.

Agent	Qualifications and knowledge which the agent must have
Qualified installer (*1)	The qualified installer is a person who installs, maintains, relocates and removes the air conditioners. He or she has been trained to install, maintain, relocate and remove the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such operations by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to these operations.
	The qualified installer who is allowed to do the electrical work involved in installation, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this electrical work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to electrical work on the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work.
	The qualified installer who is allowed to do the refrigerant handling and piping work involved in installation, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this refrigerant handling and piping work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to refrigerant handling and piping work on the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work.
	The qualified installer who is allowed to work at heights has been trained in matters relating to working at heights with the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work.
Qualified service person (*1)	The qualified service person is a person who installs, repairs, maintains, relocates and removes the air conditioners. He or she has been trained to install, repair, maintain, relocate and remove the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such operations by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to these operations.
	The qualified service person who is allowed to do the electrical work involved in installation, repair, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this electrical work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to electrical work on the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work.
	The qualified service person who is allowed to do the refrigerant handling and piping work involved in installation, repair, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this refrigerant handling and piping work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to refrigerant handling and piping work on the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work.
	The qualified service person who is allowed to work at heights has been trained in matters relating to working at heights with the air conditioners he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work.

Definition of Protective Gear

When the air conditioner is to be transported, installed, maintained, repaired or removed, wear protective gloves and "safety" work clothing.

In addition to such normal protective gear, wear the protective gear described below when undertaking the special work detailed in the table below.

Failure to wear the proper protective gear is dangerous because you will be more susceptible to injury, burns, electric shocks and other injuries.

Work undertaken	Protective gear worn
All types of work	Protective gloves "Safety" working clothing
Electrical-related work	Gloves to provide protection for electricians Insulating shoes Clothing to provide protection from electric shock
Work done at heights (50 cm or more)	Helmets for use in industry
Transportation of heavy objects	Shoes with additional protective toe cap
Repair of outdoor unit	Gloves to provide protection for electricians

The important contents concerned to the safety are described on the product itself and on this Service Manual. Please read this Service Manual after understanding the described items thoroughly in the following contents (Indications/Illustrated marks), and keep them.

[Explanation of indications]

Indication	Explanation	
<u></u> ♠ DANGER	Indicates contents assumed that an imminent danger causing a death or serious injury of the repair engineers and the third parties when an incorrect work has been executed.	
⚠ WARNING	Indicates possibilities assumed that a danger causing a death or serious injury of the repair engineers, the third parties, and the users due to troubles of the product after work when an incorrect work has been executed.	
⚠ CAUTION	Indicates contents assumed that an injury or property damage (*) may be caused on the repair engineers, the third parties, and the users due to troubles of the product after work when an incorrect work has been executed.	

^{*} Property damage: Enlarged damage concerned to property, furniture, and domestic animal/pet

[Explanation of illustrated marks]

Mark	Explanation	
\Diamond	Indicates prohibited items (Forbidden items to do) The sentences near an illustrated mark describe the concrete prohibited contents.	
Indicates mandatory items (Compulsory items to do) The sentences near an illustrated mark describe the concrete mandatory contents.		
\triangle	Indicates cautions (Including danger/warning) The sentences or illustration near or in an illustrated mark describe the concrete cautious contents.	

■ Warning Indications on the Air Conditioner Unit

[Confirmation of warning label on the main unit]

Confirm that labels are indicated on the specified positions If removing the label during parts replace, stick it as the original.

Meaning of symbols displayed on the unit

	WARNING (Risk of fire)	In case that refrigerant type is R32, this unit uses a flammable refrigerant	
	Read the OWNER'S MANUAL carefully before operation.		
	Service personnel are required to carefully read the OWNER'S MANUAL and INSTALLATION MANUAL before operation.		
[]i	Further information is available in the OWNER'S MANUAL, INSTALLATION MANUAL, and the like.		

Warning indication		Description	
À	WARNING ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before servicing.	WARNING ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before servicing.	
	Moving parts. Do not operate unit with grille removed. Stop the unit before the servicing.	WARNING Moving parts. Do not operate unit with grille removed. Stop the unit before the servicing.	
	CAUTION High temperature parts. You might get burned when removing this panel.	CAUTION High temperature parts. You might get burned when removing this panel.	

\vdash

CAUTION

Do not touch the aluminum fins of the unit.
Doing so may result in injury.

CAUTION

Do not touch the aluminum fins of the unit. Doing so may result in injury.



CAUTION

BURST HAZARD

Open the service valves before the operation, otherwise there might be the burst.

CAUTION

BURST HAZARD

Open the service valves before the operation, otherwise there might be the burst.



WARNING

Capacitor connected within this disconnect or downstream upon shutdown wait 5 minute to allow capacitors to discharge.

WARNING

Open the service valves before the operation, otherwise there might be the burst.

Precaution for Safety

The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations. Capacity shortages of the power circuit or an incomplete installation may cause an electric shock or fire.



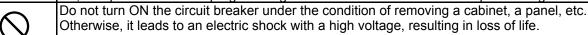
Before carrying out the installation, maintenance, repair or removal work, be sure to set the circuit breaker to the OFF position. Otherwise, electric shocks may result.

Before opening the intake grille of the indoor unit or service panel of the outdoor unit, set the circuit breaker to the OFF position. Failure to set the circuit breaker to the OFF position may result in electric shocks through contact with the interior parts.

Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to remove the intake grille of the indoor unit or service panel of the outdoor unit and do the work required.

Before starting to repair the outdoor unit fan or fan guard, be absolutely sure to set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and place a "Work in progress" sign on the circuit breaker

When cleaning the filter or other parts of the indoor unit, set the circuit breaker to OFF without fail, and place a "Work in progress" sign near the circuit breaker before proceeding with the work.



Prohibition

breaker.

WARNING

Before starting to repair the air conditioner, read carefully through the Service Manual, and repair the air conditioner by following its instructions.

Only qualified service person (*1) is allowed to repair the air conditioner. Repair of the air conditioner by unqualified person may give rise to a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leaks and/or other problems.

Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to carry out the electrical work of the air conditioner. Under no circumstances must this work be done by an unqualified individual since failure to carry out the work properly may result in electric shocks and/or electrical leaks

Wear protective gloves and safety work clothing during installation, servicing and removal When connecting the electrical wires, repairing the electrical parts or undertaking other electrical jobs, wear gloves to provide protection for electricians, insulating shoes and clothing to provide protection from electric shocks. Failure to wear this protective gear may result in electric shocks Use wiring that meets the specifications in the Installation Manual and the stipulations in the local

regulations and laws. Use of wiring which does not meet the specifications may give rise to electric shocks, electrical leakage, smoking and/or a fire.

Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to undertake work at heights using a stand of 50 cm or more.

When working at heights, use a ladder which complies with the ISO 14122 standard, and follow the procedure in the ladder's instructions. Also wear a helmet for use in industry as protective gear to undertake the work.

When working at heights, put a sign in place so that no-one will approach the work location, before proceeding with the work. Parts and other objects may fall from above, possibly injuring a person below.

Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit. You may injure yourself if you do so. If the fin must be touched for some reason, first put on protective gloves and safety work clothing, and then proceed.

Do not climb onto or place objects on top of the outdoor unit.

You may fall or the objects may fall off of the outdoor unit and result in injury.

When transporting the air conditioner, wear shoes with additional protective toe caps

When transporting the air conditioner, do not take hold of the bands around the packing carton. You may injure yourself if the bands should break.

This air conditioner has passed the pressure test as specified in IEC 60335-2-40 Annex EE.

Do not add any other devices without factory advice.

General

Electric shock hazard	When you access inside of the electric cover to repair electric parts, wait for about five minutes after turning off the breaker. Do not start repairing immediately. Otherwise you may get electric shock by touching terminals of high-voltage capacitors. Natural discharge of the capacitor takes about five minutes.
Prohibition	Place a "Work in progress" sign near the circuit breaker while the installation, maintenance, repair or removal work is being carried out. There is a danger of electric shocks if the circuit breaker is set to ON by mistake. When checking the electric parts, removing the cover of the electric parts box of Indoor Unit and/ or front panel of Outdoor Unit inevitably to determine the failure, put a sign "Do not enter" around the site before the work. Failure to do this may result in third person getting electric shock. Before operating the air conditioner after having completed the work, check that the electrical parts box cover of the indoor unit and service panel of the outdoor unit are closed, and set the circuit breaker to the ON position. You may receive an electric shock if the power is turned on without first conducting these checks.
Stay on protection	If, in the course of carrying out repairs, it becomes absolutely necessary to check out the electrical parts with the electrical parts box cover of one or more of the indoor units and the service panel of the outdoor unit removed in order to find out exactly where the trouble lies, wear insulated heat-resistant gloves, insulated boots and insulated work overalls, and take care to avoid touching any live parts. You may receive an electric shock if you fail to heed this warning. Only qualified service person (*1) is allowed to do this kind of work.
Check earth wires.	Before troubleshooting or repair work, check the earth wire is connected to the earth terminals of the main unit, otherwise an electric shock is caused when a leak occurs. If the earth wire is not correctly connected, contact an electric engineer for rework. After completing the repair or relocation work, check that the ground wires are connected properly. Be sure to connect earth wire. (Grounding work) Incomplete grounding causes an electric shock. Do not connect ground wires to gas pipes, water pipes, and lightning rods or ground wires for telephone wires.
Prohibition of modification.	Do not modify the products. Do not also disassemble or modify the parts. It may cause a fire, electric shock or injury.
Use specified parts.	When any of the electrical parts are to be replaced, ensure that the replacement parts satisfy the specifications given in the Service Manual (or use the parts contained on the parts list in the Service Manual). Use of any parts which do not satisfy the required specifications may give rise to electric shocks, smoking and/or a fire. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.
Do not bring a child close to the equipment.	If, in the course of carrying out repairs, it becomes absolutely necessary to check out the electrical parts with the electrical parts box cover of one or more of the indoor units and the service panel of the outdoor unit removed in order to find out exactly where the trouble lies, place Keep out signs around the work site before proceeding. Third-party individuals may enter the work site and receive electric shocks if this warning is not heeded.
Insulating measures	Connect the cut-off lead wires with crimp contact, etc., put the closed end side upward and then apply a water-cut method, otherwise a leak or production of fire is caused at the users' side.

When performing repairs using a gas burner, replace the refrigerant with nitrogen gas because the oil that coats the pipes may otherwise burn.

When repairing the refrigerating cycle, take the following measures.



1) Be attentive to fire around the cycle.

When using a gas stove, etc., be sure to put out fire before work; otherwise the oil mixed with refrigerant gas may catch fire.

2) Do not use a welder in the closed room.

When using it without ventilation, carbon monoxide poisoning may be caused.

3) Do not bring inflammables close to the refrigerant cycle, otherwise fire of the welder may catch the inflammables.

The refrigerant used by this air conditioner is the R32.

Check the used refrigerant name and use tools and materials of the parts which match with it. For the products which use R32 refrigerant, the refrigerant name is indicated at a position on the outdoor unit where is easy to see. To prevent miss-charging, the route of the service port is changed from one of the former R22.

Be careful for miss-charging since a charging port of R32 is the same diameter as that of R410A.

Do not use any refrigerant different from the one specified for complement or replacement. Otherwise, abnormally high pressure may be generated in the refrigeration cycle, which may result in a failure or explosion of the product or an injury to your body.

For an air conditioner which uses R32, never use other refrigerant than R32. For an air conditioner which uses other refrigerant (R22, R410A etc.), never use R32. If different types of refrigerant are mixed, abnormal high pressure generates in the refrigerating cycle and an injury due to breakage may be caused.

If the different type of refrigerants are mixed in, be sure to recharge the refrigerant



Do not charge refrigerant additionally.

If charging refrigerant additionally when refrigerant gas leaks, the refrigerant composition in the refrigerating cycle changes resulted in change of air conditioner characteristics or refrigerant over the specified standard amount is charged and an abnormal high pressure is applied to the inside of the refrigerating cycle resulted in cause of breakage or injury. Therefore if the refrigerant gas leaks, recover the refrigerant in the air conditioner, execute vacuuming, and then newly recharge the specified amount of liquid refrigerant. In this time, never charge the refrigerant over the specified amount.

When recharging the refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle, do not mix the refrigerant or air other than R32 into the specified refrigerant. If air or others is mixed with the refrigerant, abnormal high pressure generates in the refrigerating cycle resulted in cause of injury due to breakage.

After the installation work, confirm that refrigerant gas does not leak. If refrigerant gas leaks into

the room and flows near a fire source, such as a cooking range, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire.

Never recover the refrigerant into the outdoor unit.

When the equipment is moved or repaired, be sure to recover the refrigerant with recovering device. The refrigerant cannot be recovered in the outdoor unit; otherwise a serious accident such as breakage or injury is caused.



After repair work, surely assemble the disassembled parts, and connect and lead the removed wires as before. Perform the work so that the cabinet or panel does not catch the inner wires. If incorrect assembly or incorrect wire connection was done, a disaster such as a leak or fire is caused at user's side.



After the work has finished, be sure to use an insulation tester set (500V Megger) to check the resistance is $1M\Omega$ or more between the charge section and the non-charge metal section (Earth position). If the resistance value is low, a disaster such as a leak or electric shock is caused at user's side.



When the refrigerant gas leaks during work, execute ventilation.

If the refrigerant gas touches to a fire, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire.

A case of leakage of the refrigerant and the closed room full with gas is dangerous because a shortage of oxygen occurs. Be sure to execute ventilation.

If refrigerant gas has leaked during the installation work, ventilate the room immediately. If the leaked refrigerant gas comes in contact with fire, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire.

When the refrigerant gas leaks, find up the leaked position and repair it surely. If the leaked position cannot be found up and the repair work is interrupted, pump-down and tighten the service valve, otherwise the refrigerant gas may leak into the room. When gas touches to fire such as fan heater, stove or cocking stove, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire though the refrigerant gas itself is innocuous. When installing equipment which includes a large amount of charged refrigerant such as a multi air conditioner in a sub-room, it is necessary that the density does not the limit even if the refrigerant leaks. If the refrigerant leaks and exceeds the limit density, an accident of shortage of oxygen is caused. Compulsion Tighten the flare nut with a torque wrench in the specified manner. Excessive tighten of the flare nut may cause a crack in the flare nut after a long period, which may result in refrigerant leakage. Nitrogen gas must be used for the airtight test. The charge hose must be connected in such a way that it is not slack. For the installation/moving/reinstallation work, follow to the Installation Manual. If an incorrect installation is done, a trouble of the refrigerating cycle, water leak, electric shock or fire is caused. Install the outdoor unit properly in a location that is durable enough to support the weight of the outdoor unit. Insufficient durability may cause the outdoor unit to fall, which may result in injury. Once the repair work has been completed, check for refrigerant leaks, and check the insulation resistance and water drainage. Then perform a trial run to check that the air conditioner is running properly. After repair work has finished, check there is no trouble. If check is not executed, a fire, electric shock or injury may be caused. For a check, turn off the power breaker. Check after After repair work (installation of front panel and cabinet) has finished, execute a test run to check repair there is no generation of smoke or abnormal sound. If check is not executed, a fire or an electric shock is caused. Before test run, install the front panel and cabinet. Check the following matters before a test run after repairing piping. Connect the pipes surely and there is no leak of refrigerant. The valve is opened. Do not Running the compressor under condition that the valve closes causes an abnormal high operate the pressure resulted in damage of the parts of the compressor and etc. and moreover if there is unit with the leak of refrigerant at connecting section of pipes, the air is suctioned and causes further valve closed. abnormal high pressure resulted in burst or injury. Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to relocate the air co nditioner. It is dangerous for the air conditioner to be relocated by an unqualified individual since a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leakage, noise and/or vibration may result. Check the following items after reinstallation. Check after 1) The earth wire is correctly connected. reinstallation 2) The power cord is not caught in the product. 3) There is no inclination or unsteadiness and the installation is stable. If check is not executed, a fire, an electric shock or an injury is caused. When the service panel of the outdoor unit is to be opened in order for the compressor or the area around this part to be repaired immediately after the air conditioner has been shut down, set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and then wait at least 10 minutes before opening the service panel. If you fail to heed this warning, you will run the risk of burning yourself because the compressor pipes and other parts will be very hot to the touch. In addition, before proceeding with the repair work, wear the kind of insulated heat-resistant gloves designed to protect electricians. When the service panel of the outdoor unit is to be opened in order for the fan motor, reactor, Cooling inverter or the areas around these parts to be repaired immediately after the air conditioner has check been shut down, set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and then wait at least 10 minutes before opening the service panel. If you fail to heed this warning, you will run the risk of burning yourself because the fan motor, reactor, inverter heat sink and other parts will be very hot to the touch. In addition, before proceeding with the repair work, wear the kind of insulated heat-resistant gloves designed to protect electricians.

		Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to install the air conditioner. If the air conditioner is installed by an unqualified individual, a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leakage, noise and/or vibration may result.
ı		Before starting to install the air conditioner, read carefully through the Installation Manual, and
		follow its instructions to install the air conditioner.
		Do not install the air conditioner in a location that may be subject to a risk of expire to
ı		a combustible gas. If a combustible gas leaks and becomes concentrated around the unit, a fire
		may occur.
ı		When transporting the air conditioner, use a forklift and when moving the air conditioner by hand,
ı	Installation	move the unit with 2 people(GM56)
ı		Install a circuit breaker that meets the specifications in the installation manual and the stipulations
ı		in the local regulations and laws.
		Install the circuit breaker where it can be easily accessed by the agent.
ı		Do not place any combustion appliance in a place where it is directly exposed to the wind of air
		conditioner, otherwise it may cause imperfect combustion.
Γ		When carrying out the pump-down work shut down the compressor before disconnecting the
ı		refrigerant pipe. Disconnecting the refrigerant pipe with the service valve left open and the
ı		compressor still operating will cause air, etc. to be sucked in, raising the pressure inside the
ı	U	refrigeration cycle to an abnormally high level, and possibly resulting in reputing, injury, etc.
ı	Compulsion	When removing the welding parts of suction and discharge pipe for the compressor, remove
Compulsion		them at the place ventilated well after recovering the refrigerant. Improper recovering may cause
		the spurt of the refrigerant and the refrigeration oil, causing a injury.
H		Do not vent gases to the atmosphere.
		Venting gases to the atmosphere is prohibited by the law.
ı		l senting gases to the atmosphere is prombited by the law.
	Prohibition	
		1

A CAUTION

	011014			
Ensure wearing of gloves when performing any work in order to avoid injury from parts. Failure to wear the proper protective gloves cause a injury due to the parts, etc.				
Wearing of gloves				
Confirm	When performing the welding work, check whether refrigerant leaks or remains. If the leakage refrigerant gas touches a fire source, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire.			

Explanations given to user

• If you have discovered that the fan grille is damaged, do not approach the outdoor unit but set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and contact a qualified service person to have the repairs done.

Do not set the circuit breaker to the ON position until the repairs are completed.

Relocation

- Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to relocate the air conditioner. It is dangerous for the air conditioner to be relocated by an unqualified individual since a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leakage, noise and/or vibration may result.
- When carrying out the pump-down work shut down the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipe.
 Disconnecting the refrigerant pipe with the service valve left open and the compressor still operating will cause air, etc. to be sucked in, raising the pressure inside the refrigeration cycle to an abnormally high level, and possibly resulting in reputing, injury, etc.

(*1) Refer to the "Definition of Qualified Installer or Qualified Service Person."

Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: CARRIER AIR CONDITIONING (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

144/9 MOO 5, BANGKADI INDUSTRIAL PARK, TIVANON ROAD, TAMBOL BANGKADI,

AMPHUR MUANGPATHUMTHANI, PATHUMTHANI 12000, THAILAND

TCF holder: Carrier RLC Europe S.A.S

Immeuble Le Cristalia 3 rue Joseph Monier

92500 Rueil-Malmaison FRANCE

Hereby declares that the machinery described below:

Generic Denomination: Air Conditioner

Model / type: RAV-GM562ATP-E

RAV-GM562ATP-TR

Commercial name: Digital Inverter Series Air Conditioner

Complies with the provisions of the Machinery Directive (Directive 2006/42/EC) and the regulations transposing into national law

Name: Masaru Takeyama

Position: GM, Quality Assurance Dept.

Date: 10 October, 2022

Place Issued: Thailand

NOTE

This declaration becomes invalid if technical or operational modifications are introduced without the manufacturer's consent.

Disposal

How to dispose of air conditioners with a rating of 12 kW and below in accordance with the 2002/96/EC Directive WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) is provided in the Installation Manual supplied with your product. For disposal of the product above 12 kW in rating you should use a registered company in accordance with any national or EU legislation.

<Model names with a rating of 12 kW and below (outdoor units)>

DI series

RAV-GM562ATP-E RAV-GM562ATP-TR

Specification

	Sound power level (dBA)		
Model	Cooling	Heating	Weight (kg)
RAV-GM562ATP-E	*	*	40
RAV-GM562ATP-TR	*	*	40

^{*:} Under 70 dBA

Refrigerant R32

This air conditioner adopts a new HFC type refrigerant (R32) which does not deplete the ozone layer.

1. Safety Caution Concerned to Refrigerant R32

Be sure that water, dust, the former refrigerant or the former refrigerating oil is not mixed into the refrigerating cycle of the air conditioner with refrigerant R32 during installation work or service work. If an incorrect work or incorrect service is performed, there is a possibility to cause a serious accident. Use the tools and materials exclusive to R32 to purpose a safe work.

2. Safety and Cautions on Installation/Service <Safety items>

When gas concentration and ignition energy are happened at the same time, R32 has a slight possibility of burning. Although it will not ignite under normal work environment conditions, be aware that the flame spreads if ignition should occur. It is necessary to carry out installation/servicing safely while taking the following precautions into consideration.

- Never use refrigerant other than specified refrigerant (R32) in an air conditioner which is designed to operate with the specified refrigerant (R32).
 If other refrigerant than R32 is used, it may cause personal injury, etc. by a malfunction, a fire, a rupture.
- 2) Since R32 is heavier than air, it tends to accumulate on the bottom (near the floor). Ventilate properly for the working environment to prevent its combustion. Especially in a basement or a closed room where is the high risk of the accumulation, ventilate the room with a local exhaust ventilation. If refrigerant leakage is confirmed in the room or the place where the ventilation is insufficient, do not work until the proper ventilation is performed and the work environment is improved.
- 3) When performing brazing work, be sure to check for leakage refrigerant or residual refrigerant. If the leakage refrigerant comes into contact with fire, a poisonous gas may occur or it may cause a fire. Keep adequate ventilation during the work.
- 4) When refrigerant gas leaks during work, execute ventilation. If the leakage refrigerant comes into contact with a fire, a poisonous gas may occur or it may cause a fire.
- 5) In places where installing / repairing air-conditioning equipment, etc., keep the source of ignition such as gas combustion equipment, petroleum combustion equipment, electric heater etc. away. Do not smoke in the place.
- 6) When installing or removing an air conditioner, do not mix air in the refrigerant cycle. If air or others is mixed with the refrigerant, abnormal high pressure generates in the refrigerating cycle, causing injury due to the breakage.
- 7) After installation work complete, confirm that refrigerant gas is not leaking on the flare connection part or others. If leaked refrigerant comes to contact with a fire, toxic gas may occur, causing a fire.
- 8) Perform the installation work and re-installation according to the installation manual. Pay attention especially to the area of application. Improper installation may cause refrigeration trouble or water leakage, electric shock and fire etc.
- 9) Unauthorized modifications to the air conditioner may be dangerous. If a breakdown occurs please call a qualified air conditioner technician or electrician. Improper repair may result in water leakage, electric shock and fire, etc.
- 10) Carry out the airtight test with nitrogen at a specified pressure. Do not use oxygen or acetylene gas absolutely as it may cause an explosion.
- 11) Always carry a refrigerant leakage detection sensor during the work and work while checking that no refrigerant leaks around working environment.
- 12) If the leakage refrigerant comes into contact with fire, it may cause a fire. Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

<Caution items>

- 1) The opposite side dimension of the air-conditioner's flared nut using R32 and the shape of the charge port are the same as those of R410A.
- 2) Be careful not to charge refrigerant by mistake. Should the different type of refrigerant mix in, be sure to recharge the refrigerant
- 3) Do not mix the other refrigerant or refrigerating oil with the refrigerant.
- 4) Since the pressure of R32 is higher 1.6 times of that of the former refrigerant (R22), use tools and parts with high pressure withstand specification similar to R410A.
- 5) In the installation time, use clean pipe materials and work with great attention so that water and others do not mix in because pipes are affected by impurities such as water, oxide film, oil, etc. Use the clean pipes. Be sure to braze while flowing nitrogen gas in the pipe.

 (Never use gas other than nitrogen gas.)
- 6) For the earth protection, use a vacuum pump for air purge.
- 7) R32 refrigerant is Single-component refrigerant that does not change its composition. Although it is possible to charge the refrigerant with either liquid or gas, charge it with liquid. (If using gas for charging, composition of the refrigerant changes and then characteristics of the air conditioner change.)

3. Pipe Materials

For the refrigerant pipes, copper pipe and joints are mainly used.

It is necessary to select the most appropriate pipes to conform to the standard.

Use clean material in which impurities adhere inside of pipe or joint to a minimum.

1) Copper pipe

<Piping>

The pipe thickness, flare finishing size, flare nut and others differ according to a refrigerant type. When using a long copper pipe for R32, it is recommended to select "Copper or copper-base pipe without seam" and one with bonded oil amount 40mg/10m or less.

Also do not use crushed, deformed, discolored (especially inside) pipes.

(Impurities cause clogging of expansion valves and capillary tubes.)

<Flare nut>

Use the flare nuts which are attached to the air conditioner unit.

Be sure to select the pipes with copper thickness in the table below since the pressure of an air conditioner using R32 is higher than that of R22.

Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm) R410A or R32
1/2	6.4	0.80
3/8	9.5	0.80
1/2	12.7	0.80
5/8	15.9	1.00

Make sure not to use a thin copper pipe sach as 0.7 mm copper thickness in the market.

2) Joint

The flare joint and socket joint are used for joints of the copper pipe.

The joints are rarely used for installation of the air conditioner.

However clear impurities when using them.

4. Tools

Tools exclusive for R32 (The following tools for R32 are required.)

O: R32 tools available

 Δ : Partly unavailable, \times : R32 tools unavailable

No	Installation/serv	ice tools	Use	Applicability to R32 air	Applicability to R22 air	
INO	Tools / Equipment	specification	Use	conditioner or not	conditioner or not	
1	Flare tool	Clutch type	Pipe flaring	0	0	
2	Copper pipe gauge for adjusting projection margin	_	Flaring by conventional flare tool	0	Ι	
3	Torque wrench	_	Tightening of flare nut	0	×	
4	Gauge manifold	Port size 1/2"-20UNF (5/16" Flare)	Evacuating, refrigerant charge, run	O Note 2	×	
5	Charge hose	High-voltage	check, etc.	0	X	
6	Vacuum pump	_	Vacuum drying	O Note 3 1/2"-20UNF(5/16" Flare)	△ Connection diameter 1/4"	
7	Vacuum pump adapter	_	Vacuum drying	O Note 4 1/2"-20UNF(5/16" Flare)	△ Connection diameter 1/4"	
8	Electronic balance for refrigerant charging	For 10 kg or 20 kg cylinder	Refrigerant charge	0	0	
9	Leakage detector	_	Gas leakage check	O Note 5	O Note 5	
10	Refrigerant cylinder	_	Refrigerant charge	× Note 6	×	
11	Refrigerant recovery cylinder	Exclusive for R32	Refrigerant recovery container	× Note 7	×	
12	Refrigerant recovery device	_	Refrigerant recovery device	O Note 8	△ Connection diameter 1/4"	

- **Note 1** When flaring is carried out for R32 using the conventional flare tools, adjustment of projection margin is necessary. For this adjustment, a copper pipe gauge, etc. are necessary.
- **Note 2** When saturation temperature is described, the gauge manifold differs for R32. If saturation temperature reading is required, special tools exclusive for R32 are required.
- Note 3 Since R32 has a slight possibility of burning, be sure to use the tools corresponding to R32.
- **Note 4** Like R32, a Vacuum pump adapter needs installing to prevent a Vacuum pump oil (mineral oil) from flowing backward into the Charge hose. Mixing of the Vacuum pump oil into R32 refrigerant may cause a trouble such as generation of sludge, clogging of capillary, etc.
- **Note 5** Be sure to use those tools after confirming they correspond to each refrigerant.
- **Note 6** For a refrigerant cylinder exclusive for R32, the paint color (or label color) of the cylinder is set the specified color (light blue) together with the indication of the refrigerant name.
- **Note 7** Although the container specification is the same as R32, use a recovering container exclusive for R32 to avoid mixing with other refrigerants.
- **Note 8** Be careful for miss-charging of the refrigerant during work. Miss-charging of the refrigerant type may cause not only damage of the equipments but also a fire etc.

General tools

In addition to the above exclusive tools, the following equipments are necessary as the general tools.

1) Pipe cutter

6) Spanner or Monkey wrench

2) Reamer

7) Hole core drill

3) Pipe bender

8) Tape measure

4) Level vial

9) Metal saw

5) Screwdriver (+, -)

Also prepare the following equipments for other installation method and run check.

1) Clamp meter

3) Insulation resistance tester (Megger)

2) Thermometer

4) Electroscope

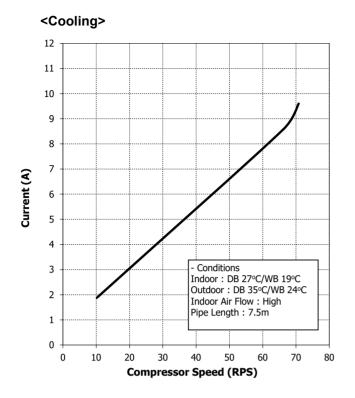
1. SPECIFICATIONS

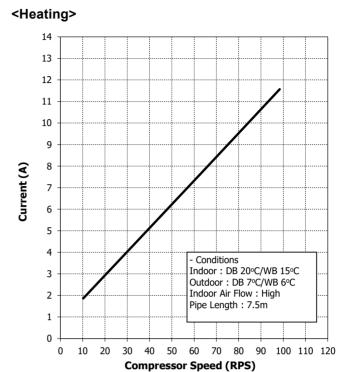
1-1. Outdoor Unit

<Digital Inverter>

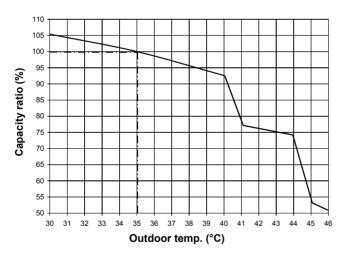
Model name	Outdoor unit	:		RAV-GM562ATP-E, -TR		
Power supply				1 phase 220-240V, 50Hz 1 phase 220V, 60Hz (Power exclusive to outdoor is required.)		
	Туре			Hermetic compressor		
Compressor	Motor		(kW)	1.1		
	Pole			4		
Refrigerant charge	ed		(kg)	0.9		
Refrigerant contro	I			Pulse motor valve		
	Standard leng	yth	(m)	7.5		
	Min. length		(m)	5		
Into	Max. total len	gth	(m)	30		
Inter connecting pipe		rigerant charge oing connector		20g/m (21m to 30m)		
	Height difference	Outdoor lower	(m)	30		
		Outdoor highe	r (m)	30		
	Height (mm)			550		
Outer dimension	Width		(mm)	780		
	Depth		(mm)	290		
Appearance				Silky shade (Muncel 1Y8.5/0.5)		
Total weight			(kg)	40		
Heat exchanger				Finned tube		
	Fan			Propeller fan		
Fan unit	Standard air f	low high	(m3/min.)	40		
	Motor		(W)	43		
Otive etc.	Gas side		(mm)	12.7		
Connecting pipe	Liquid side (mm)			6.4		
Sound pressure level Cooling/Heating (dB·A)				46/48		
Sound power leve	I	ı	64/65			
Outside air temper	rature, Cooling		46 to -15			
Outside air temper	rature, Heating		°C (Wet bulb temp.)	15 to -15		

1-2. Operation Characteristic Curve





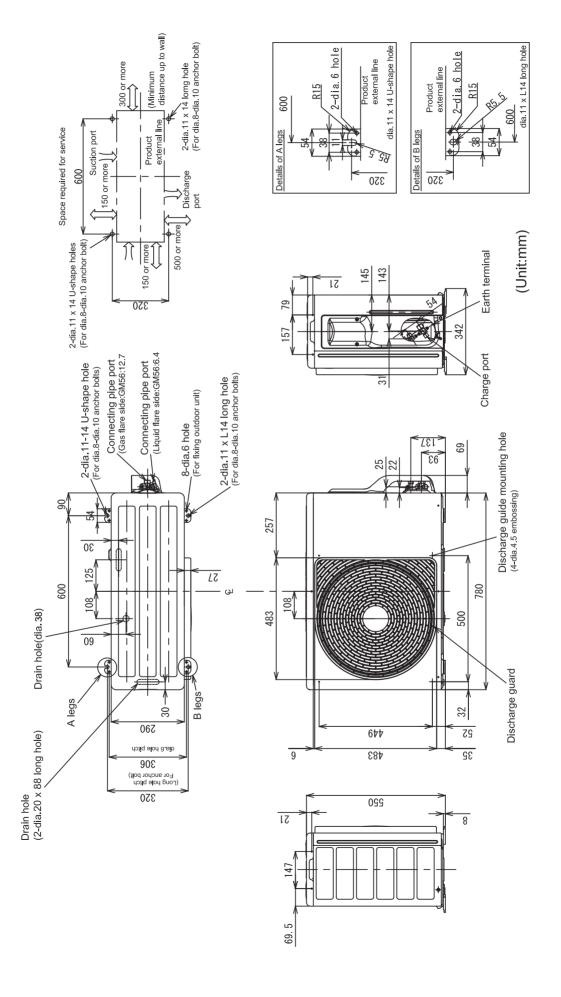
Capacity variation ratio according to temperature <Cooling>



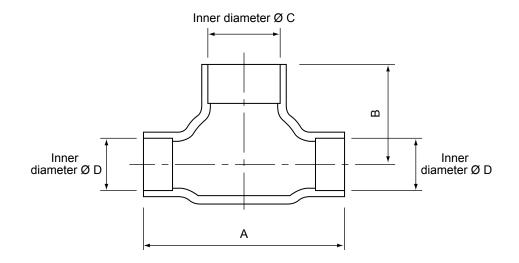
120 100 90 Capacity ratio (%) 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -12 -10 0 -14 -8 Outdoor temp. (°C)

<Heating>

2. CONSTRUCTION VIEWS (EXTERNAL VIEWS)



RAV-TWP30E2, RAV-TWP50E2 (Simultaneous Twin)

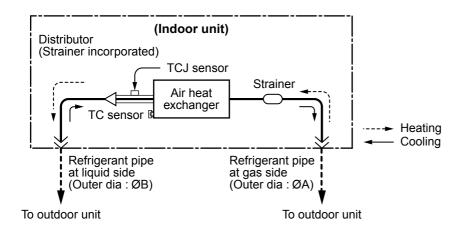


Model	Α	В	С	D	
TWD20E2	Liquid side	36	14	Ø9.5	Ø6.4
TWP30E2	Gas side	43	23	Ø15.9	Ø12.7
TWP50E2	Liquid side	34	14	Ø9.5	Ø9.5
I WP50E2	Gas side	44	21	Ø15.9	Ø15.9

3. SYSTEMATIC REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

3-1. Indoor Unit

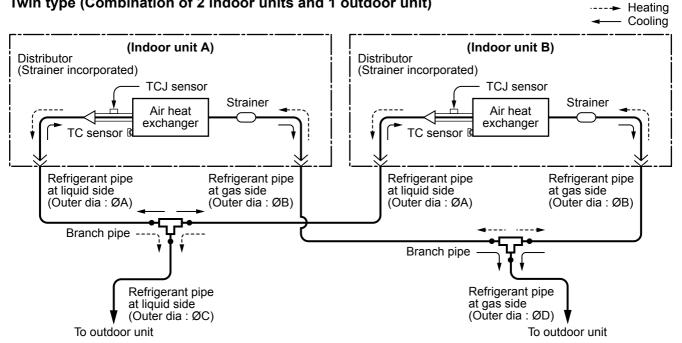
Single type (Combination of 1 indoor unit and 1 outdoor unit)



Dimension table

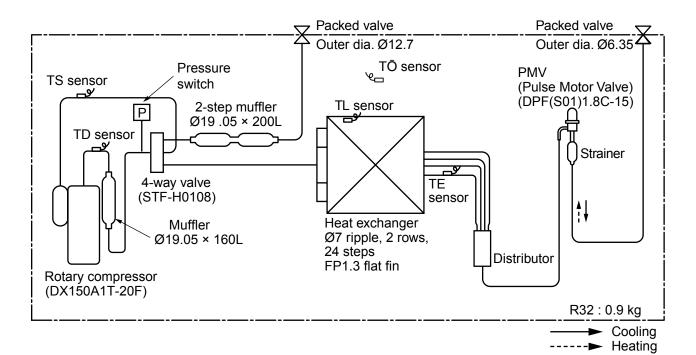
Indoor unit	Outer diameter of refrigerant pipe					
indoor unit	Gas side ØA	Liquid side ØB				
HM56 type	12.7	6.4				

Twin type (Combination of 2 indoor units and 1 outdoor unit)



Indoor unit	Branch pipe RBC-	Α	В	С	D
HM56 × 2	TWP30E2	6.4	12.7	9.5	15.9

3-2. Outdoor Unit

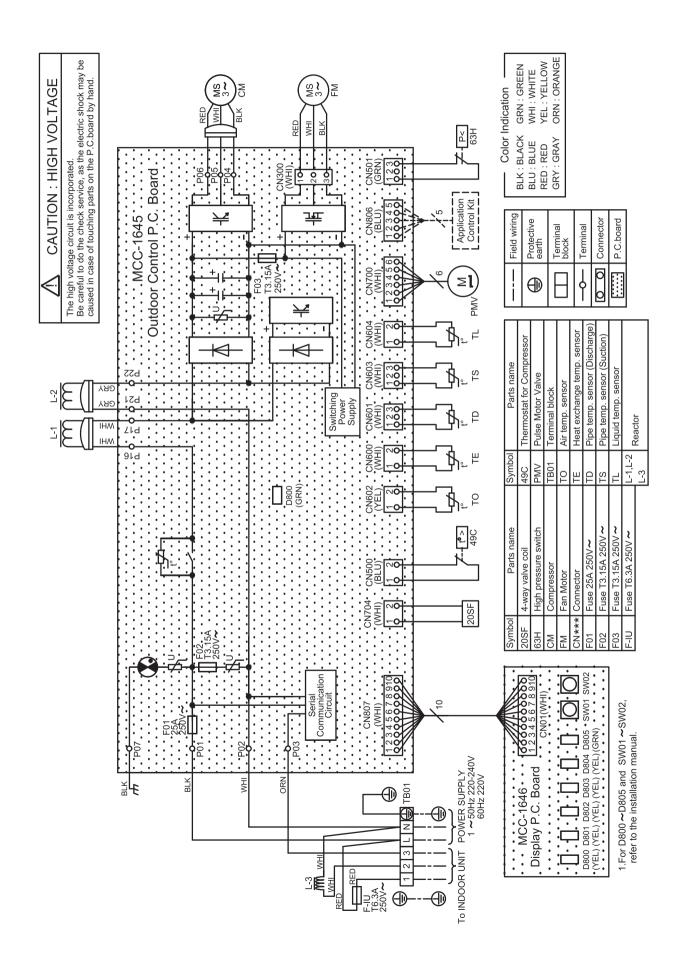


			Pres	sure		Pi	pe surface te	emperature (°	C)	Compressor			Outdoor
			Pa)	(kg/c	m²G)	Discharge	Suction		Outdoor heat	revolutions per second (rps)	Indoor fan		nditions B) (°C)
		Pd	Ps	Pd	Ps	(TD)	(TS)	exchanger (TC)	exchanger (TE)	* ` .		Indoor	Outdoor
	Standard	3.11	0.96	31.7	9.8	90	13	12	43	60	HIGH	27/19	35/-
Cooling	Overload	3.37	1.08	34.4	11.0	77	21	17	53	35	HIGH	32/24	46/-
	Low load	1.90	0.70	19.4	7.1	48	7	5	30	50	LOW	18/15.5	-5/-
	Standard	2.27	0.63	23.1	6.4	82	2	36	1	65	HIGH	20/-	7/6
Heating	Overload	2.86	0.89	29.2	9.1	86	17	47	11	95	LOW	28/-	24/18
	Low load	1.86	0.25	19.0	2.6	69	-14	31	-15	98	HIGH	15/-	-10/(70%)

^{* 4} poles are provided to this compressor.

The compressor frequency (Hz) measured with a clamp meter is 2 times of revolutions (rps) of the compressor.

4. WIRING DIAGRAM



5. SPECIFICATIONS OF ELECTRICAL PARTS

No.	Parts name	Туре	Specification
1	Compressor	DX150A1T-20F	3 phase, 4P, 1100 W
2	Fan motor	ICF-140-43-4R	Output 43 W
3	4-way valve coil	STF-H01AZ1724A1	-
4	PMV coil	PQ-M01012-000082	-
5	High-pressure SW	ACB-4UB83W	OFF:4.15MPa
6	Reactor	CH-57-Z-T	8.88~10mH, 16A
7	P.C. board	MCC-1645	-
8	Fuse (Mounted on P.C. board)	-	AC250 V, 25 A
9	Fuse	-	AC250 V, 6.3 A
10	Fuse (Mounted on P.C. board)	-	AC250 V, 3.15 A
11	Outdoor temp. sensor (TO sensor)	-	10 kΩ at 25°C
12	Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE sensor)	-	10 kΩ at 25°C
13	Suction temp. sensor (TS sensor)	-	10 kΩ at 25°C
14	Discharge temp. sensor (TD sensor)	-	50 kΩ at 25°C
15	Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL sensor)	-	50 kΩ at 25°C
16	Compressor thermo. (Protection)	CS-12AL	OFF: 125 ± 4°C, ON: 90 ± 5°C

6. REFRIGERANT R32

This air conditioner adopted the R32 refrigerant which does not damage the ozone layer.

The working pressure of the refrigerant R32 is 1.6 times higher than conventional refrigerant (R22). The refrigerating oil is also changed in accordance with change of refrigerant, so be careful that water, dust, and existing refrigerant or refrigerating oil are not entered in the refrigerant cycle of the air conditioner using the new refrigerant during installation work or servicing time. The next section describes the precautions for air

conditioner using the new refrigerant.

Conforming to contents of the next section together with the general cautions included in this manual, perform the correct and safe work.

6-1. Safety During Installation/Servicing

As R32's pressure is about 1.6 times higher than that of R22, improper installation/servicing may cause a serious trouble. By using tools and materials exclusive for R32, it is necessary to carry out installation/servicing safely while taking the following precautions into consideration.

- Never use refrigerant other than R32 in an air conditioner which is designed to operate with R32.
 - If other refrigerant than R32 is mixed, pressure in the refrigeration cycle becomes abnormally high, and it may cause personal injury, etc. by a rupture.
- Confirm the used refrigerant name, and use tools and materials exclusive for the refrigerant R32. The refrigerant name R32 is indicated on the visible place of the outdoor unit of the air conditioner using R32 as refrigerant. A diameter of charge port for R32 is the same as that of the R32 Be careful not to charge the refrigerant by mistake.
- If a refrigeration gas leakage occurs during installation/servicing, be sure to ventilate fully. If the refrigerant gas comes into contact with fire, a poisonous gas may occur.
- 4. When installing or removing an air conditioner, do not allow air or moisture to remain in the refrigeration cycle.
 - Otherwise, pressure in the refrigeration cycle may become abnormally high so that a rupture or personal injury may be caused.
- After completion of installation work, check to make sure that there is no refrigeration gas leakage.
 - If the refrigerant gas leaks into the room, coming into contact with fire in the fan-driven heater, space heater, etc., a poisonous gas may occur.

- 6. When an air conditioning system charged with a large volume of refrigerant is installed in a small room, it is necessary to exercise care so that, even when refrigerant leaks, its concentration does not exceed the marginal level. If the refrigerant gas leakage occurs and its concentration exceeds the marginal level, an oxygen starvation accident may result.
- Be sure to carry out installation or removal according to the installation manual.
 Improper installation may cause refrigeration trouble, water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.
- Unauthorized modifications to the air conditioner may be dangerous. If a breakdown occurs please call a qualified air conditioner technician or electrician.
 - Improper repair may result in water leakage, electric shock and fire, etc.

6-2. Refrigerant Piping Installation

6-2-1. Piping Materials and Joints Used

For the refrigerant piping installation, copper pipes and joints are mainly used.

Copper pipes and joints suitable for the refrigerant must be chosen and installed.

Furthermore, it is necessary to use clean copper pipes and joints whose interior surfaces are less affected by contaminants.

1. Copper Pipes

It is necessary to use seamless copper pipes which are made of either copper or copper alloy and it is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10 m.

Do not use copper pipes having a collapsed, deformed or discolored portion (especially on the interior surface).

Otherwise, the expansion valve or capillary tube may become blocked with contaminants.

As an air conditioner using R32 incurs pressure higher than when using R22, it is necessary to choose adequate materials.

Thicknesses of copper pipes used with R32 are as shown in Table 6-2-1. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8mm even when it is avail-able on the market.

NOTE:

Refer to the "6-6. Instructions for Re-use Piping of R410A or R22".

Table 6-2-1 Thicknesses of annealed copper pipes

		Thickness (mm)			
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	R32	R22		
1/4	6.4	0.80	0.80		
3/8	9.5	0.80	0.80		
1/2	12.7	0.80	0.80		
5/8	15.9	1.00	1.00		

1. Join

For copper pipes, flare joints or socket joints are used. Prior to use, be sure to remove all contaminants.

- a) Flare Joints
 - Flare joints used to connect the copper pipes cannot be used for pipings whose outer diameter exceeds 20 mm. In such a case, socket joints can be used.
 - Sizes of flare pipe ends, flare joint ends and flare nuts are as shown in Tables 6-2-3 to 6-2-5 below.
- b) Socket Joints

Socket joints are such that they are brazed for connections, and used mainly for thick pipings whose diameter is larger than 20 mm. Thicknesses of socket joints are as shown in Table 6-2-2.

Table 6-2-2 Minimum thicknesses of socket joints

Nominal diameter	Reference outer diameter of copper pipe jointed (mm)	Minimum joint thickness (mm)
1/4	6.4	0.50
3/8	9.5	0.60
1/2	12.7	0.70
5/8	15.9	0.80

6-2-2. Processing of Piping Materials

When performing the refrigerant piping installation, care should be taken to ensure that water or dust does not enter the pipe interior, that no other oil other than lubricating oils used in the installed air conditioner is used, and that refrigerant does not leak.

When using lubricating oils in the piping processing, use such lubricating oils whose water content has been removed. When stored, be sure to seal the container with an airtight cap or any other cover.

1. Flare Processing Procedures and Precautions

- a) Cutting the Pipe
 - By means of a pipe cutter, slowly cut the pipe so that it is not deformed.
- b) Removing Burrs and Chips
 - If the flared section has chips or burrs, refrigerant leakage may occur.
 - Carefully remove all burrs and clean the cut surface before installation.

- c) Insertion of Flare Nut
- d) Flare Processing

Make certain that a clamp bar and copper pipe have been cleaned.

By means of the clamp bar, perform the flare processing correctly.

Use either a flare tool for R32 or conventional flare tool. Flare processing dimensions differ according to the type of flare tool.

When using a conventional flare tool, be sure to secure "dimension A" by using a gauge for size adjustment.

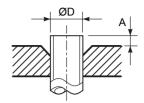


Fig. 6-2-1 Flare processing dimensions

Table 6-2-3 Dimensions related to flare processing for R32

		Thickness (mm)	A (mm)							
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)		Flare tool for R32		nal flare tool R32)	Conventional flare tool (R22)				
	, ,		clutch type	Clutch type	Wing nut type	Clutch type	Wing nut type			
1/4	6.4	0.8	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 2.0	0.5 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.5			
3/8	9.5	0.8	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 2.0	0.5 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.5			
1/2	12.7	0.8	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	2.0 to 2.5	0.5 to 1.0	1.5 to 2.0			
5/8	15.9	1.0	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	2.0 to 2.5	0.5 to 1.0	1.5 to 2.0			
3/4	19.1	1.2	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	2.0 to 2.5	_	_			

Table 6-2-4 Flare and flare nut dimensions for R32

Nominal	Outer	Thickness		Dimensi	Flare nut width		
diameter	diameter (mm)	(mm)	Α	В	С	D	(mm)
1/4	6.4	0.8	9.1	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.5	0.8	13.2	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.7	0.8	16.6	16.0	12.9	23	26
5/8	15.9	1.0	19.7	19.0	16.0	25	29
3/4	19.1	1.2	24.0	_	19.2	28	36

Table 6-2-5 Flare and flare nut dimensions for R22

Nominal	Outer	Thickness		Dimensi		Flare nut width	
diameter	diameter (mm)	er (mm) (mm)		В	С	D	(mm)
1/4	6.4	0.8	9.1	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.5	0.8	13.0	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.7	0.8	16.2	16.0	12.9	20	24
5/8	15.9	1.0	19.4	19.0	16.0	23	27
3/4	19.1	1.0	23.3	24.0	19.2	34	36

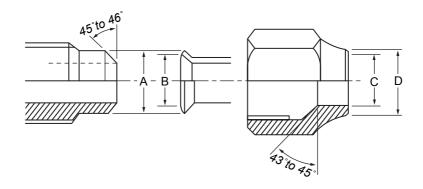


Fig. 6-2-2 Relations between flare nut and flare seal surface

2. Flare Connecting Procedures and Precautions

- a) Make sure that the flare and union portions do not have any scar or dust, etc.
- b) Correctly align the processed flare surface with the union axis.
- c) Tighten the flare with designated torque by means of a torque wrench. The tightening torque for R32 is the same as that for conventional R22. Incidentally, when the torque is weak, the gas leakage may occur. When it is strong, the flare nut may crack and may be made non-removable. When choosing the tightening torque, comply with values designated by manufacturers. Table 6-2-6 shows reference values.

NOTE

When applying oil to the flare surface, be sure to use oil designated by the manufacturer. If any other oil is used, the lubricating oils may deteriorate and cause the compressor to burn out.

Table 6-2-6 Tightening torque of flare fo R32 [Reference values]

Nominal diameter	Outer Tightening torque diameter (mm) N•m (kgf•m)		Tightening torque of torque wrenches available on the market N•m (kgf•m)
1/4	6.4	14 to 18 (1.4 to 1.8)	16 (1.6), 18 (1.8)
3/8	9.5	33 to 42 (3.3 to 4.2)	42 (4.2)
1/2	12.7	50 to 62 (5.0 to 6.2)	55 (5.5)
5/8	15.9	68 to 82 (6.8 to 8.2)	65 (6.5)
3/4	19.1	100 to 120 (10.0 to 12.0)	

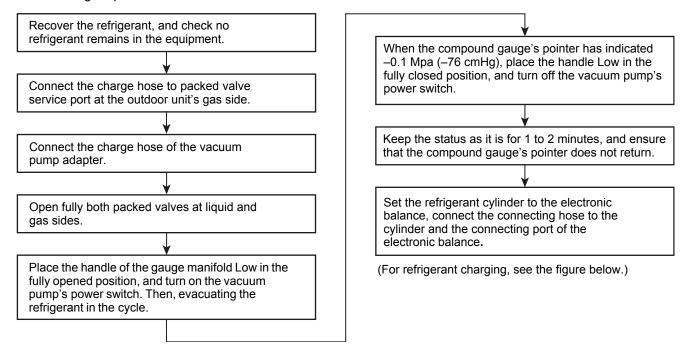
6-3. Tools

6-3-1. Required Tools

Refer to the "4. Tools"

6-4. Recharging of Refrigerant

When it is necessary to recharge refrigerant, charge the specified amount of new refrigerant according to the following steps.



- 1) Never charge refrigerant exceeding the specified amount.
- 2) If the specified amount of refrigerant cannot be charged, charge refrigerant bit by bit in COOL mode.
- 3) Do not carry out additional charging. When additional charging is carried out if refrigerant leaks, the refrigerant composition changes in the refrigeration cycle, that is characteristics of the air conditioner changes, refrigerant exceeding the specified amount is charged, and working pressure in the refrigeration cycle becomes abnormally high pressure, and may cause a rupture or personal injury.

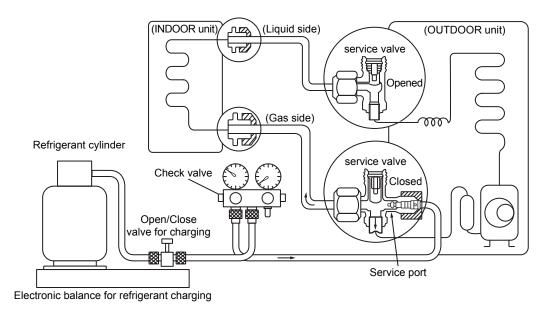


Fig. 6-4-1 Configuration of refrigerant charging

6-5. Brazing of Pipes

6-5-1. Materials for Brazing

1. Silver brazing fill

Silver brazing filler is an alloy mainly composed of silver and copper.

It is used to join iron, copper or copper alloy, and is relatively expensive though it excels in solderability.

2. Phosphor bronze brazing filler

Phosphor bronze brazing filler is generally used to join copper or copper alloy.

3. Low temperature brazing filler

Low temperature brazing filler is generally called solder, and is an alloy of tin and lead. Since it is weak in adhesive strength, do not use it for refrigerant pipes.

- Phosphor bronze brazing filler tends to react with sulfur and produce a fragile compound water solution, which may cause a gas leakage. Therefore, use any other type of brazing filler at a hot spring resort, etc., and coat the surface with a paint.
- 2) When performing brazing again at time of servicing, use the same type of brazing filler.

6-5-2. Flux

1. Reason why flux is necessary

- By removing the oxide film and any foreign matter on the metal surface, it assists the flow of brazing filler.
- In the brazing process, it prevents the metal surface from being oxidized.
- By reducing the brazing filler's surface tension, the brazing filler adheres better to the treated metal.

2. Characteristics required for flux

- Activated temperature of flux coincides with the brazing temperature.
- Due to a wide effective temperature range, flux is hard to carbonize.
- It is easy to remove slag after brazing.
- The corrosive action to the treated metal and brazing filler is minimum.
- It excels in coating performance and is harmless to the human body.

As the flux works in a complicated manner as described above, it is necessary to select an adequate type of flux according to the type and shape of treated metal, type of brazing filler and brazing method, etc.

3. Types of flux

Noncorrosive flux

Generally, it is a compound of borax and boric acid.

It is effective in case where the brazing temperature is higher than 800°C.

Activated flux

Most of fluxes generally used for silver brazing are this type.

It features an increased oxide film removing capability due to the addition of compounds such as potassium fluoride, potassium chloride and sodium fluoride to the borax-boric acid compound.

4. Piping materials for brazing and used brazing filler/flux

Piping material	Used brazing filler	Used flux	
Copper - Copper	Phosphor copper	Do not use	
Copper - Iron	Silver	Paste flux	
Iron - Iron	Silver	Vapor flux	

- 1) Do not enter flux into the refrigeration cycle.
- 2) When chlorine contained in the flux remains within the pipe, the lubricating oil deteriorates. Therefore, use a flux which does not contain chlorine. When adding water to the flux, use water which does not
- contain chlorine (e.g. distilled water or ionexchange water).
- 4) Remove the flux after brazing.

6-5-3. Brazing

As brazing work requires sophisticated techniques, experiences based upon a theoretical knowledge, it must be performed by a person qualified. In order to prevent the oxide film from occurring in the pipe interior during brazing, it is effective to proceed with brazing while letting dry Nitrogen gas flow.

Never use gas other than Nitrogen gas.

1. Brazing method to prevent oxidation

- Attach a reducing valve and a flow-meter to the Nitrogen gas cylinder.
- 2) Use a copper pipe to direct the piping material, and attach a flow-meter to the cylinder.
- Apply a seal onto the clearance between the piping material and inserted copper pipe for Nitrogen in order to prevent backflow of the Nitrogen gas.
- 4) When the Nitrogen gas is flowing, be sure to keep the piping end open.
- 5) Adjust the flow rate of Nitrogen gas so that it is lower than 0.05 m³/Hr or 0.02 MPa (0.2kgf/cm²) by means of the reducing valve.
- 6) After performing the steps above, keep the Nitrogen gas flowing until the pipe cools down to a certain extent (temperature at which pipes are touchable with hands).
- 7) Remove the flux completely after brazing.

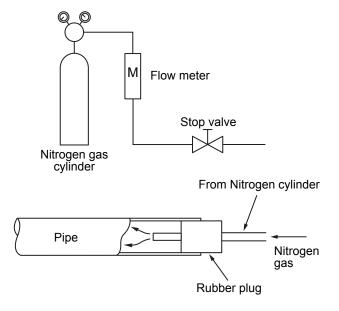


Fig. 6-5-1 Prevention of oxidation during brazing

6-6. Instructions for Re-use Piping of R410A or R22

Instruction of Works:

The existing R22 and R410A piping can be reused for our super digital inverter R32 products installations.

∕ WARNING

Confirming the existence of scratches or dents on the existing pipes and confirming the reliability of the pipe strength are conventionally referred to the local site.

If the specified conditions can be cleared, it is possible to update existing R22 and R410A pipes to those for R32 models.

6-6-1 Basic conditions needed to reuse existing pipes

Check and observe the presence of three conditions in the refrigerant piping works.

- 1. **Dry** (There is no moisture inside of the pipes.)
- 2. Clean (There is no dust inside of the pipes.)
- 3. Tight (There are no refrigerant leaks.)

6-6-2 Restrictions for use of existing pipes

In the following cases, the existing pipes should not be reused as they are. Clean the existing pipes or exchange them with new pipes.

- 1. When a scratch or dent is heavy, be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
- 2. When the existing pipe thickness is thinner than the specified "Pipe diameter and thickness," be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
 - The operating pressure of R32 is high. If there is a scratch or dent on the pipe or a thinner pipe is used, the pressure strength may be inadequate, which may cause the pipe to break in the worst

* Pipe diameter and thickness (mm)

ripe diameter and unchiess (iiiii)					
Reference	Wall				
outside	thickness	Material			
diameter (mm)	(mm)				
6.4	0.8	_			
9.5	0.8	_			
12.7	0.8	_			
15.9	1.0	_			

- In case the pipe diameter is Ø12.7 mm or less and the thickness is less than 0.7 mm, be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
- When the outdoor unit was left with the pipes disconnected, or the gas leaked from the pipes and the pipes were not repaired and refilled.
 - There is the possibility of rain water or air, including moisture, entering the pipe.
- 4. When refrigerant cannot be recovered using a refrigerant recovery unit.
 - There is the possibility that a large quantity of dirty oil or moisture remains inside the pipes.

5. When a commercially available dryer is attached to the existing pipes.

There is the possibility that copper green rust has been generated.

6. When the existing air conditioner is removed after refrigerant has been recovered.

Check if the oil is judged to be clearly different from normal oil.

- The refrigerator oil is copper rust green in color: There is the possibility that moisture has mixed with the oil and rust has been generated inside the pipe.
- There is discolored oil, a large quantity of residue, or a bad smell.

A large quantity of shiny metal dust or other wear

- 7. When the air conditioner has a history of the compressor failing and being replaced.
 - When discolored oil, a large quantity of residue, of foreign matter is observed, trouble will occur.
- 8. When temporary installation and removal of the air conditioner are repeated such as when leased, etc.
- 9. If the type of refrigerator oil of the existing air conditioner is other than the following oil (Mineral oil), Suniso, Freol-S, MS (Synthetic oil), alkyl benzene

(HAB, Barrel-freeze), ester series, PVE only of ether series. The winding-insulation of the compressor may deteriorate.

NOTE

The above descriptions are results have been confirmed by our company and represent our views on our air conditioners, but do not guarantee the use of the existing pipes of air conditioners that have adopted R32 or R410A in other companies.

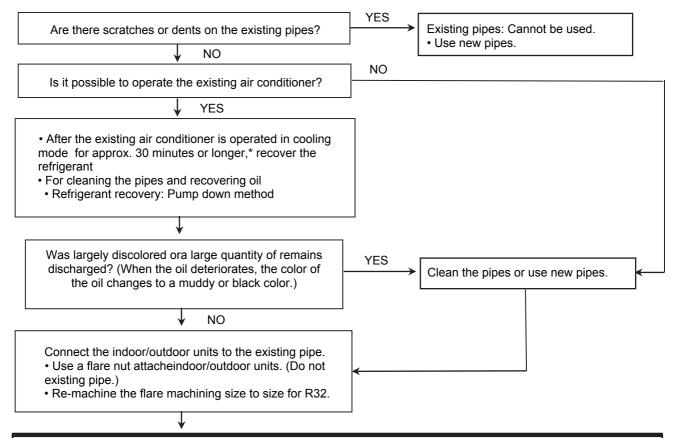
6-6-3 Curing of pipes

When removing and opening the indoor or outdoor unit for a long time, cure the pipes as follows

- Otherwise rust may be generated when moisture or foreign matter due to condensation enters the pipes.
- The rust cannot be removed by cleaning, and new pipes are necessary.

Placement location	Term	Curing manner
	1 month or more	Pinching
Outdoors	Less than	Pinching or
	1 month	_
Indoors	Every time	Taping

6-6-4. Final Installation Checks



■ In case use existing pipe, The gas pipe Ø19.1 mm is able to use for the outdoor unit of GM80 (3 Hp) or higher, However,

Prior specify to use gas pipe Ø19.1 mm. for the air conditioners

■ Existing piping

The following settings are required when using a pipe Ø19.1 mm as the existing piping at the gas pipe side.

Steps taken to support existing piping

- 1. Set the circuit breaker to the ON position to turn on the power.
- 2. Check that the LED displays are placed in their initial status. If not, place them in the initial status.
- 3. Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 5)
- 4. Press SW01 four times to set the LED displays (D800 to D805) to the "LED displays for existing piping settings" shown below. (Fig. 6)

(Fig. 5)					
LED displays indicated when step 3 is taken				en	
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
0	•	•	•	\Diamond	•
O: ON, ●: OFF, ♦: Slow flashing					

(i ig. 0)					
	LED displays for existing piping settings				
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
•	•	0	•	0	•
○: ON. ♠: OFF. ⊚: Rapid flashing					

- 5. Press SW02 to set D805 to rapid flashing. (Each time SW02 is pressed, D805 is switched between rapid flashing and OFF.) (Fig. 7)
- 6. Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly and that D805 lights. (Fig. 8)

(Fig. 7)					
LE	LED displays indicated when step 5 is taken			en	
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
•	•	0	•	0	0
O: ON. ♠: OFF. ۞: Bapid flashing					

(Fig. 8)					
LED displays indicated when step 6 is taken				en	
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
•	•	0	•	\Diamond	0
O: ON, ●: OFF, ♦: Slow flashing					

- 7. Hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status. The existing piping is now supported by taking the above steps. In this status, the heating capacity may decrease during heating depending on the outside air temperature and indoor temperature.
- If there is any reason to doubt whether establishing support was successful in the course of this operation, hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return to the initial status, and then repeat the setting steps.

(Airtight test), Vacuum dry, Refrigerant charge, Gas leak check

Test run

6-6-5. Handling of Existing Pipe

When using the existing pipe, carefully check it for the following:

- Wall thickness (within the specified range)
- · Scratches and dents
- · Water, oil, dirt, or dust in the pipe
- · Flare looseness and leakage from welds
- Deterioration of copper pipe and heat insulator
- Before recovering the refrigerant in the existing system, perform a cooling operation for at least 30 minutes.

Cautions for using existing pipe

- Do not reuse a flare nut to prevent gas leaks.
 Replace it with the supplied flare nut and then process it to a flare.
- Blow nitrogen gas or use an appropriate means to keep the inside of the pipe clean.
 If discolored oil or much residue is discharged, wash the pipe.
- · Check welds, if any, on the pipe for gas leaks.
- There may be a problem with the pressure resistance of the branching pipes of the existing piping

Replace them with branch pipes (sold separately).

When the pipe corresponds to any of the following, do not use it. Install a new pipe instead.

- The pipe has been opened (disconnected from indoor unit or outdoor unit) for a long period.
- The pipe has been connected to an outdoor unit that does not use refrigerant R32 or R410A
- The existing pipe must have a wall thickness equal to or larger than the following thicknesses.

Reference outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	Material
6.4	0.8	_
9.5	0.8	_
12.7	0.8	_
15.9	1.0	_
19.1	1.2	_
22.2	1.0	Half hard
28.6	1.0	Half hard

 Do not use any pipe with a wall thickness less than these thicknesses due to insufficient pressure capacity.

6-6-6. Recovering Refrigerant

Use the refrigerant recovery equipment to recover the refrigerant.

6-7. Charging additional refrigerant

Amount of additional refrigerant shall be restricted by the following explanation to ensure the reliability. Miss-charging leads to the abnormal high pressure in the refrigerant cycle, causing a rupture, a injury and a compressor malfunction.

6-7-1. [Assumed gas leak]

The refrigerant can be charged only when the amount of a leak such as a slow-leak found at the installation work can be ensured that it is within the additional limits shown in the following.

Recharge the refrigerant, as the amount of leakage is unknown when calling "Cooling is not good" or "Warming is not good".

6-7-2. [Limiting the additional charge]

- The maximum amount of additional refrigerant shall be up to 10 % of the normal amount of the refrigerant.
 If no improvement in symptoms can be found at the above limitation, recover all gases and recharge the normal amount of refrigerant.
- If the slow leak is found at the installation work and the connection pipe length is 15 m or less, tighten the flare nut at the leak point and do not add the refrigerant.

6-7-3. [Cautions on charging additional refrigerant]

- When adding, use a balance with an accuracy of more than 10 g scale. Do not use a health-meter etc.
- If the refrigerant gas leaks, find the leakage point and repair it securely. Though the refrigerant gas itself is innocuous, if it touch a fire source such as fan heater, stove or kitchen stove, noxious gas may occur.
- When charging the refrigerant, charge with liquid refrigerant.
 Work carefully and charge it little by little since it may be rapidly charged due to the liquid state.

6-8. General safety precautions for using R32 refrigerant

6-8-1. Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.
- Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
- Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants.
- In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.
- Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
- Before using recovery machine check that it is satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.
- · Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged.
- Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers.
- Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process.
- When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

6-8-2. Decommissioning

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that
 the technician is completely familiar with the
 equipment and all its details. Only a qualified installer
 (*1) or qualified service person (*1)
 is allowed to do this work.
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant.
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that :
- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from the various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturers instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders (No more than 80%volume liquid change).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process complete, make sure that cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- Recovered refrigerant shall not be changed into another refrigerant system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

6-8-3. Pump down process

- 1. Turn off the Air Conditioner system.
- 2. Connect the charge hose from the manifold valve to the service port of the packed valve at gas side.
- 3. Turn on the Air Conditioner system in cooling operation more than 10 minutes.
- 4. Check the operating pressure of the system should be normal value. (Ref. with product specification)
- 5. Release the valve rod cap of both service valves.
- 6. Use the Hexagon wrench to turning the valve rod of Liquid side fully close.
 - (*Make sure no entering air into the system)
- Continue operate Air Conditioner system until and the gauge of manifold dropped into the range of 0.5 - 0 kgf/cm2.
- 8. Use the Hexagon wrench to turning the valve rod of Gas side fully close. And turn off the Air Conditioner system immediately thereafter.
- 9. Remove the gauge manifold from the service port of the packed valve.
- 10. Securely tighten the valve rod cap to the both service valves.



CAUTION

Should be check the compressor operating condition while pumping down process. It must not any abnormal sound, more vibration. It is abnormal condition appears and must turn off the Air Conditioner immediately.

6-8-4. Labeling

- Equipment shall be labeled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant.
- The label shall be dated and signed.
- Ensure that are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

7. OUTDOOR CONTROL CIRCUIT

7-1. Outline of Main Controls

1. Pulse Modulating Valve (PMV) control

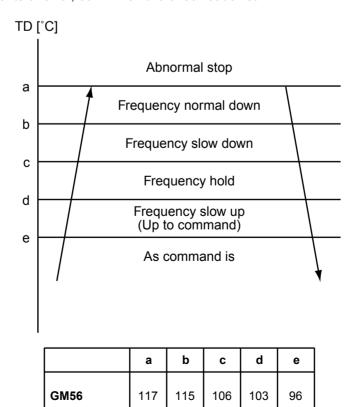
- 1) For PMV withGM56: 50 to 500 pulses during operation, respectively.
- 2) In cooling operation, PMV is controlled with the temperature difference between TS sensor and TC sensor.
- 3) In heating operation, PMV is controlled with the temperature difference between TS sensor and TE sensor.
- 4) For the temperature difference in items 2) and 3), -1 to 5K is aimed as the target in both cooling and heating operations.
- 5) When the cycle excessively rose in both cooling and heating operations, PMV is controlled by TD sensor.
 - The aimed value is usually GM56: 100°C in both cooling and heating operations.

REQUIREMENT

A sensor trouble may cause a liquid back-flow or abnormal overheat resulting in excessive shortening of the compressor life. In a case of trouble on the compressor, be sure to check there is no error in the resistance value and the refrigerating cycle of each sensor after repair and then start the operation.

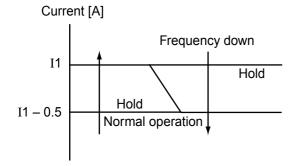
2. Discharge temperature release control

- 1) When the discharge temperature did not fall or the discharge temperature rapidly went up by PMV control, this control lowers the compressor frequency. It subdivides the frequency control up to 0.6Hz to stabilize the cycle.
- 2) When the discharge temperature detected an abnormal stop zone, the compressor stops and then restarts after 2 minutes 30 seconds.
 - The error counting is cleared when the operation continued for 10 minutes. If the error is detected by 4 times without clearing, the error is determined and restarting is not performed.
 - * The cause is considered as excessively little amount of refrigerant, PMV error or clogging of the cycle.
- 3) For displayed contents of error, confirm on the check code list.



3. Current release control

The output frequency and the output voltage are controlled by AC current value detected by current transformer on the outdoor P.C. board so that input current of the inverter does not exceed the specified value.



Madal	GM56			
Model	COOL	HEAT		
I1 value [A]	10.1	12.0		

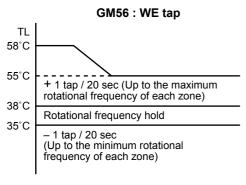
4. Outdoor fan control

Allocations of fan tap revolutions [rpm]

Model	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7	W8	W9	WA	WB	WC	WD	WE	WF
GM56	200	300	350	410	480	500	530	560	640	670	700	750	800	840	950

4-1. Cooling fan control

- 1) An outdoor fan is controlled by TL sensor, TO sensor and compressor frequency. An outdoor fan is controlled at 1-tap interval of DC fan control.
- 2) At the start time, the fan is fixed for 60 seconds only with the maximum fan tap corresponded to the zone in the following table but it is controlled with TL sensor temperature after then.



Temp.	GM56	34.2 Hz or lower		34.2Hz t	o 58.8Hz	58.8Hz or higher		
rango		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
38°C ≤	38°C ≤ TO		WB	W8	WE	WA	WE	
29°C ≤ TO	< 38°C	W5	WA	W7	WE	W9	WE	
15°C ≤ TO	15°C ≤ TO < 29°C		W7	W5	W9	W7	WB	
5°C ≤ TO	< 15°C	W2	W5	W4	W7	W6	W9	
0°C ≤ TO	0°C ≤ TO < 5°C		W3	W3	W5	W4	W7	
-4°C ≤ TC) < 0°C	W1	W2	W2	W4	W3	W5	
TO < -	4°C	OFF	OFF	OFF	W3	W1	W4	
TO eri	ror	OFF	WB	OFF	WE	W1	WE	

4-2. Heating fan control

- 1) An outdoor fan is controlled by TE sensor, TO sensor and compressor frequency. (It is controlled with W1 for minimum and the maximum is controlled according to the following table.)
- 2) At the start time, the fan is fixed for 3 minutes only with the maximum fan tap corresponded to the zone in the following table but it is controlled with TE sensor temperature after then.
- 3) When a status TE ≥ 24°C continues for 5 minutes, the operation stops. In this case, no error display appears and the status is same as the normal thermo-OFF. The can restarts after approx. 2 minutes 30 seconds and this continuous operation is not an error.
- 4) When the above status as 3) occurs frequently, it is considered that filter of the suction part of the indoor unit is dirty. Clean the filter and restart the operation.

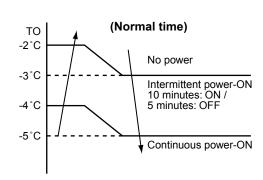
TE	- 2 tap / 20 seconds (up to W1) Stop timer count
	- 2 tap / 20 seconds (up to W1)
21°C	- 1 tap / 20 seconds (up to W1)
18°C	Rotational frequency hold
15°C	+ 1 tap / 20 seconds (up to Max. tap of each zone)

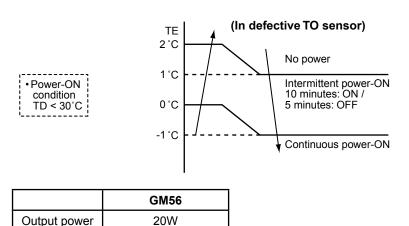
Temp.	GM56	39.0 Hz or lower	39.0Hz to 67.8Hz	67.8Hz or higher	
range		Max.	Max.	Max.	
10°C ≤ TO		W7	W8	W9	
5°C ≤ TO < 10°C		W9	WB	WE	
-3°C ≤ TO < 5°C		WE	WE	WF	
-10°C ≤ TO < -3°C		WF	WF	WF	
TO < -10°C		TO < -10°C WF		WF	
TO e	rror	WF	WF	WF	

5. Coil heating control

- 1) This control function heats the compressor by turning on the stopped compressor instead of a case heater. It purposes to prevent stagnation of the refrigerant inside of the compressor.
- 2) As usual, turn on power of the compressor for the specified time before a test run after installation; otherwise a trouble of the compressor may be caused.
 - As same as a test run, it is recommended to turn on power of the compressor beforehand when starting operation after power of the compressor has been interrupted and left as it is for a long time.
- 3) A judgment for electricity is performed by TD and TO sensors.
 - If TO sensor is defective, a backup control is automatically performed by TE sensor.
 - For a case of defective TO sensor, judge it with outdoor LED display.
- 4) For every model, the power is turned off when TD is 30°C or more.

• Power-ON condition TD<30°C





REQUIREMENT

While heating the coil, the power sound may be heard. However it is not a trouble.

6. Short intermittent operation preventive control

- For 3 to 10 minutes after operation start, in some cases, the compressor does not stop to protect the compressor even if receiving the thermostat-OFF signal from indoor.
 However it is not abnormal status. (The operation continuance differs according to the operation status.)
- 2) When the operation stops by the remote controller, the operation does not continue.

7. Current release value shift control

- This control purposes to prevent troubles of the electronic parts such as the compressor driving elements and the compressor during cooling operation.
- The current release control value (I1) is selected from the following table according to TO sensor value.

Current release control value (I1) [A]

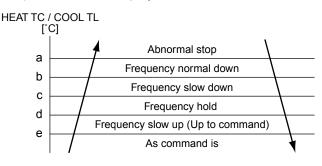
Temperature range	GM56
47°C ≤ TO	4.7
44°C ≤ TO < 47°C	4.7
39°C ≤ TO < 44°C	6.2
TO error	4.7

8. Over-current protective control

- 1) When the over-current protective circuit detected an abnormal current, stop the compressor.
- 2) The compressor restarts after 2 minutes 30 seconds setting [1] as an error count.
- 3) When the error count [8] was found, determine an error and restart operation is not performed.
- 4) For the error display contents, confirm on the check code list.

9. High-pressure release control

- 1) The operation frequency is controlled to restrain abnormal rising of high pressure by TL sensor in cooling operation and TC sensor in heating operation.
- 2) When TL sensor in cooling operation or TC sensor in heating operation detects abnormal temperature of the stop zone, stop the compressor and the error count becomes +1.
- 3) When the compressor stopped with 2), the operation restarts from the point of the normal operation zone (e point or lower) where it returned after 2 minutes 30 seconds.
- 4) The error count when the compressor stopped with 2) is cleared after the operation continued for 10 minutes.
 - If the error count becomes [10] without clearing, the error is determined and reactivation is not performed.
- 5) For the error display contents, confirm on the check code list.



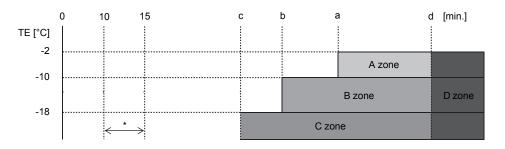
GN IEAT	056 COOL
IEAT	COOL
	COOL
TC	TL
S2°C	63°C
57°C	63°C
55°C	61°C
53°C	59°C
l9°C	55°C
	TC 52°C 57°C 55°C 53°C

roci

10. Defrost control

- ① In heating operation, defrost operation is performed when TE sensor temperature satisfies any condition in A zone to D zone.
- 2 The defrost operation is immediately finished if TE sensor temperature has become 12°C continuing for 3 seconds or more, or it also is finished when condition of 7°C < TE < 12°C has continued for 1 minute. The defrost operation is also finished when defrost operation has continued for 10 minutes even if TE sensor temperature has become 7°C or lower.</p>
- 3 After defrost operation has finished, the compressor and the outdoor fan start heating operation after stopped for approx. 40 seconds.

Start of heating operation



* From 10 minutes to 15 minutes after a heating operation started, the minimum value of TE is stored in memory as TEO and the minimum temperature of TO as ToO.

	At normal TO	At error TO			
A zone	When status of [(TEO – TE) – (ToO – TO) \geq 3°C] continued for 20 seconds	When status of [(TEO – TE) \geq 3°C] continued for 20 seconds			
B zone	When status of [(TEO – TE) – (ToO – TO) ≥ 2°C] continued for 20 seconds	When status of [(TEO – TE) \geq 2°C] continued for 20 seconds			
C zone	When status of [GM56 : TE ≤ − 25°C] continued for 20 seconds				
D zone	When compressor operation status with TE < - 2°C is added by d times				

	GM56
а	43
b	41
С	31
d	90

11. High-pressure switch

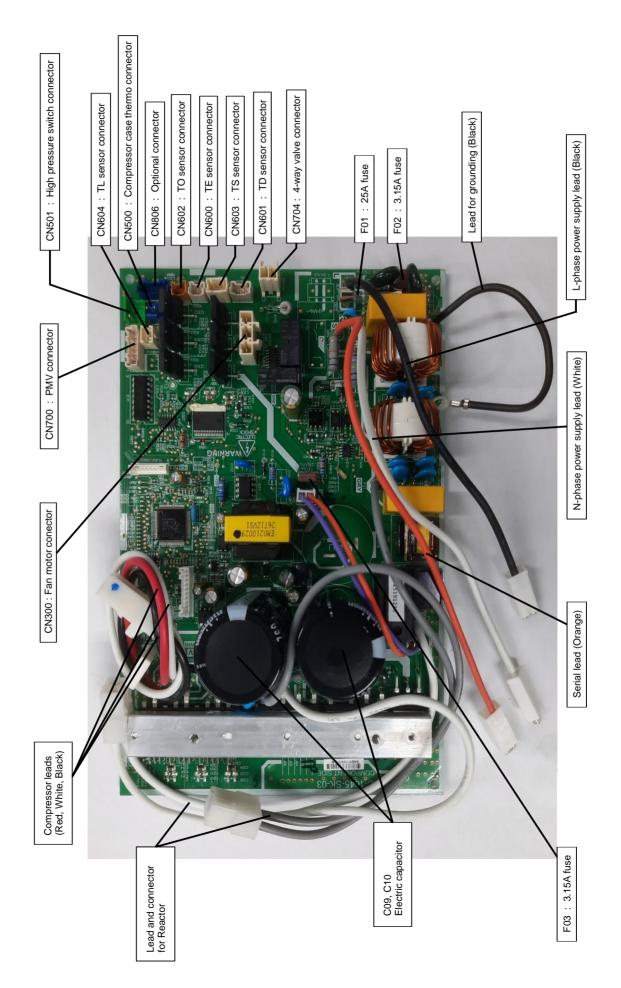
- 1) When the high-pressure switch operates, the operation of the compressor is terminated.
- 2) The compressor restarts after 5 minutes using [1] as an error count.

 After restart, the error count is cleared when operation continues for 10 minutes or more.
- 3) An error is confirmed with the error count [10].
- 4) For the indicated contents of error, confirm using the check code table.

12. Control of compressor case thermo

- 1) The compressor stops when the case thermo of the compressor operated.
- 2) When the case thermo operated for approx. 80 seconds, H04 error code is displayed on the wired remote controller. → Refer to the Check Code.
- 3) When the case thermo is reset, the operation restarts.

7-2. Outdoor Print Circuit Board <MCC-1645>



8. TROUBLESHOOTING

8-1. Summary of Troubleshooting

<Wired remote controller type>

1. Before troubleshooting

- 1) Required tools/instruments
 - ⊕ and ⊝ screwdrivers, spanners, radio cutting pliers, nippers, push pins for reset switch
 - Tester, thermometer, pressure gauge, etc.
- 2) Confirmation the following points before check
 - a) The following operations are normal.
 - 1. Compressor does not operate.
 - When 3-minutes delay (3 minutes after compressor OFF)
 - When the outdoor unit is in standby mode due to the room temperature reached the setup temperature
 - · When the timer is operating
 - · When indoor fan only operation mode
 - · When an overflow error is detected in the indoor unit
 - · When outside high-temperature operation controlled is in heating operation
 - When Thermo-OFF setting by Application Control Kit (TCB-PCOS1E2)
 - 2. Indoor fan does not rotate.
 - · When cool air discharge prevention control is working in heating operation
 - 3. Outdoor fan does not rotate or air volume changes.
 - · When high-temperature release operation control is working in heating operation
 - When outside low-temperature operation control is working in cooling operation
 - · When defrost operation is being performed
 - 4. ON/OFF operation cannot be performed from remote controller.
 - When the control operation is being performed from outside/remote side
 - When automatic address is being set up (When the power is turned on at the first time or when indoor unit address setting is changed, the operation will be performed after power-ON in 5 minutes or before.)
 - · When the test run is being performed by operation of the outdoor controller
- b) Did you return the cabling to the initial positions?
- c) Are indoor unit and remote controller connected correctly?

2. Troubleshooting procedure

When a trouble occurred, check the parts along with the following procedure.



NOTE

Microcomputer misdiagnosis may also be caused by power condition problem and outer noise other than the checked items. If there is any noise source, change the cables of the remote controller to shield cables.

<Wireless remote controller type>

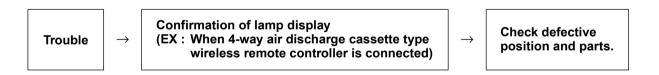
1. Before troubleshooting

- 1) Required tools/instruments
 - \oplus and \ominus screwdrivers, spanners, radio cutting pliers, nippers, etc.
 - · Tester, thermometer, pressure gauge, etc.
- 2) Confirmation the following points before check
 - a) The following operations are normal.
 - 1. Compressor does not operate.
 - When 3-minutes delay (3 minutes after compressor OFF)
 - When the outdoor unit in standby status due to the room temperature reached the setup temperature
 - · When the timer is operating
 - · When indoor fan only operation mode
 - · When an overflow error is detected on the indoor unit
 - When outside high-temperature operation controlled is in heating operation
 - When Thermo-OFF setting by Application Control Kit (TCB-PCOS1E2)
 - 2. Indoor fan does not rotate.
 - Does not cool air discharge preventive control work in heating operation?
 - 3. Outdoor fan does not rotate or air volume changes.
 - When high-temperature release operation control is working in heating operation
 - When outside low-temperature operation control is working in cooling operation
 - When defrost operation is being performed
 - 4. ON/OFF operation cannot be performed from remote controller.
 - · When forced operation is being performed
 - · When the control operation is being performed from outside/remote side
 - · When automatic address being set up
 - When the test run is being performed by operation of the outdoor controller
 - a) Did you return the cabling to the initial positions?
 - b) Are connecting cables between indoor unit and receiving unit correct?

2. Troubleshooting procedure

(When the power is turned on at the first time or when indoor unit address setting is changed, the operation will be performed after power-ON in 5 minutes or before.)

When a trouble occurred, check the parts along with the following procedure.



1) Outline of judgment

The primary judgment to check where a trouble occurred in indoor unit or outdoor unit is performed with the following method.

The errors can be identified by lamp indication of indoor unit (sensors of the receiving unit)

The indoor unit monitors operating status of the air conditioner, and the blocked contents of self-diagnosis are displayed restricted to the following cases if a protective circuit works.

8-2. Troubleshooting

8-2-1. Outline of judgment

The following method can be done to check whether the problem occurred in indoor or outdoor unit. The error is indicated by indication lamp on the display of the indoor unit. (sensors of the receiving part)

The indoor unit monitors the operating status of the air conditioner, and the blocked contents of self-diagnosis are displayed restricted to the following cases if a protective circuit works.

● : OFF, ○ : ON, -ं्- : Flash (0.5 sec.)

Lamp	indicatio	on	Check code	Cause of tro	uble	
•	Operation Timer Ready Mo indication at all		_	Power supply OFF or miswiring between re	ceiving unit and indoor unit	
			E01	Receiving error Receiving unit		
		E02	Conding orror (VIISV	viring or wire connection error veen receiving unit and indoor unit		
Onerstien	Ti	Doody	E03	Communication stop	•	
l ' ,	Timer	Ready	E08	Duplicated indoor unit No.	Setup error	
-'Ç'- Flash		•	E09	Duplicated header units of remote controlle		
Flasii			E10	Communication error between CPUs on ind	oor unit P.C. board	
			E11	Communication error between Application of	control kit and indoor unit P.C. board	
			E18	Wire connection error between indoor units, Indoor power OFF (Communication stop between indoor master and follower or between main and sub indoor twin)		
Operation	Timer	Ready Flash	E04	Miswiring between indoor unit and outdoor (Communication stop between indoor and o		
Operation	Timer -\\\\\-	Ready -\\(\(\)-	P10	Overflow was detected. Protective device	ce of indoor unit worked.	
	Alterna	te flash	P12	Indoor DC fan error		
			P03	Outdoor unit discharge temp. sensor error	J	
			P04	Case thermostat operation, High pressure protective operation, High pressure SW system error, Power supply error, Protective		
			P05	Power supply error	device of outdoor unit	
			P07	Heat sink overheat error	worked.	
Operation	Timer	Ready	P15	Gas leak detection	J	
->	•	-)	P19	4-way valve inverse error (Indoor or outdoo	r unit detected)	
Alte	rnate flas	sh	P20	High pressure protective operation		
			P22	Outdoor unit fan system error	Protective device of outdoor unit	
			P26	Short-circuit of compressor drive element	worked.	
			P29	Position detection circuit error		
		P31	Stopped because of error of other indoor ur (Check codes of E03/L03/L07/L08)	nits in a group		

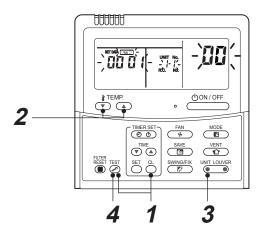
Lamp indication	Check code	Cause of trouble occurre	ence
Operation Timer Read	/ F01	Heat exchanger sensor (TCJ) error	
-ÿÿ- •	F02	Heat exchanger sensor (TC) error Indoor	unit sensor error
Alternate flash	F10	Heat exchanger sensor (TA) error	
	F04	Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error	
	F06	Temp. sensor (TE) error	
Operation Timer Read	, F07	Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL) error	
-\(\doc{\psi}{-}\) -\(\doc{\psi}{-}\)	F08	Outside air temp. sensor (TO) error Se	nsor error of outdoor unit
Alternate flash	F12	Suction temp. sensor (TS) error	
	F13	Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error	
	F15	Miss-mounting of temp. sensor (TE, TS)	
Operation Timer Read	/ F29	Indoor EEPROM error	
Operation Timer Read	/ F31	Outdoor EEPROM error	
Operation Timer Read	, H01	Compressor break down Outdoor comp	ressor system error
• -\(\doc{1}{2}\)-	H02	Compressor lock	
Flash	H03	Outdoor unit current detection circuit error	
	H04	Case thermostat operation	
	L03	Duplicated header indoor units	
Operation Timer Read	/ L07	There is indoor unit of group connection	O address group construction and
	L08	I Insetting of group address	dress are not normal wer supply turned on,
Simultaneous flash	L09	Missed setting au	tomatically goes to dress setup mode.
Operation Timer Read	/ L10	Outdoor unit unset model type of service P.C. boa	ard
	L20	Duplicated indoor central addresses	
Simultaneous flash	L29	Outdoor P.C. board part error was detected (EEP sensor (TH) error) Outdoor unit unset model type of service P.C. boa Outdoor Heat sink overheat error, Gas leak detecteror.	ard.
	L30	Outside interlock error	

8-2-2. Others (Other than Check Code)

Lam	Lamp indication Check code		Check code	Cause of trouble occurrence
Operation Simu	Timer -\overline- taneous	Ready flash		During test run
Operation	Timer	Ready 		Disagreement of cool/heat (Automatic cool/heat prohibited model, or setting of heating to cooling-only model)

8-2-3. Monitoring function of wired remote controller

<RBC-AMT***>

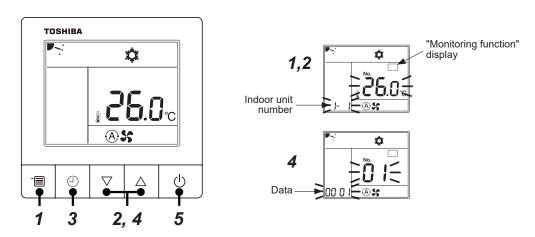


Content

Enter the service monitoring mode using the remote controller to check the sensor temperature or operation status of the remote controller, indoor unit, and outdoor unit.

- **1** Push and hold the ♠ , and ♠ for 4 seconds or longer to enter the service monitoring mode.
 - The service monitor lights up. The CODE No. 22 appears at first.
- 2 Push the 📆 button to change to CODE No. of the item to monitor. Refer to the next page for CODE No.
- 3 Push the left part of the button (left side of the button) to change to the item to monitor. Monitor the sensor temperature or operation status of the indoor unit and outdoor unit in the refrigerant line.
- **4** Push the button to return the display to normal.

<RBC-ASCU11-*>



- **1** Push the [menu] button for over 10 seconds. "Monitoring function" is displayed on a screen.
- **2** Every pushing [∇ or \triangle] buttons, the indoor unit numbers in group control are displayed successively.
- 3 Push the [OFF timer] button to confirm the selected indoor unit.
- 4 Every pushing [∇ or \triangle] buttons, CODE No. of the item is changed successively.
- **5** After you have finished checking, push the [ON/OFF] button, return to normal mode.

	CODE No.	Data name	Unit		
	01	Room temperature (Remote controller)	°C		
a	02	Indoor suction temperature (TA)	°C		
Indoor unit data	03	Indoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TCJ)	°C		
or un	Indoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TC)				
윧	07	Indoor fan revolution frequency	rpm		
-	F2	Indoor fan calculated operation time	×100h		
	F3	Filter sign time	×1h		
	F8	Indoor discharge temperature*1	°C		
		(4-way only)			

	CODE No.	Data name	Unit
	60	Outdoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TE)	°C
	61	Outside temperature (TO)	°C
ata	62	Compressor discharge temperature (TD)	°C
unit data	63	Compressor suction temperature (TS)	°C
'n	65	Heat sink temperature (TH)	°C
ğ	6A	Operation current (× 1/10)	Α
Outdoor	6D	Outdoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TL)	°C
ŏ	70	Compressor operation frequency	rps
	72	Outdoor fan revolution frequency (Lower)	rpm
	73	Outdoor fan revolution frequency (Upper)	rpm
	F1	Compressor calculated operation time	×100h

- The indoor discharge temperature of CODE No. [F8] is the estimated value from TC or TCJ sensor.
 Use this value to check discharge temperature at test run.
 (A discharge temperature sensor is not provided to this model.)
- The data value of each item is not the real time, but value delayed by a few seconds to ten-odd seconds.

8-2-4. Check Code List (Outdoor)

								,
Central	Remote						Oit caretin	acitorod
Control indication	Controller indication	Block indication Operation Timer Ready	Flash	Defected position	Detection	Explanation of error contents	Automatic Reset	continuation
19	F04	0 0	ALT	Outdoor unit Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error	Outdoor	Disconnection, short of discharge temp. sensor (TD) was detected	×	×
8	F06	0	ALT	ALT Outdoor unit heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error	Outdoor	Disconnection, short of outdoor unit heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) was detected.	×	×
\$	F07	0	ALT	Outdoor unit Heat exchanger t temp. sensor (TL) error	Outdoor	Disconnection, short of outside heat exchanger temp. Sensor (TL) was detected.	×	×
4	F08	0	ALT	Outdoor unit Outside air temp. sensor (TO) error	Outdoor	Disconnection, short of outside air temp. Sensor (TO) was detected.	0	0
82	F12	0	ALT	Outdoor unit Suction temp. sensor (TS) error	Outdoor	Disconnection, short of suction temp. Sensor (TS) was detected.	×	×
43	F13	0	ALT	ALT Outdoor unit Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error	Outdoor	Disconnection, short of heat sink temp. Sensor (TH) (P.C. board installed) was detected.	×	×
8	F15	0 0	ALT	Outdoor unit Miss-mounting of temp. sensor (TE, TS)	Outdoor	Miss-mounting of outdoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) and suction temp. sensor(TS) was detected.	×	×
#	H01	• ©		Outdoor unit Compressor break down	Outdoor	Reached release point at min-Hz during compressor operating. Short-circuited current (Idc) was detected after DC excitation.	×	×
19	H02	• ©		Outdoor unit Compressor lock	Outdoor	Compressor lock was detected.	×	×
17	H03	• ©		Outdoor unit Current detection circuit error	Outdoor	Current detection circuit error.	×	×
4	H04	• ©		Outdoor unit case thermostat operated	Outdoor	Case thermostat operated.	×	×
88	L10	0 0	SIM	_	Outdoor	When outdoor service P.C. board was used, model type select jumper setting was inappropriate.	×	×
10	L29	© ○ ©	SIM	Outdoor unit error	Outdoor	Outdoor P.C. board part error was detected (EEPROM error, Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error) Outdoor unit Unset model type of service P.C. board. Outdoor Heat sink overheat error, Gas leak detection, or 4-way valve system error.	×	×
1	P03		ALT	Outdoor unit Discharge temp. error	Outdoor	Error was detected by discharge temp, release control.	×	×
21	P04	<!--</td--><td>ALT</td><td>ALT Outdoor unit High pressure SW system error</td><td>Outdoor</td><td>High pressure protection switch operated.</td><td>×</td><td>×</td>	ALT	ALT Outdoor unit High pressure SW system error	Outdoor	High pressure protection switch operated.	×	×
AF	P05	<!--</td--><td>ALT</td><td>Power supply error</td><td>Outdoor</td><td>Power supply voltage error.</td><td>×</td><td>×</td>	ALT	Power supply error	Outdoor	Power supply voltage error.	×	×
5	P07	<!--</td--><td>ALT</td><td>ALT Outdoor unit Heat sink overheat error</td><td>Outdoor</td><td>Abnormal overheat was detected by outdoor heat sink temp. sensor (TH).</td><td>×</td><td>×</td>	ALT	ALT Outdoor unit Heat sink overheat error	Outdoor	Abnormal overheat was detected by outdoor heat sink temp. sensor (TH).	×	×
ĄĘ	P15	<!--</td--><td>ALT</td><td>ALT Gas leak detection</td><td>Outdoor</td><td>Abnormal overheat of discharge temp. sensor (TD) or suction temp. sensor (TS) was detected.</td><td>×</td><td>×</td>	ALT	ALT Gas leak detection	Outdoor	Abnormal overheat of discharge temp. sensor (TD) or suction temp. sensor (TS) was detected.	×	×
22	P20		ALT	Outdoor High pressure protective operation	Outdoor	Error was detected by high pressure release control from indoor / outdoor heat exchanger temp. sensor.	×	×
14	P22	<!--</td--><td>ALT</td><td>ALT Outdoor unit Outdoor fan system error</td><td>Outdoor</td><td>Error (Over-current, lock, etc.) was detected on outdoor fan drive circuit.</td><td>×</td><td>×</td>	ALT	ALT Outdoor unit Outdoor fan system error	Outdoor	Error (Over-current, lock, etc.) was detected on outdoor fan drive circuit.	×	×
14	P26		ALT	Outdoor unit Short-circuit of compressor drive element	Outdoor	Short-circuited protective operation of compressor drive circuit element (G-Tr / IGBT) operated.	×	×
16	P29	<!--</td--><td>ALT</td><td>ALT Outdoor unit Position detection circuit error</td><td>Outdoor</td><td>Position detection error of compressor motor was detected.</td><td>×</td><td>×</td>	ALT	ALT Outdoor unit Position detection circuit error	Outdoor	Position detection error of compressor motor was detected.	×	×
26	E01	• •		No remote controller master unit Remote controller communication error	Remote controller	Signal was not received from indoor unit. Main remote controller was not set. (including 2 remote controllers)	1	ı
ı	E02	•		Remote controller send error	Remote controller	Signal cannot be sent to indoor unit.	ı	ı
26	E03	•		Regular communication error between indoor and remote controller	Indoor	No communication from remote controller and network adapter	0	×
8	E04			Indoor/Outdoor serial error	Indoor	Serial communication error between indoor and outdoor	0	×
96	E08	•		Duplicated indoor addresses ⇔	Indoor	Same address as yours was detected.	0	×
66	E09	•		Duplicated main remote controllers	Remote controller	In 2-remote controller control, both were set as master. (Indoor master unit stops warning and follower unit continues operation.)	×	×
P.	E10	•		Communication error between CPU	Indoor	MCU communication error between main motor and micro computer	0	◁

Central	Remote	Sensor lamp part	T.				:	:
Control	Controller	Block indication	_	Defected position	Detection	Explanation of error contents	Automatic	Automatic Operation
Indication	Indication	Operation Timer Ready Flash	Flash					
4B	E11			Communication error between Application control kit and indoor unit	Indoor	Indoor Communication error between Application control kit and indoor unit P.C. board	0	×
92,99	E18			Regular communication error between master and follower indoor units	Indoor	Regular communication cannot be performed between master and follower indoor units. Communication between twin master (Main unit) and follower (sub unit) cannot be performed.	0	×
96	F03	<!--</td--><td>SIM</td><td>SIM Duplicated indoor master units</td><td>Indoor</td><td>Indoor There are multiple master units in a group.</td><td>×</td><td>×</td>	SIM	SIM Duplicated indoor master units	Indoor	Indoor There are multiple master units in a group.	×	×
66	L07	 	SIM	SIM There is group cable in individual indoor unit.	Indoor	When even one group connection indoor unit exists in individual indoor unit	×	×
66	807	0 • 0	SIM	SIM Unset indoor group address	Indoor	Indoor address group was unset.	×	×
46	607	•	SIM	SIM Unset indoor capacity	Indoor	Indoor Capacity of indoor unit was unset.	×	×
99	087	0 0	SIM	SIM Outside error input to indoor unit (Interlock)	Indoor	Indoor Abnormal stop by CN80 outside error input	×	×
80	P19		ALT	ALT 4-way valve inverse error	Indoor In heatin Outdoor TE, TS.	Indoor In heating operation, error was detected by temp. down of indoor heat exchanger or temp. up of Dutdoor TE, TS.	0	×

When this warning was detected before group construction/address check finish at power supply was turned on, the mode shifts automatically to AUTO address setup mode.

Error mode detected by indoor unit

	Operation of diagnostic	c function		
Check code	Cause of errors	Status of air conditioner	Condition	Judgment and measures
	No communication from remote	Stop	Displayed when	Check cables of remote controller and communication adapters.
E03	controller (including wireless) and communication adapter	(Automatically reset)	error is detected	Remote controller LCD display OFF (Disconnection) Central remote controller [97] check code
E04	The serial signal is not output from outdoor unit to indoor unit. Miswiring of inter-unit wire Defective serial sending circuit on outdoor P.C. board Defective serial receiving circuit on indoor P.C. board	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Outdoor unit does not completely operate. Inter-unit wire check, correction of misswiring Check outdoor P.C. board. Correct wiring of P.C. board. When outdoor unit normally operates Check P.C. board (Indoor receiving / Outdoor sending).
E08	Duplicated indoor unit address			1. Check whether remote controller connection (Group/Individual) was changed or not after power supply turned on
L03	Duplicated indoor master unit	-	Displayed when	(Finish of group construction/Address check). * If group construction and address are not normal when the
L07	There is group wire in individual indoor unit.	Stop	error is detected	power has been turned on, the mode automatically shifts to address setup mode. (Resetting of address)
L08	Unset indoor group address			
L09	Unset indoor capacity	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Set indoor capacity (CODE No. (DN) = 11)
L30	Abnormal input of outside interlock	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check outside devices. Check indoor P.C. board.
P10	Float switch operation •Float circuit, Disconnection, Coming-off, Float switch contact error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Trouble of drain pump Clogging of drain pump Check float switch. Check indoor P.C. board. Check Application control kit of indoor unit
P12	Indoor DC fan error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Position detection error Over-current protective circuit of indoor fan driving unit operated. Indoor fan locked. Check indoor P.C. board.
P19	4-way valve system error • After heating operation has started, indoor heat exchangers temp. is down.	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check 4-way valve. Check PMV Check indoor heat exchanger (TC/TCJ). Check indoor P.C. board.
P31	Own unit stops while warning is output to other indoor units.	Stop (Follower unit) (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Judge follower unit while header unit is [E03], [L03], [L07] or [L08]. Check indoor P.C. board.
F01	Coming-off, disconnection or short of indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TCJ)	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TCJ). Check indoor P.C. board.
F02	Coming-off, disconnection or short of indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TC)	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	 Check indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TC). Check indoor P.C. board.
F10	Coming-off, disconnection or short of indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TA)	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TA). Check indoor P.C. board.
F29	Indoor EEPROM error • EEPROM access error	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check indoor EEPROM. (including socket insertion) Check indoor P.C. board.
E10	Communication error between indoor MCU • Communication error between fan driving MCU and main MCU	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check indoor P.C. board.
E11	Communication error between Application and indoor unit	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check power supply / communication harness Check indoor P.C. board
E18	Regular communication error between indoor master and follower units and between main and sub units	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check remote controller wiring. Check indoor power supply wiring. Check indoor P.C. board.

Error mode detected by outdoor unit

Operation of diagnostic function				
Check code Indoor unit	Cause of errors	Status of air conditioner	Condition	Judgment and measures
F04	Disconnection, short of discharge temp. sensor (TD)	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check discharge temp. sensor (TD). Check outdoor P.C. board
F06	Disconnection, short of heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE)	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE). Check outdoor P.C. board .
F07	Disconnection, short of heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL)	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL). Check outdoor P.C. board .
F12	Disconnection, short of suction temp. sensor (TS)	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check suction temp. sensor (TS). Check outdoor P.C. board.
F15	Miss-mounting of outdoor temp. sensor (TE, TS)	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check temp. sensor (TE, TS). Check outdoor P.C. board.
F08	Disconnection, short of outside air temp. sensor (TO)	Continue	Displayed when error is detected	Check outside air temp. sensor (TO). Check outdoor P.C. board.
F13	Disconnection, short of heat sink temp. sensor (TH)	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	1. Check outdoor P.C. board
F31	Outdoor EEPROM error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	1. Check outdoor P.C. board.
L10	Unset model type of service P.C. board	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Outdoor service P.C. board. Check model type setting jumper wire.
P07	Heat sink overheat error * Heat sink temp. sensor detected over specified temperature.	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check screw tightening between P.C. board and heat sink and check radiator grease. Check heat sink blast path.
P15	Detection of gas leak * Discharge temp. sensor (TD), Suction temp. sensor (TS) detected temperature over specified temp.	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check gas leak, recharge Check full open of service valve. Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve). Check broken pipe. Check discharge temp. sensor (TD), suction temp. sensor (TS).
P19	4-way valve inverse error * After heating operation has started, indoor heat exchanger temp. drops under the specified temp. * After heating operation has started, outdoor heat exchanger / suction temp. rises over the specified temp.	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check operation of 4-way valve. Check outdoor heat exchanger (TE), suction temp. sensor (TS). Check indoor heat exchanger sensor (TC). Check 4-way valve coil. Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve).
H01	Compressor break down * Although operation has started, operation frequency decreases and operation stops.	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check power supply voltage. (50 Hz : AC 198 to 264 V 60 Hz : AC 198 to 242 V) Overload operation of refrigerating cycle
H02	Compressor lock * Over-current detection after compressor start-up	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Compressor problem (Lock, etc.): Replace compressor Compressor wiring error (Open phase)

	Operation of diagnostic fu	nction		
Check code Indoor unit	Cause of errors	Status of air conditioner	Condition	Judgment and measures
H03	Current detection circuit error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check outdoor P.C. board. (AC current detection circuit)
H04	Case thermostat operation *Abnormal overheat of compressor	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check case thermostat and its connector Check gas leak, recharge Check full open of service valve Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve) Check broken pipe
P03	Discharge temp. error * Discharge temp. (TD) over specified value was detected.	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check refrigerating cycle (Gas leak) Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve) Check discharge temp. sensor (TD).
P04	High pressure SW system error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	1. Check service valves are fully opened. (Gas side, Liquid side) 2. Check outdoor fan operation. 3. Check motor error of outdoor fan. 4. Check clogging of outdoor PMV. 5. Check clogging of heat exchanger in indoor/outdoor units. 6. Short-circuit of suction/discharge air in outdoor unit. 7. Check outdoor P.C. board error. 8. Check fan system error (Cause of air volume drop) at indoor side. 9. Check PMV opening status in indoor unit.
P05	Power supply voltage error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check power supply voltage. 50 Hz : AC 198 to 264 V, 60 Hz : AC 198 to 242 V
P20	High pressure protective operation • During cooling operation, outdoor temp. sensor (TL) detected temperature over specified temp. • During heating operation, indoor temp. sensor (TC, TCJ) detected temperature over specified temp.	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TL). Check indoor heat exchanger sensor (TC, TCJ). Check full open of service valve. Check indoor/outdoor fan. Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve). Check clogging and short circuit of indoor/outdoor heat exchanger. Overcharge of refrigerant. Recharge
P22	Outdoor fan system error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	1. Check lock of fan motor. 2. Check power supply voltage. 50 Hz: AC 198 to 264 V, 60 Hz: AC 198 to 242 V 3. Check outdoor P.C. board.
P26	Short-circuit error of compressor driving element	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	When performing operation while taking-off compressor wire. If P26 error occurs, check control P.C. board. When performing operation while taking-off compressor wire. If an error does not occurs, compressor is layer short.
P29	Position detection circuit error	Stop	Displayed when error is detected	Check control P.C. board.

Error mode detected by remote controller or central controller (TCC-LINK)

	Operation of diagnostic fur	nction		
Check code	Cause of errors	Status of air conditioner	Condition	Judgment and measures
Not displayed at all (Operation on remote controller cannot be operated.)	No communication with master indoor unit Remote controller wiring is not correct. Power of indoor unit is not turned on. Automatic address cannot be completed.	Stop	_	Power supply error of remote controller, Indoor EEPROM error 1. Check remote controller inter-unit wiring. 2. Check remote controller. 3. Check indoor power wiring. 4. Check indoor P.C. board. 5. Check indoor EEPROM. (including socket insertion) → Automatic address repeating phenomenon generates.
E01 *1	No communication with master indoor unit Disconnection of inter-unit wire between remote controller and master indoor unit (Detected by remote controller side)	Stop (Automatically reset) * If center exists, operation continues.	Displayed when error is detected	Receiving error from remote controller 1. Check remote controller inter-unit wiring. 2. Check remote controller. 3. Check indoor power wiring. 4. Check indoor P.C. board.
E02	Signal send error to indoor unit (Detected by remote controller side)	Stop (Automatically reset) * If center exists, operation continues.	Displayed when error is detected	Error sending of remote controller 1. Check sending circuit inside the remote controller. → Replace remote controller.
E09	There are multiple main remote controllers. (Detected by remote controller side)	Stop (Sub unit continues operation.)	Displayed when error is detected	In 2-remote controllers (including wireless), there are multiple main units. Check that there are 1 main remote controller and other sub remote controllers.
L20 Central controller L20	Duplicated indoor central addresses on communication of central control system (Detected by indoor/central controller side)	Stop (Automatically reset)	Displayed when error is detected	Check setting of central control system network address. (Network adapter SW01) Check network adapter P.C. board.
	Communication circuit error of central control system (Detected by central controller side)	Continues (By remote controller)	Displayed when error is detected	Check communication wire / miswiring Check communication (U3, U4 terminals) Check network adapter P.C. board. Check central controller (such as central control remote controller, etc.) Check terminal resistance. (TCC-LINK)
Central controller	Indoor Gr sub unit error (Detected by central controller side)	Continuation/Stop (According to each case)	Displayed when error is detected	Check the check code of the corresponding unit from remote controller.

- *1 The check code cannot be displayed by the wired remote controller. (Usual operation of air conditioner becomes unavailable.)

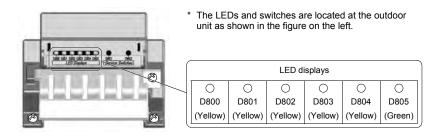
 For the wireless models, an error is notified by indication lamp.
- *2 This trouble is related to communication of remote controller (A, B), central system (TCC-LINK U3, U4), and [E01], [E02], [E03], [E09] or [E18] is displayed or no check display on the remote controller according to the contents.

Contents Error Display

- * When the errors were overlapped, the latest error is displayed.
- * When D800 to D804 are slowly flashing or D805 is flashing, push and hold SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for 5 seconds or more. The error display changes to the error which is generated.

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

		Object and			LED d	isplay		
No.	Error	Check code [Wired remote controller]	D800 (Yellow)	D801 (Yellow)	D802 (Yellow)	D803 (Yellow)	D804 (Yellow)	D805 (Green)
1	Normal	_	•	•	•	•	•	0
2	Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error	F04	0	•	•	•	•	0
3	Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error	F06	•	0	•	•	•	0
4	Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL) error	F07	0	0	•	•	•	0
5	Outside air temp. sensor (TO) error	F08	•	•	0	•	•	0
6	Suction temp. sensor (TS) error	F12	0	•	0	•	•	0
7	Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error	F13	•	0	0	•	•	0
8	Miss-mounting of outdoor temp. sensor (TE, TS)	F15	0	0	0	•	•	0
9	EEPROM error	F31	•	0	•	0	•	0
10	Compressor break down	H01	0	0	•	0	•	0
11	Compressor lock	H02	•	•	0	0	•	0
12	Current detection circuit error	H03	0	•	0	0	•	0
13	Case thermostat operation	H04	•	0	0	0	•	0
14	Unset model type of P.C.board	L10	•	•	•	•	0	0
15	Discharge temp. error	P03	•	0	•	•	0	0
16	High pressure SW system error	P04	0	0	•	•	0	0
17	Power supply error	P05	•	•	0	•	0	0
18	Heat sink overheat error	P07	•	0	0	•	0	0
19	Gas leak detection	P15	0	0	0	•	0	0
20	4-way valve inverse error	P19	•	•	•	0	0	0
21	High pressure protective operation	P20	0	•	•	0	0	0
22	Fan system error	P22	•	0	•	0	0	0
23	Short-circuit of compressor drive element	P26	0	0	•	0	0	0
24	Position detection circuit error	P29	•	•	0	0	0	0
25	Others (continuously operate)	-	0	•	0	0	0	0



8-2-5. Diagnostic Procedure for Each Check Code (Outdoor Unit)

- 1) This section describes the diagnostic method for each check code displayed on the wired remote controller.
- In some cases, a check code indicates multiple symptoms.
 In this case, confirm LED display on the outdoor unit to narrow the contents to be confirmed.
- 3) The check code on the wired remote controller is displayed only when the same error occurred continuously by multiple times while LED of the outdoor unit displays even an error which occurred once.
 Therefore the display on the wired remote controller may differ from that of LED.

LED display on outdoor unit

Operation method of the service SW

[Display of error which is generating]

 When even one of D800 to D804 rapid flashing, it indicates that an error occurred. When D800 to D801 indicate slow flashing or when D805 flashes, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. The error display exchanges to display of the error under occurrence at present.

[Example of discharge temp. sensor error] (No error)

•	•	•	•	•	0
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Green)

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

(Error occurred)

0	•	•	•	•	0
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Green)

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

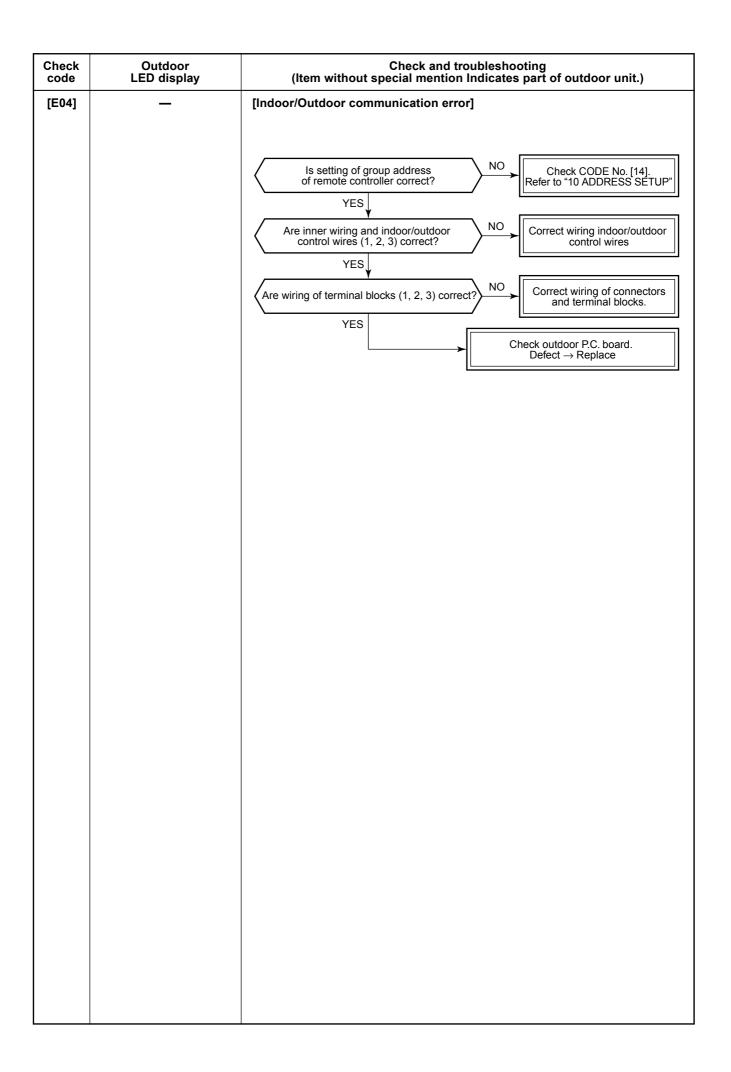
Display of the latest error

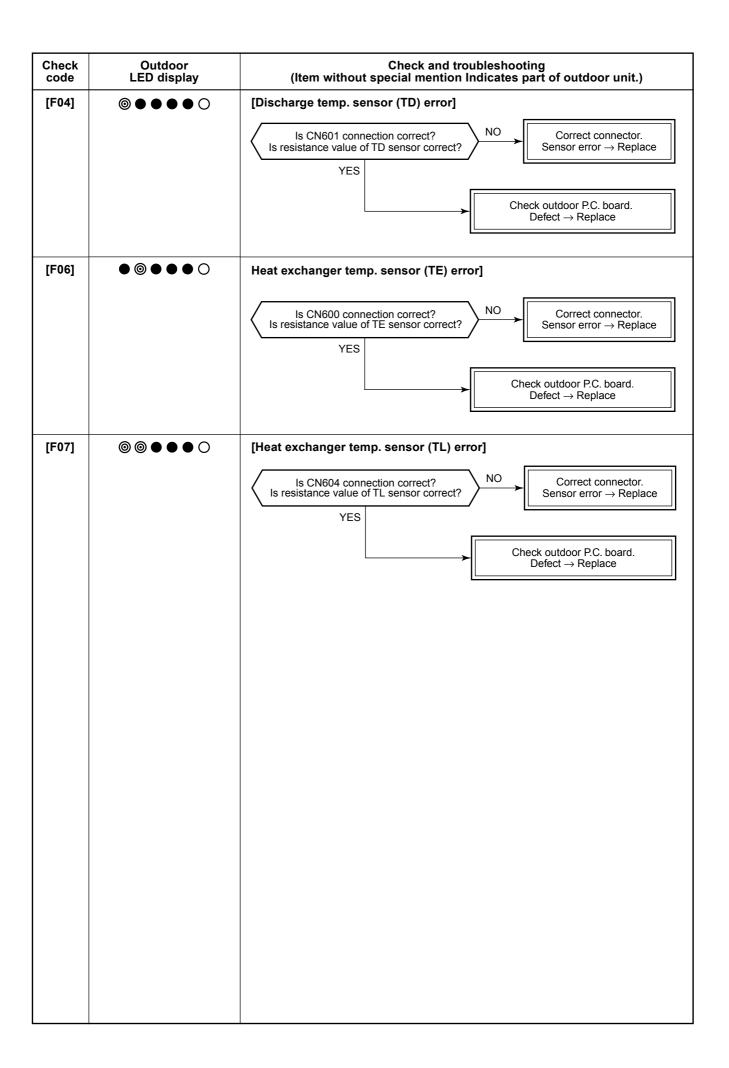
- The latest error is displayed by the following action.
 As the memory is kept, it is confirmed even after the power supply was turned off once. (Except outside air temp. sensor (TO) error)
- 1) Check D800 to D804 are turned off (or rapid flashing) and D805 is turned on. When D800 to D804 are slowly flashing or D805 flashes, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. D800 to D804 will be turned off (or rapid flashing) and D805 flashes.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing.
- 3) Push SW01 several times and change LED display (D800 to D804) to [Display of latest error (Including the present error)].
- 4) Push SW02. The latest error is displayed.
- 5) When finishing the work, be sure to execute item 1) to return LED to the initial status (Display of on occurring error).

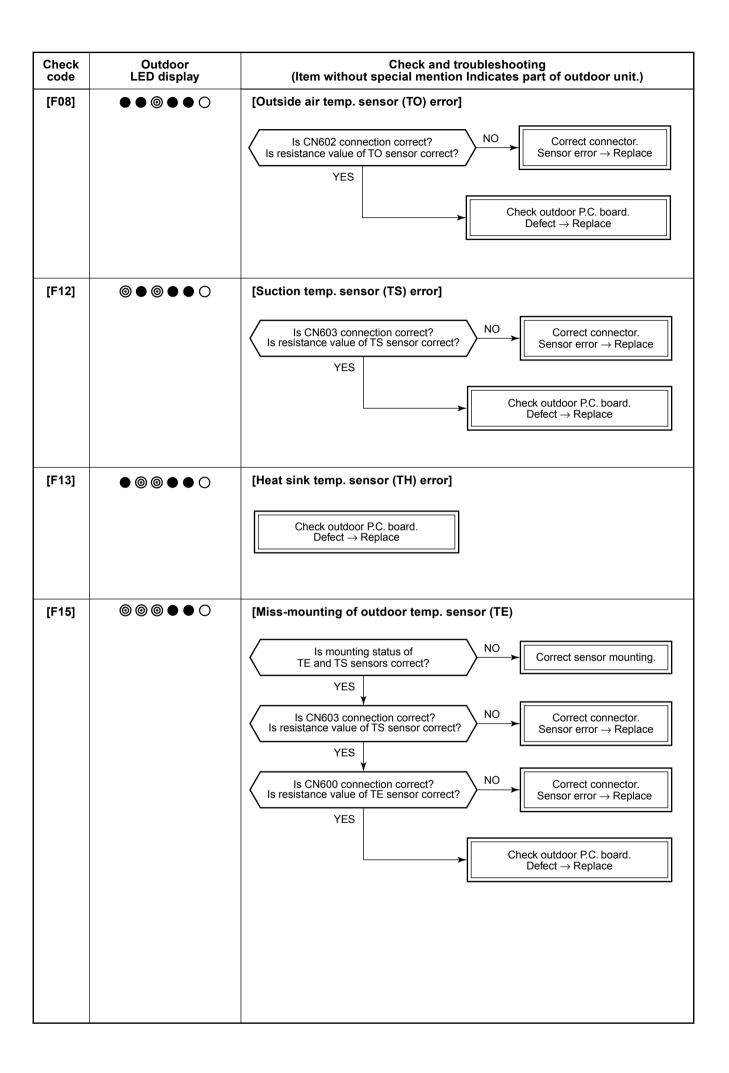
Display of latest error (Including the present error)

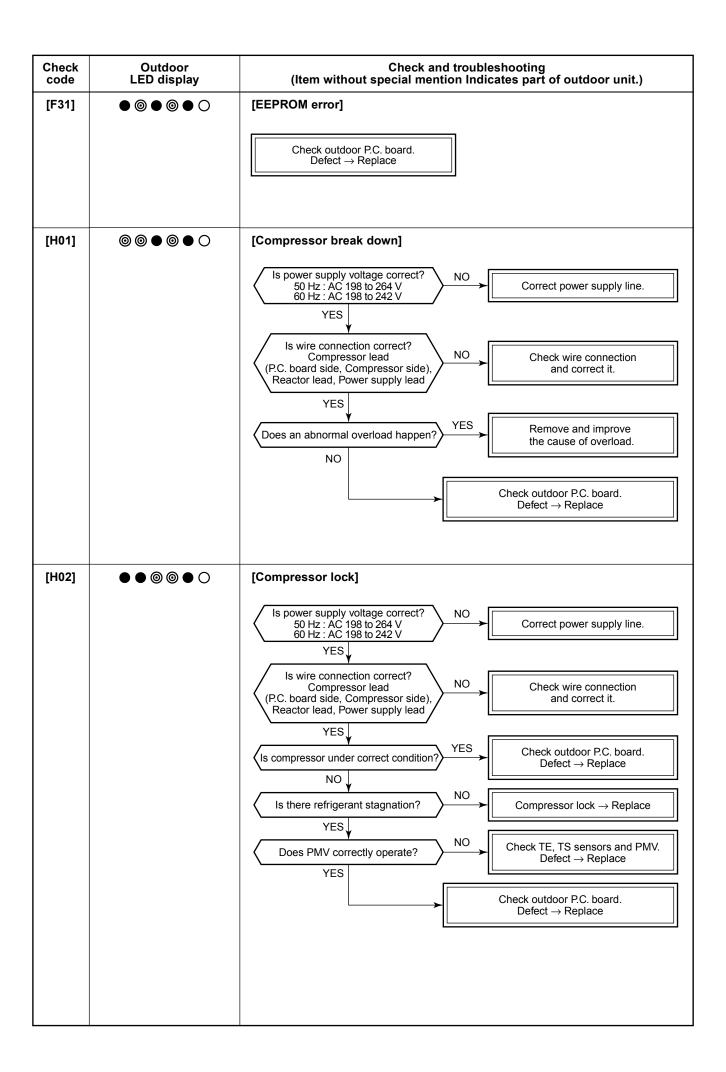
0	•	•	•	•	0
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Yellow)	(Green)

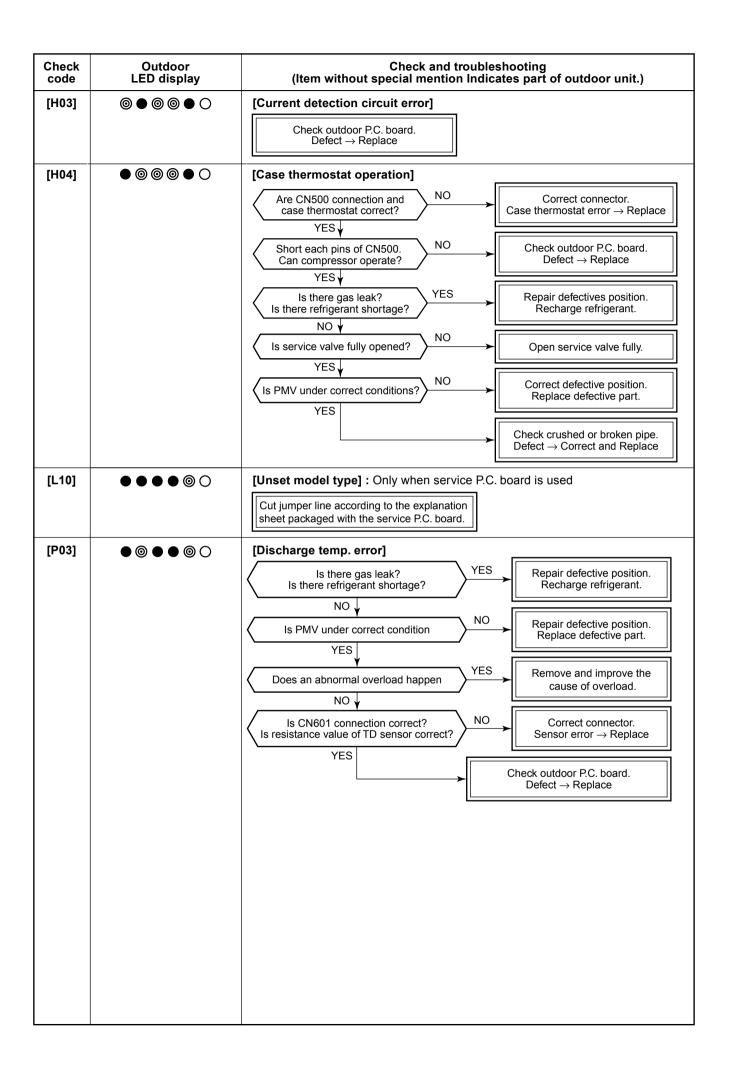
○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

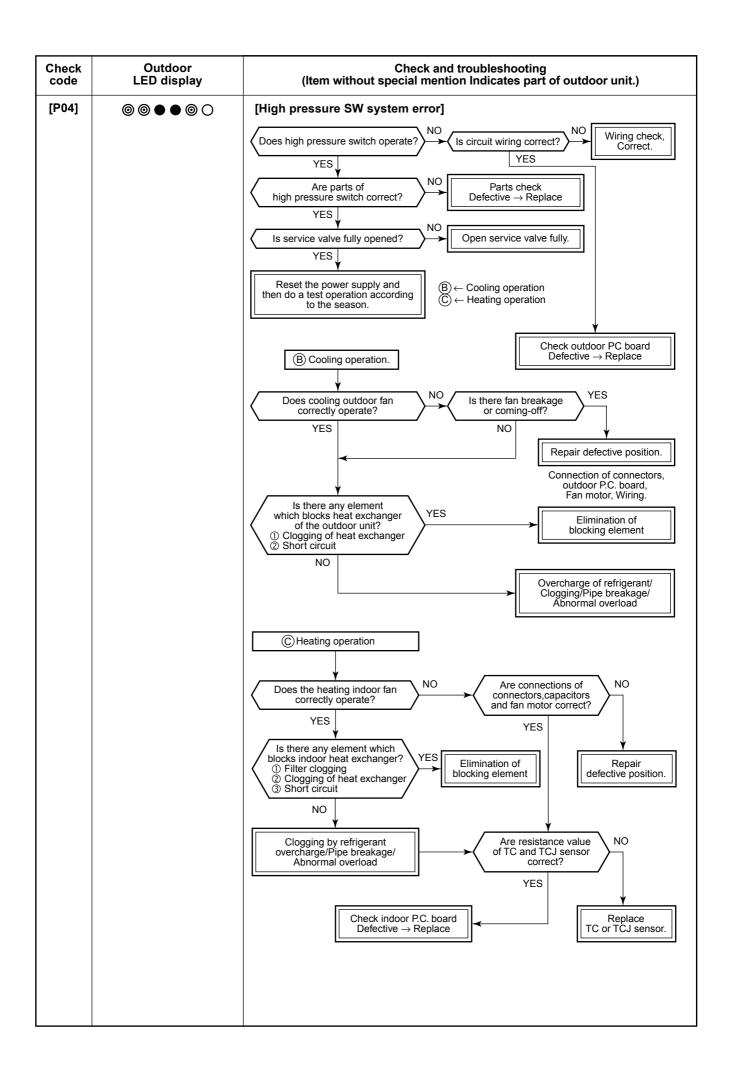


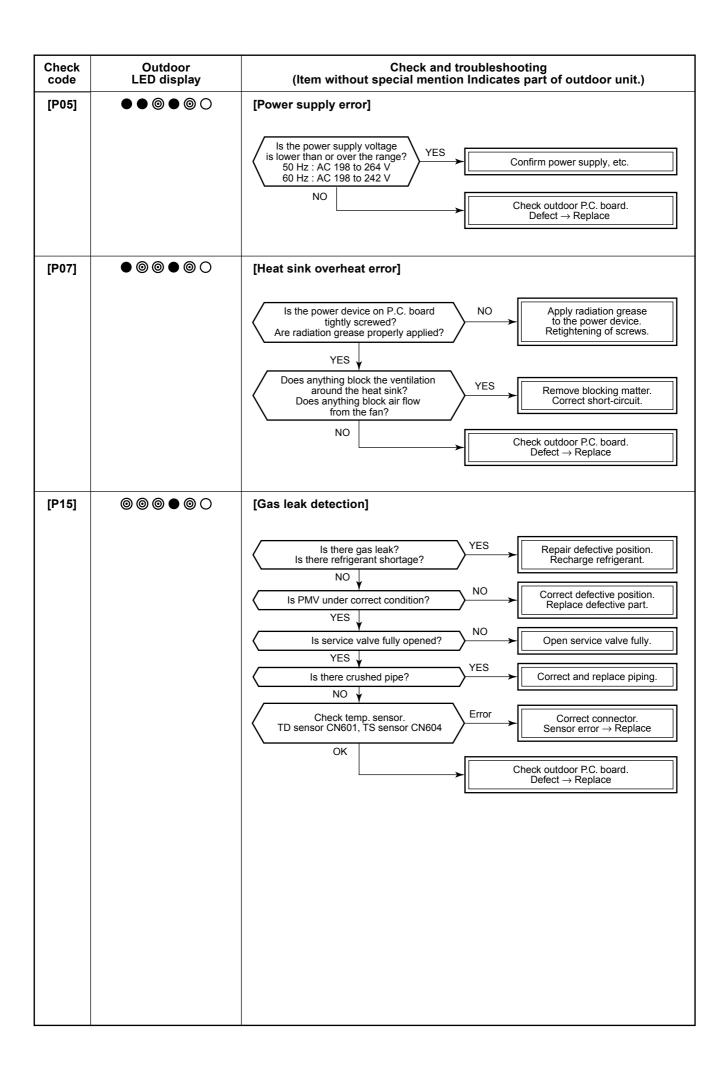


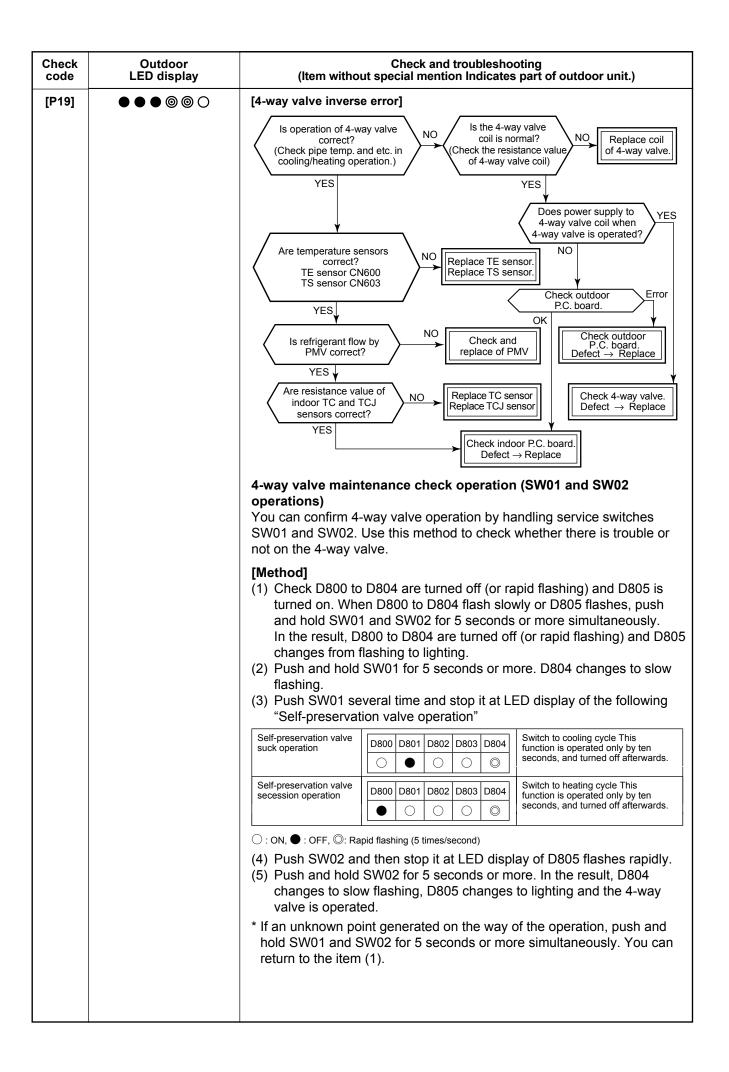


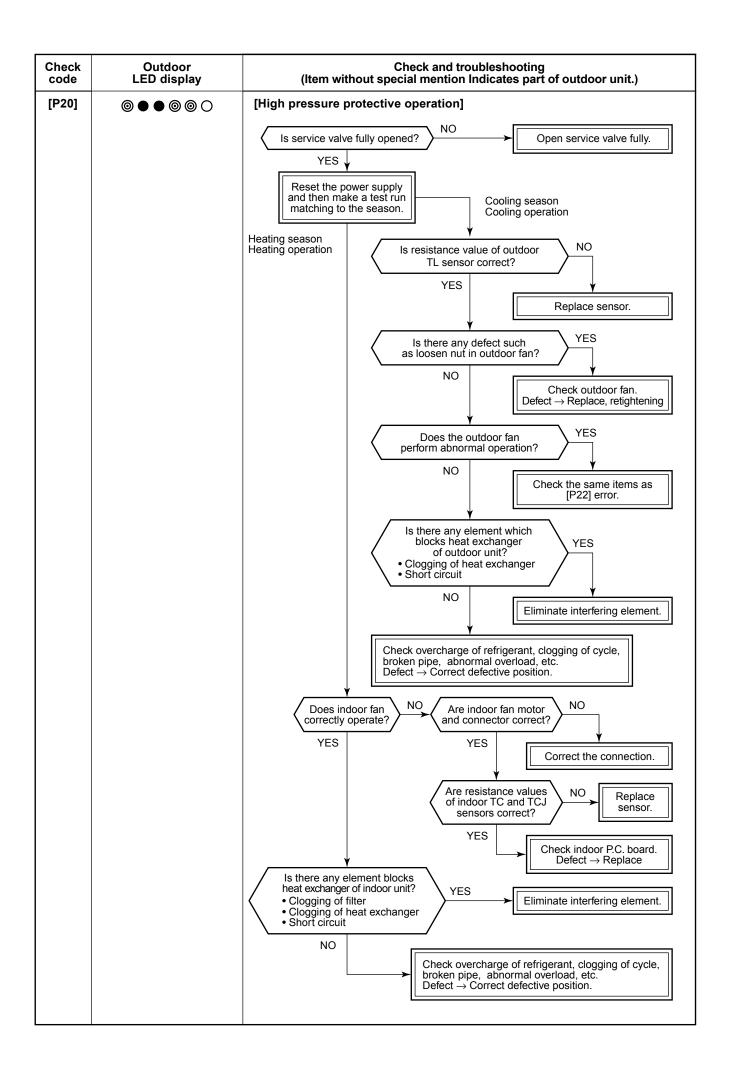


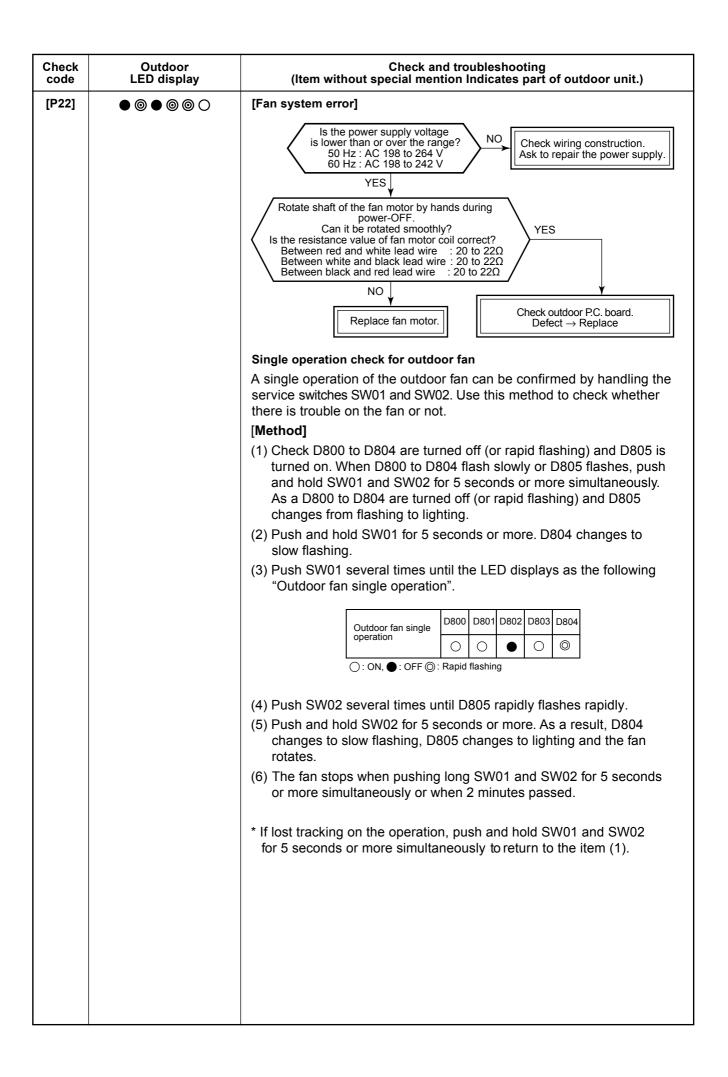


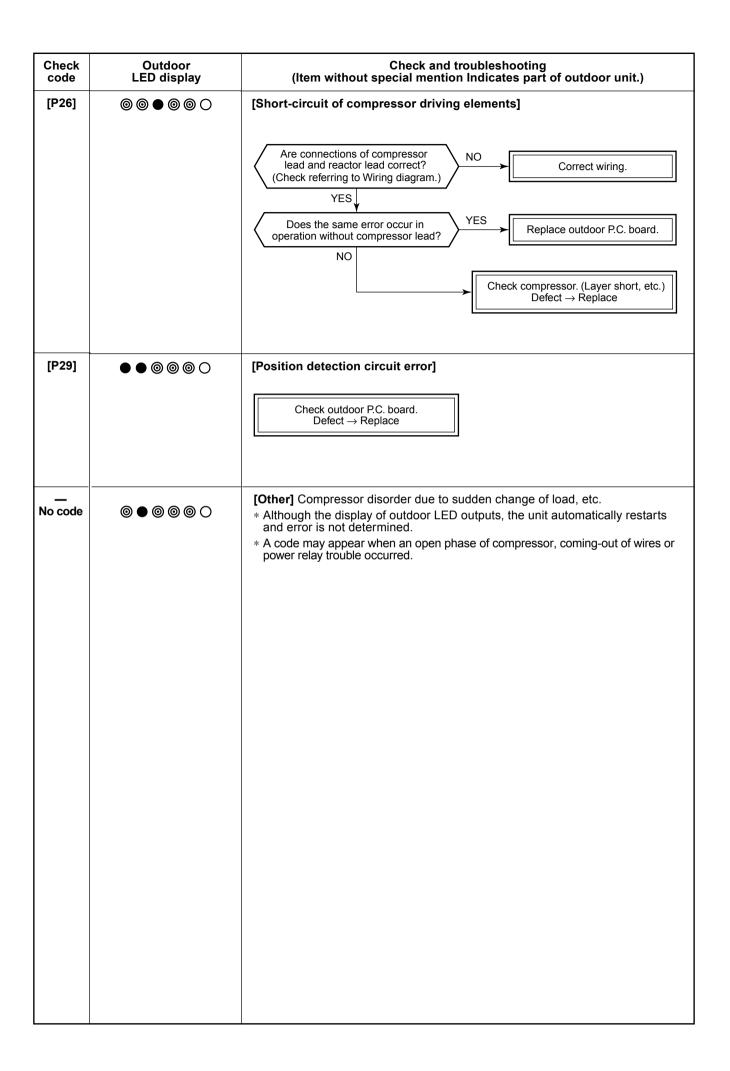












8-2-5. Diagnostic Procedure for Each Check Code (Outdoor Unit)

Temperature sensor

<u>Temperature – Resistance value characteristic table</u>

TA, TC, TCJ, TE, TS, TO sensors

TD, TL sensors

Representative value

90

100

Temperature	Resistance value (kΩ)			
(°C)	(Minimum value)	(Standard value)	(Maximum value)	
0	32.33	33.80	35.30	
10	19.63	20.35	21.09	
20	12.23	12.59	12.95	
25	9.75	10.00	10.25	
30	7.764	7.990	8.218	
40	5.013	5.192	5.375	
50	3.312	3.451	3.594	
60	2.236	2.343	2.454	
70	1.540	1.623	1.709	
80	1.082	1.146	1.213	

0.8237

0.6023

0.7740

0.5634

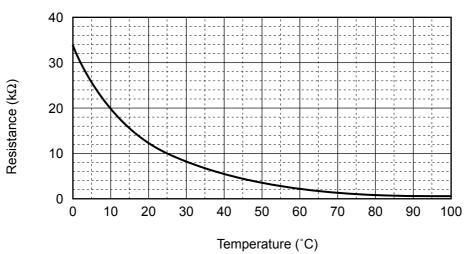
Representative value

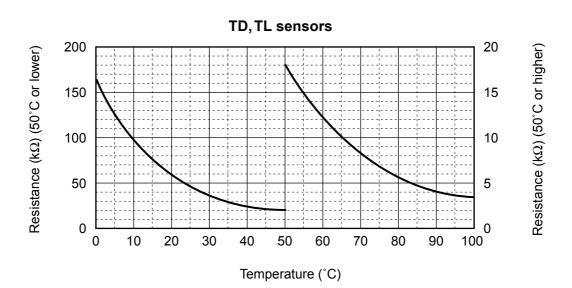
Temperature	Resistance value (kΩ)			
(°C)	(Minimum value)	(Standard value)	(Maximum value)	
0	150.5	161.3	172.7	
10	92.76	99.05	105.6	
20	58.61	62.36	66.26	
25	47.01	49.93	52.97	
30	37.93	40.22	42.59	
40	25.12	26.55	28.03	
50	17.00	17.92	18.86	
60	11.74	12.34	12.95	
70	8.269	8.668	9.074	
80	5.925	6.195	6.470	
90	4.321	4.507	4.696	
100	3.205	3.336	3.468	

TA, TC, TCJ, TE, TS, TO sensors

0.8761

0.6434





^{*} As TH sensor (Outdoor unit heat sink temp. sensor) is incorporated in the outdoor control P.C. board, the resistance value cannot be measured.

8-3. Table Inspection of outdoor unit main parts

No.	Parts name	Checking procedure		
1	Compressor (Model : DX150A1T-20F)	Measure the resistance value of	each winding by us	ing the tester.
	(,	Red	Position	Resistance value
			Red – White	
		White Black	White – Black	0.97 Ω
			Black – Red	
				Under 20°C
2	2 Fan motor Measure the resistance value of each winding (Model : ICF-140-43-4R)		each winding by us	ing the tester.
	(Model: 101 140 40 414)	White Black	Position	Resistance value
			Red – White	
			White – Black	21.00±1.05 Ω
			Black – Red	
				Under 20°C
3	4-way valve coil	Measure the resistance value of	each winding by us	ing the tester.
	(Cooling/heating switching) (Model : STF-H)		Resista	nce value
			7.1±(0.36 Ω
		Connector : White	Under 20°C	

9. SETUP AT LOCAL SITE AND OTHERS

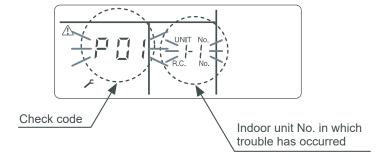
9-1. Troubleshooting based on information displayed on remote controller

<RBC-AMT***>

(1) Checking and testing

When a trouble occurs to an air conditioner, a check code and indoor unit No. are displayed on the display window of the remote controller. Check codes are only displayed while the air conditioner is in operation.

If the display has already disappeared, access check code history by following the procedure described below.



(2) Trouble history

The trouble history access procedure is described below (up to four check codes stored in memory). Check code history can be accessed regardless of whether the air conditioner is in operation or shut down.

<Pre><Procedure> To be performed when system at rest

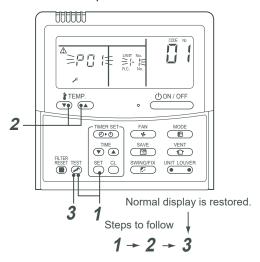
1 Invoke the SERVICE CHECK mode by pressing the + + buttons simultaneously and holding for at least 4 seconds.

The letters "> SERVICE CHECK" light up, and the check code "01" is displayed, indicating the trouble history. This is accompanied by the indoor unit No. to which the trouble history is related and a check code.

2 To check other trouble history items, press the button to select another check code.

Check code "01" (latest) → Check code "04" (oldest) Note: Trouble history contains four items.

3 When the button is pushed, normal display is restored.



^

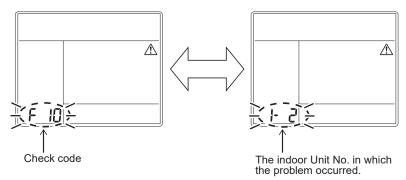
CAUTION

Do not push the $\stackrel{\text{d}}{\sim}$ button as it would erase the whole trouble history of the indoor unit.

<RBC-ASCU11-*>

(1) Confirmation and check

If a problem occurs with the air conditioner, the OFF timer indicator alternately shows the check code and the indoor Unit No. in which the problem occurred.



(2) Troubleshooting history and confirmation

You can check the troubleshooting history with the following procedure if a problem occurs with the air conditioner.

(The troubleshooting history records up to 4 incidents.)

You can check it during operation or when operation is stopped.

• If you check the troubleshooting history during OFF timer operation, the OFF timer will be canceled.

| Procedure | Description of operation | | |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| 1 | Push the OFF timer button for over 10 seconds and the indicators appear as an image indicating the troubleshooting history mode has been entered. If [➤ Service check] is displayed, the mode enters in the troubleshooting history mode. • [01: Order of troubleshooting history] appears in the temperature indicator. • The OFF timer indicator alternately shows the [check code] and the [indoor Unit No.] in which the problem occurred. | No. F (1) | |
| 2 | Each time the setting button is pushed, the recorded troubleshooting history is displayed in sequence. The troubleshooting history appears in order from [01] (newest) to [04] (oldest). CAUTION | TOSHIBA No. | |
| | In the troubleshooting history mode, DO NOT push the Menu button for over 10 seconds, doing so deletes the entire troubleshooting history of the indoor unit. | F 10 | |
| 3 | After you have finished checking, push the ON/OFF button to return to the regular mode. If the air conditioner is operating, it remains operated even after the ON/OFF button has been pushed. To stop its operation, push the ON/OFF button again. | | |

How to read displayed information

<7-segment display symbols>

DI23456789RbCdEFHLLP

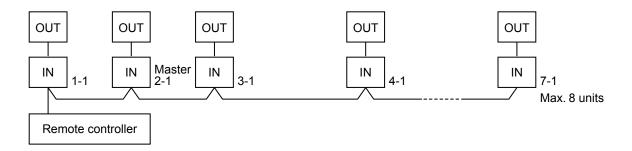
<Corresponding alphanumerical letters>

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A b C d E F H J L P

9-2. Group Control Operation

In a group control, operation of maximum 8 indoor units can be controlled by a remote controller. The indoor unit connected with outdoor unit (Individual/Master of twin) controls room temperature according to setting on the remote controller.

<System example>



1. Display range on remote controller

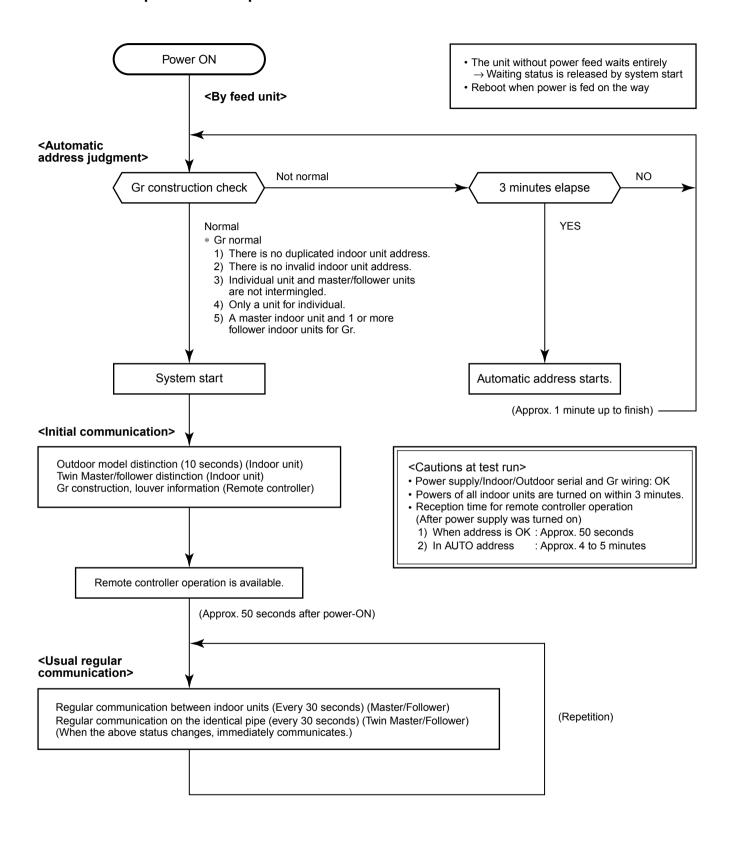
The setup range (Operation mode/Air volume select/Setup temp) of the indoor unit which was set to the master unit is reflected on the remote controller.

2. Address setup

Turn on power of the indoor unit to be controlled in a group within 3 minutes after setting of automatic address. If power of the indoor unit is not turned on within 3 minutes (completion of automatic address setting), the system is rebooted and the automatic address setting will be judged again.

- 1) Connect 3 In/Out cables surely.
- 2) Check line address/indoor address/group address of the unit one by one.
- 3) The unit No. (line/indoor gout address) which have been set once keep the present status as a rule if the unit No. is not duplicated with one of another unit.

■ Indoor unit power-ON sequence



In a group operation, if the indoor unit which was fed power after judgment of automatic address cannot receive regular communication from the master unit and regular communication on identical pipe within 120 seconds after power was turned on, it reboots (system reset).

→ The operation starts from judgment of automatic address (Gr construction check) again. (If the address of the master unit was determined in the previous time, the power fed to the master unit and reboot works, the master unit may change though the indoor unit line address is not changed.)

9-3. Outdoor Unit

Various displays and various operations are enabled by push buttons (service) switches and LED on the outdoor control P.C. board.

Service switch (SW01, SW02) operations

LED display

- 4 patterns are provided for LED display.
 - : ON, : OFF, : Rapid flashing (5 times/second), ◇ : Slow flashing (Once/second)
- In the initial status of LED display, D805 is ON as the right figure.

When the initial status does not appear (in case of flashing of D805), LED display can be returned to the initial status by pushing and holding the service switches SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously.

LED display: initial status or O or © or © or © or © \bigcirc D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 (Yellow) (Yellow) (Yellow) (Yellow) (Yellow) (Green)

9-3-1. Refrigerant recovery control

HFC refrigerant is "Ozone layer destructive coefficient = 0". However the discharge regulation is established for HFC refrigerant as it is greenhouse gas.

For this Model, a switch is mounted for refrigerant recovery operation (pump down) by the outdoor unit so that this Model can easily react to the environment when it will be reinstalled or scrapped.

[Operating method]

- 1) Set fan operation to the indoor unit.
- 2) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 3) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 4) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the point where LED display (D800 to D804) is indicated as the following table.

| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0 | • | • | • | 0 |

- : ON, : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)
- 5) Push SW02 so that D805 flashes rapidly.
- 6) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. The forced cooling operation starts if D804 flashes slowly and D805 is turned on. (Max. 10 minutes)
- 7) After operation for 3 minutes or more, close the valve at liquid side.
- 8) After recovery of refrigerant, close the valve at gas side.
- 9) Push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. The LED returns to the initial status, the cooling operation stops and the indoor fan operation stops.
- 10) Turn off the power supply.
- * If an unknown point generated on the way of the operation, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. You can return to the item 2).

9-3-2. Various settings on outdoor unit (Existing piping etc.)

(1) Service switch setting

Various settings are available by setting service switches.

[Operating method]

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 3) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the LED display of function item to be set up.

| Function | LED display | Control contents | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Existing pipes setting | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ● ○ ● ○ | When the existing piping uses Ø19.1 pipe, this function is validated. In this case, the heating capacity may drop due to outside temp. and indoor temp. in heating time. | | |
| Snow-break
fan control | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ○ ● ● ○ | This function validates the control to prevent occurrence of motor lock by the accumulated snow entered from clearance of the fan guard or heat exchanger into blast route. Even when the compressor stops, the outdoor fan is operated with W3 when the outside temperature is under 4°C. | | |
| Max. frequency change | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ● ● ○ ○ | This function is validated if the max. value of compressor frequency is required to lower. It lowers the max. frequency in cooling/heating time. In this case, the max. capacity lowers. | | |
| | | Max. compressor frequency (rps) | | |
| | | Model GM56 | | |
| | | Cool Heat | | |
| | | Standard status 70.8 98.4 | | |
| | | When setting is valid 70.8 83.4 | | |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)

- 4) Push SW02 so that D805 will flash rapidly.
- 5) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing, D805 changes to lighting and then various settings are validated.
- 6) When you want to continue the settings, moreover repeat items from 3) to 5).
- 7) To invalidate various settings, execute items 1) to 3), push SW02 and then turn off D805.
- 8) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing, D805 is turned off and then various settings are invalidated.
- * If an unknown point generated on the way of the operation, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. You can return to the item (1).

Confirmation method of various settings

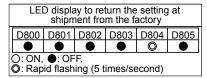
You can confirm that various settings are validated.

- 1) Check LED displays are in the initial status. If it are not so, return them to the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing.
- 3) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the point where LED display (D800 to D804) to be checked. If the setting became valid, D804 and D805 flash rapidly. (When the setup was invalid, D804 flashes rapidly and D805 goes off.)
- 4) Push SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously to return LED display to the initial status.

In the case to return the setting to one at shipment from factory

When to return the setting to one at shipment from the factory due to reinstallation and so on, the setting can be returned in the following procedure.

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not the initial status, return the setting to the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 3) Push SW01 several times to make LED display status to "LED display to return the setting at shipment from the factory" in the right table.
- 4) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 5) Push and hold SW01 and SW02 simultaneously to return the LED display to the initial status.



(2) Operation mode for cooling only/heating only

As for the indoor unit, the mode for cooling only/heating only is applied from the Ceiling 7 series.

When a group operates and twin operating, the indoor unit (master unit) connected with the outdoor unit is set to the header unit.

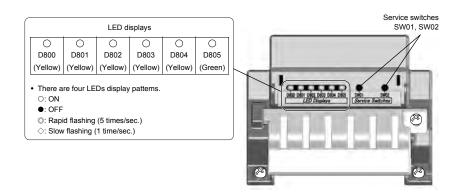
▼ Functions

The heating only (cooling only) mode can be selected by the sub P.C. board of outdoor unit.

| State | | Details of Processing | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| (Factory | Operation mode | Operation State | Remote control |
| default) | Normal | AUTO, COOL, DRY, HEAT, FAN ONLY or can be selected | - |
| | The heating only (c | cooling only) mode can be selected by the sub P.C. board of o | utdoor unit. |
| Sub P.C.
board | P.C. board selection mode | Remote control operation/display | |
| setting | Normal | AUTO, COOL, DRY, HEAT, FAN ONLY or can be selected | - |
| | Cooling only | COOL, DRY, FAN ONLY or can be selected | When using the remote control, |
| | Heating only | HEAT, FAN ONLY or can be selected | (Operation mode controlled) indicator might be lit displayed. |
| | | The remote controller display becomes "AUTO", "COOL", "D "FAN ONLY" according to the connection and the indoor unit heating only. The compressor is a stop though the indoor far "AUTO-cooling", "COOL", and "Dry" are selected. | t even if it sets for |

Setting/cancel method of operation mode for cooling only/heating only

The setting/cancel are done by operating the switch (SW01 and SW02) on the sub P.C. board of outdoor unit.



■Setting method

- 1. Check the LED display is an initial state. (Fig. 1)

 If the initial status is not established (if D805 is flashing), hold down the SW01 and SW02 service switches simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status.
- 2. Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 2)
- 3. Several times press SW01 to set the LED displays of the selection mode shown below. (Fig. 3)
- 4. Press SW02, D805 is rapid flashing. (Fig. 4)
- 5. Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and when D804 flashes slowly and D805 lights, and the setting is completed. (Fig. 5)

XIf there is any trouble, hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return to the initial status, and then repeat the steps.

There are four LEDs display patterns. O: ON, ●: OFF, ②: Rapid flashing (5 times/sec.)

♦: Slow flashing (1 time/sec.)

(Fig. 1)

| LED display initial status | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------|--|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | |
| ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | 0 | |
| OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | ON | |
| flashing | flashing | flashing | flashing | flashing | ON | |

(Fig. 2)

| Procedure 2. LED display | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|---------------|------|--|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | |
| 0 | | • | • | \Diamond | • | |
| ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | Slow flashing | OFF | |

(Fig. 3)

| Selection mode | | | Procedure 3. | LED display | | |
|----------------|------|------|--------------|-------------|----------------|------|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | • |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | OFF |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • |
| ricating only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | OFF |

(Fig. 4)

| Selection mode | Procedure 4. LED display | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing | |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| ricating only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing | |

(Fig. 5)

| Selection mode | Procedure 5. LED display | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|---------------|------|--|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | 0 | |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Slow flashing | ON | |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 0 | |
| Heating only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Slow flashing | ON | |

■ Cancel

- 1. 1. and 2. of the setting methods are executed.
 2. Several times press SW01 to set the LED displays of the selection mode shown below. (Fig. 6)
 3. Press SW02, D805 is turned off. (Fig. 7)
 4. Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and when D804 flashes slowly and D805 lights, and the setting is completed. (Fig. 8)

(Fig. 6)

| Coloction made | | | Procedure 2. | LED display | | |
|----------------|------|------|--------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Healing only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing |

(Fig. 7)

| Selection mode | | | Procedure 3. | LED display | | |
|----------------|------|------|--------------|-------------|----------------|------|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | • |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | OFF |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • |
| nealing only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | OFF |

(Fig. 8)

| Coloction made | | | Procedure 4. | LED display | | |
|----------------|------|------|--------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | • |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Slow flashing | OFF |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | • |
| Healing only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Slow flashing | OFF |

9-3-3. Service support function (LED display, service switch operating method)

1. LED display switching

1-1. Display switching list

The displayed contents of LED D800 to D805 on the outdoor P.C. board can be switched by handling the service switches SW01 and SW02.

[Operating method]

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 2) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the point where LED display to be indicated.

| LED display | Control contents |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | Error display (Error which is occurring at present) The error which is occurring at present is displayed. LED goes off while an error does not occur. (Refer to table A) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | Error display (The latest error: The latest error including this moment) After error status was eliminated, if you want to check the error which occurred before, call this setting and check it. (Even after turning off the power supply once, you can recheck it.) * In the case that an error occurred at present, the same contents as that at present is displayed. * TO sensor error only is not displayed in this setting. (Check setting which is occurring at present.) (Refer to table B) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ● ● ● ● | Discharge temperature sensor (TD) display Detected value of the discharge temperature (TD) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ○ ● ● ● | Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TE) display Detected value of the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TE) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ○ ● ○ | Liquid temperature sensor (TL) display The detected value of the liquid temperature sensor (TL) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ● ● ● ● | Suction temperature sensor (TS) display Detected value of the suction temperature sensor (TS) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ● ○ ● ● | Outside temperature sensor (TO) display Detected value of the outside temperature sensor (TO) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ○ ○ ● ● ● | Heat sink temperature sensor (TH) display Detected value of the heat sink temperature sensor (TH) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ● ○ ● ○ | Current display The current value which flows to the outdoor unit is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ● ○ ● | Compressor operation frequency display The operation frequency of the compressor is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ○ ● ○ ● | PMV opening display The opening of PMV (Electronic expansion valve) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ○ ● ○ | Indoor suction temperature sensor (TA) display The detected value of the indoor suction temperature sensor (TA) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ◆ ○ ◆ ○ ● ● | Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TC) display The detected value of the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TC) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ○ ○ ● | Indoor heat exchanger temperature (TCJ) display The detected value of the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TCJ) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |

- : ON, : OFF, : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)
- 3) Pushing SW02 changes item to one to be displayed.
- 4) To see other display contents, repeat items 1) to 3).
- 5) To finish LED display, be sure to execute item 1) to return LED to the initial status (error display of current occurrence) and then finish LED display.

1-2. Error display

The error which is occurring at present and the latest error (the latest error data including one which is occurring now) can be confirmed by lighting LED D800 to D805 on the outdoor control P.C. board.

A. Error display which occurs at present

| | | LED o | lisplay | | | | Wired remote controller |
|------|------|-------|---------|------|------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | Error name | error code |
| | • | • | • | • | 0 | Normal | _ |
| 0 | • | • | | | 0 | Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error | F04 |
| | 0 | • | • | • | 0 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error | F06 |
| 0 | 0 | • | | | 0 | Liquid temp. sensor (TL) error | F07 |
| | • | 0 | | | 0 | Outside temp. sensor (TO) error | F08 |
| 0 | • | 0 | • | • | 0 | Suction temp. sensor (TS) error | F12 |
| | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error | F13 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | Heat exchanger sensor (TE, TS) misconnection | F15 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 | EEPROM error | F31 |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | | 0 | Compressor breakdown | H01 |
| | • | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | Compressor lock | H02 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | Case thermostat operation | H04 |
| | • | • | | 0 | 0 | Model unset | L10 |
| | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | Discharge temp. error | P03 |
| 0 | 0 | • | | 0 | 0 | High-pressure SW error | P04 |
| 0 | • | 0 | 0 | | 0 | Current detection circuit error | H03 |
| | • | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | Power supply error | P05 |
| | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | Heat sink overheat error | P07 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | Gas leak detection | P15 |
| | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4-way valve reversal error | P19 |
| 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | High pressure protective operation | P20 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | Fan system error | P22 |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | Driving element short circuit | P26 |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Position detection circuit error | P29 |
| 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Others (No determination) | L31 |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ○ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)

B. Error display of the latest (including error which occurs at present) error

| | | LED o | lisplay | | | F |
|------|------|-------|---------|------|------------|----------------------------------------------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | Error name |
| • | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | Normal |
| 0 | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error |
| | 0 | | | • | \Diamond | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error |
| 0 | 0 | | | • | \Diamond | Liquid temp. sensor (TL) error |
| 0 | • | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | Suction temp. sensor (TS) error |
| | 0 | 0 | | • | \Diamond | Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | • | \Diamond | Heat exchanger sensor (TE, TS) misconnection |
| | 0 | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | EEPROM error |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | Compressor breakdown |
| | | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | Compressor lock |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | Case thermostat operation |
| | | | | 0 | \Diamond | Model unset |
| | 0 | • | • | 0 | \Diamond | Discharge temp. error |
| 0 | 0 | | | 0 | \Diamond | High-pressure SW error |
| 0 | | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | Current detection circuit error |
| | | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | Power supply error |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | Heat sink overheat error |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | Gas leak detection |
| • | • | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 4-way valve reversal error |
| 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | High pressure protective operation |
| | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Fan system error |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Driving element short circuit |
| • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Position detection circuit error |
| 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Others (No determination) |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ○ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second), ◇ : Slow flashing (Once/second)

C. Sensor, current, compressor operation frequency, PMV opening display

The values, such as the temperature sensor or the current value, which the controller detects are easily confirmed.

* Temperature sensor: TD, TE, TL, TS, TO, TH, TA, TC, TCJ

| | | LED c | lisplay | | | Temp. sensor | Current | Compressor | PMV opening |
|------|------|-------|---------|------|------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | (°C) | (A) | frequency (rps) | (pls) |
| | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | – 25 or less | 0 ~ | 0 ~ | 0 ~ 19 |
| 0 | • | | | | \Diamond | − 25 ~ | 1 ~ | 5 ~ | 20 ~ 39 |
| • | 0 | | | | \Diamond | − 20 ~ | 2 ~ | 10 ~ | 40 ~ 59 |
| 0 | 0 | | | | \Diamond | − 15 ~ | 3 ~ | 15 ~ | 60 ~ 79 |
| | • | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | − 10 ~ | 4 ~ | 20 ~ | 80 ~ 99 |
| 0 | • | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | − 5 ~ | 5 ~ | 25 ~ | 100 ~ 119 |
| | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | 0 ~ | 6 ~ | 30 ~ | 120 ~ 139 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | 5 ~ | 7 ~ | 35 ~ | 140 ~ 159 |
| | • | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | 10 ~ | 8 ~ | 40 ~ | 160 ~ 179 |
| 0 | • | | 0 | • | \Diamond | 15 ~ | 9 ~ | 45 ~ | 180 ~ 199 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | 20 ~ | 10 ~ | 50 ~ | 200 ~ 219 |
| 0 | 0 | | 0 | | \Diamond | 25 ~ | 11 ~ | 55 ~ | 220 ~ 239 |
| | • | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | 30 ~ | 12 ~ | 60 ~ | 240 ~ 259 |
| 0 | • | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | 35 ~ | 13 ~ | 65 ~ | 260 ~ 279 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | 40 ~ | 14 ~ | 70 ~ | 280 ~ 299 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | 45 ~ | 15 ~ | 75 ~ | 300 ~ 319 |
| | • | • | • | 0 | \Diamond | 50 ~ | 16 ~ | 80 ~ | 320 ~ 339 |
| 0 | • | • | | 0 | \Diamond | 55 ~ | 17 ~ | 85 ~ | 340 ~359 |
| | 0 | • | • | 0 | \Diamond | 60 ~ | 18 ~ | 90 ~ | 360 ~ 379 |
| 0 | 0 | • | | 0 | \Diamond | 65 ~ | 19 ~ | 95 ~ | 380 ~ 399 |
| | • | 0 | • | 0 | \Diamond | 70 ~ | 20 ~ | 100 ~ | 400 ~ 419 |
| 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 | \Diamond | 75 ~ | 21 ~ | 105 ~ | 420 ~439 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | 80 ~ | 22 ~ | 110 ~ | 440 ~ 459 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | 85 ~ | 23 ~ | 115 ~ | 460 ~ 479 |
| | • | | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 90 ~ | 24 ~ | 120 ~ | 480 ~ 499 |
| 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 95 ~ | 25 ~ | 125 ~ | 500 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 100 ~ | 26 ~ | 130 ~ | _ |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 105 ~ | 27 ~ | 135 ~ | _ |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 110 ~ | 28 ~ | 140 ~ | _ |
| 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 115 ~ | 29 ~ | 145 ~ | _ |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 120 or more | 30 ~ | 150 ~ | - |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Sensor error | 31 or more | 155 or more | _ |

 \bigcirc : ON, lacktriangle : OFF, \diamondsuit : Slow flashing (Once/second)

2. Special operation for maintenance check (SW01 and SW02 operations)

The following special operations for maintenance check can be performed by handling the service switches SW01 and SW02.

[Operating method]

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 3) Push SW01 and then stop it at the LED display of the function item to be set.

| Special operation | LED display | Control contents |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Refrigerant recovery operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ● ● ● | The outdoor unit performs cooling operation. As the indoor unit does not operate by this operation only, carry out the fan operation beforehand. (Refer to 9-3-1.) |
| PMV full open operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ● ○ ● ○ | Open PMV (Electronic expansion valve) fully. Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) |
| PMV full close operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ○ ○ ● ○ | Close PMV (Electronic expansion valve) completely. Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) |
| PMV middle opening operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ○ ○ ● ● | Open PMV (Electronic expansion valve) to middle position (250 pulses). Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) |
| Indoor heating trial operation command | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ● ● ○ ● | Carry out a trial heating operation. The operation returns to the normal control by executing the following item 6). (Refer Note 2) |
| Indoor cooling trial operation command | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ○ ● ○ ● | Carry out a trial cooling operation. The operation returns to the normal control by executing the following item 6). (Refer Note 2) |
| Fan motor forced operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ○ ● ○ ○ | Operate the fan motor forcedly. Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) |
| Self-preservation valve suck operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ● ○ ○ ● | Switch to cooling cycle This function is operated only by ten seconds, and turned off afterwards. |
| Self-preservation valve secession operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ○ ○ ○ ○ | Switch to heating cycle This function is operated only by ten seconds, and turned off afterwards. |

- : ON, : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)
- (Note 1) Although these special operations are available even operating time, basically carry out these operations while the machine stops. If carrying out these operations, the pressure may change suddenly and a danger may grow.
- (Note 2) Indoor trial cooling operation request / Indoor trial heating operation request Cooling/heating trial operations are available from the outdoor unit only in combination with the following indoor units.

Note) The forced trial operation in this setting cannot be cleared by the indoor remote controller. Be sure to clear it by operation of the outdoor unit (6 below).

- 4) Push SW02 and then stop it at point where D805 becomes rapid flashing.
- 5) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing, D805 changes lighting and then the special operation becomes valid.
- 6) To invalidate various settings, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. D800 to D804 go off (or rapid flashing), D805 goes on (Initial status: Display of error which is occurring at present), and then the special operation becomes invalid (normal control).
- * If an unknown point generated on the way of the operation, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. You can return to the item 1).

9-4. Refrigerant leak detection function

Monitors the amount of refrigerant being calculated base on the temperature sensors, PMV opening during test run operation, and detects any refrigerant leaks during operation and indicates it using the LEDs on the outdoor unit or remote controller. Refrigerant leak detection is not performed in usual operation. Ensure to set test run mode.

- Test run mode. Refer to the operation manual of the indoor unit or remote controller for how to start up.
- Test run mode continues maximum 60 minute. After 60 minutes it is automatically stopped.
- It is recommended to set the indoor unit to the maximum fan speed while test run.

[Refrigerant leak detection method]

- 1) When the first test run mode after installation is executed, the correction value determined by "The initial state" such as the pipe length and indoor unit type is stored (*) Refrigerant leakage is detected even when the first test run mode is executed, but the accuracy is not high. Mainly, the detection results from the next time onwards. Please mainly refer the results in the next test run.
- * The correction value is stored separately for cooling and heating.
- Refrigerant leakage will detected in the next test run mode by using correction value memorized in 1). You can check the detection result with LEDs on the outdoor unit or "Monitor function" on the remote control (RBC-AWSU52-E).



- * Detects any slow leaks at the stages of not cool heat and trouble stoppages during operation but may not detect fast leaks sometimes.
- * Refrigerant leaks may even be detected because of refrigerant circulation failures due to PMV (Pulse Motor Valve) blockages, operation failures, capillary blockages, strainer blockages, etc. And indoor unit filter blockages may change the refrigeration cycle and detect the refrigerant leak.
- * Refrigerant leak detection may not be possible depending on the indoor and outdoor air temperature conditions during operation. We recommend test run operation when indoor and outdoor conditions are satisfied in next time.

| | <gm56></gm56> |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Cooling | 29°C ≤ Outdoor temperature < 39°C |
| Cooming | 18°C ≤ Indoor temperature < 32°C |
| Heating | -5°C ≤ Outdoor temperature < 7°C |
| ricating | 17°C ≤ Indoor temperature < 29°C |

When any refrigerant leaks are detected, check the details and confirm whether refrigerant leaked or not. If refrigerant is leaked, ensure to identify where the leak is, recover the remaining refrigerant, and then recharge with the correct amount using the appropriate methods.

The leakage signal can be cleared by power supply reset, refrigerant recovery with service switches operation and test run mode performed again.

After checking the details, if you want to continue using the device, please do a power supply reset to clear the leakage signal.

When performing refrigerant recovery, operating the service switches SW01 and SW02 will clear the leakage signal and correction value determined by initial state condition. And test run mode in next time is performed as first time.

[Confirmation method with LEDs on outdoor unit]

- 1) Ensure the LED display shows the initial state. If not then it can be returned to the initial state by pushing and holding down SW01 and SW02 at the same time for at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Push SW01 several times unit reaching the 'refrigerant leak indication' LED display.

| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | Refrigerant leak indication |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | 0 | | 0 | Displays if a certain amount of refrigerant has leaked. |

3) Briefly pushing SW02 enables the presence of a leak to be detected using the LED display.

| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | Judgment |
|------|------|------|------|------|------------|--------------------------------|
| | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | No refrigeration leak detected |
| 0 | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | Refrigeration leak detected |

○ : Go ON, ● : Go OFF, ◇: Flashing (1 times/sec.)

- 4) Before exiting, push and down SW01 and SW02 at the same time for at least 5 seconds and set the LED to the initial state.
 - * During the test run mode, D800~804 will be turned off, so please check the LEDs after the test run mode is finished.

[Confirmation method with remote controller]

You can use "Monitor function" on the remote controller to check the progress of the judgment or the result of the judgment. Please refer to the instruction manual of the remote controller or indoor unit for the confirmation method.

| CODE No. | Data name | Unit |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------|------|
| 7A | Pd : Refrigeration cycle high pressure (x100)(*1) | MPa |
| 7B | Ps : Refrigeration cycle low pressure (x100)(*1) | MPa |
| E3 | Refrigerant leak detection statue | *2 |

* 1 When a pressure sensor is installed in the unit, the sensor detection value is always displayed. If the unit is not equipped with a pressure sensor, the estimated value based on the sensor temperature will be displayed only during "Test run" operation, but it will be displayed approximately 20 minutes after the start of "Test run" operation.

When removing the piping, check the gauge manifold for the presence of refrigerant even if the estimated pressure value checked immediately before is zero or low.

- * 2 Refrigerant leak detection status
 - 0 : During initial operation or when indoor or outdoor temperature conditions are not satisfied or when the refrigeration cycle is not stable and cannot be detected.
 - 1 : Refrigerant cycle is not stable and cannot be detected.
 - 2: No refrigerant leak detected during detection for a certain period of time, but judgment is on going.
 - 3: There is a possibility of refrigerant leakage.
 - 4 : No possibility of refrigerant leakage.
 - 5 : The status is not known because detection could not be performed due to unsatisfactory indoor or outdoor temperature conditions or unstable refrigeration cycle.

0~2 shows the progress displayed during test run mode. If the status is "0" after 30~40 minutes, it is probably because the indoor and outdoor air temperature conditions are out of condition.

3~5 are the results displayed after the test run mode operation is completed. If the value is "3" or "5" the refrigerant may be insufficient. Please check the status of the refrigeration cycle by referring to the information in "3 OUTDOOR UNIT REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM".

9-5. Applicable Control of Outdoor unit

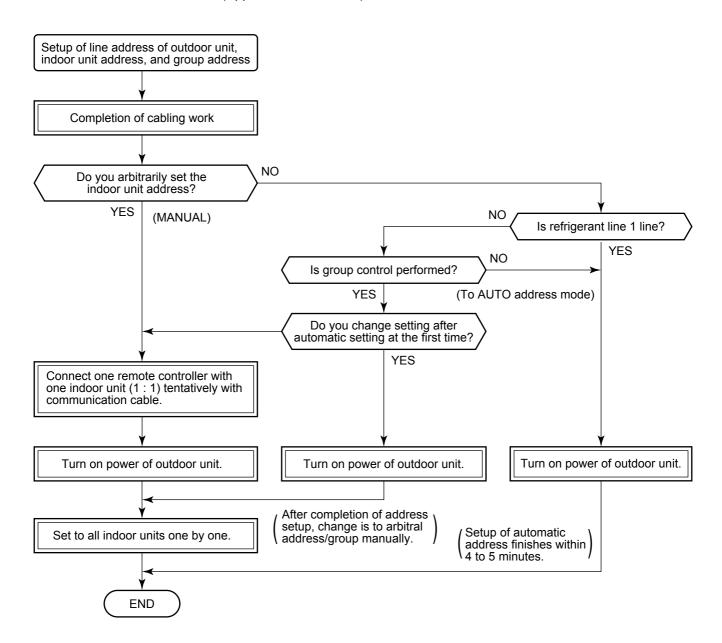
The following controls are enabled by connecting the part "Application control kit" (TCB-PCOS1E2) sold separately.

- (1) Power peak cut control
- * The capacity of the outdoor unit is saved by the Demand signal from outside and corresponds to the temporary peak cut.
- * The capacity save is switched to 3 stages, 75%, 50% and operation stop.
- (2) Night operation (Sound reduction)
- * Input a timer on the market (Arranged at site). The capacity is lowered regardless of load and the operation noise is reduced until 45dB. However the normal control is carried out if the outside temperature (TO sensor value) is 40°C or more.
- (3) Compressor operation output
- * When the compressor drives, turn on the contact output of no voltage.

10. ADDRESS SETUP

10-1. Address Setup Procedure

When an outdoor unit and an indoor unit are connected, or when an outdoor unit is connected to each indoor unit respectively in the group operation even if multiple refrigerant lines are provided, the automatic address setup completes with power-ON of the outdoor unit. The operation of the remote controller is not accepted while automatic address works. (Approx. 4 to 5 minutes)



• When the following addresses are not stored in the neutral memory (IC503) on the indoor P.C. board, a test run operation cannot be performed. (Unfixed data at shipment from factory)

| | Item code | Data at shipment | Setup data range |
|---------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Line address | 12 | 0099 | 0001 (No. 1 unit) to 0064 (No. 64 unit) |
| Indoor unit address | 13 | 0099 | 0001 (No. 1 unit) to 0064 (No. 64 unit) Max. value of indoor units in the identical refrigerant line |
| Group address | 14 | 0099 | 0000 : Individual (Indoor units which are not controlled in a group) 0001 : Master unit (1 indoor unit in group control) 0002 : Sub unit (Indoor units other than master unit in group control) |

10-2. Address Setup & Group Control

<Terminology>

Indoor unit No. : N - n = Outdoor unit line address N (Max. 30) - Indoor unit address n (Max. 64)

Group address : 0 = Single (Not group control)

1 = Master unit in group control 2 = Sub unit in group control

Master unit (= 1): The representative of multiple indoor units in group operation sends/receives signals to/from the remote controllers and sub indoor units.

the remote controllers and sub-indoor units.

(* It has no relation with an indoor unit which communicates serially with the outdoor units.)

The operation mode and setup temperature range are displayed on the remote controller LCD.

(Except air direction adjustment of louver)

Sub unit (= 2) : Indoor units other than master unit in group operation

Basically, sub units do not send/receive signals to/from the remote controllers.

(Except errors and response to demand of service data)

Header unit (Representative unit) (Master Twin)

: This unit communicates with the indoor unit (follower) which serial-communicates with the outdoor units and sends/receives signal (Command from compressor) to/from the outdoor units as the representative of the cycle control in the indoor units of the identical line address within the minimum unit which configures one of the refrigerating cycles of Twin.

Follower unit (Subordinate unit) (Sub Twin)

: Indoor units excluding the header unit in Twin

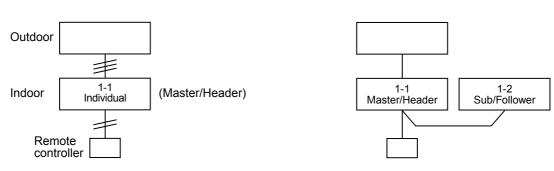
This unit communicates with (Header) indoor unit in the identical line address and performs control synchronized with (Header) indoor unit.

This unit does not perform the signal send/receive operation with the outdoor units. : No judgment for serial signal error.

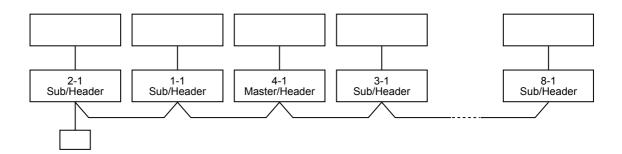
10-2-1. System Configuration





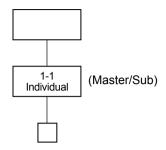


3. Single group operation

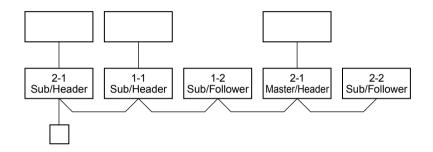


10-2-2. Automatic Address Example from Unset Address (No miswiring)

- 1. Standard (One outdoor unit)
 - 1) Single



2) Group operation (Twin operation)
(Multiple outdoor units = Miltiple indoor units only with serial communication)



Only turning on source power supply (Automatic completion)

 Header unit: The header unit receives the indoor unit data (thermo status) of the follower (Without identical line address & indoor/outdoor serial) and then finally controls the outdoor compressor matching with its own thermo status.

The header unit sends this command information to the follower unit.

• Follower unit: The follower unit receives the indoor unit data from the header (With identical line address & indoor/outdoor serial) and then performs the thermo operation synchronized with the header unit.

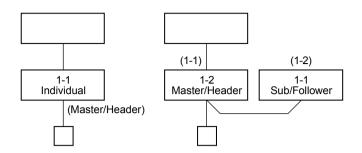
The follower unit sends own thermo ON/OFF demand to the header unit.

(Example)

No. 1-1 header unit sends/receives signal to/from No. 1-2 and No. 1-3 follower units. (It is not influenced by the line 2 or 3 address indoor unit.)

10-2-3. Automatic Address Example from Unset Address (No miswiring)

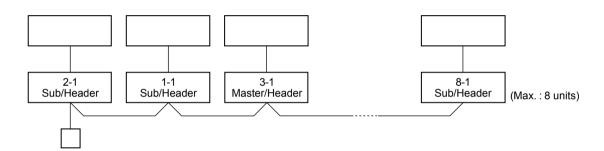
- 1. Standard (One outdoor unit)
 - 1) Single 2) Twin



Only turning on source power supply (Automatic completion)

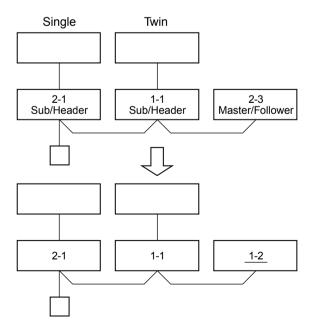
2. Group operation

(Multiple outdoor units = Multiple indoor units with serial communication only, without twin)



Only turning on source power supply (Automatic completion)

3. Multiple groups operation



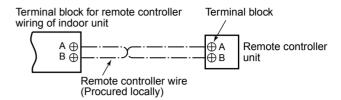
Change is necessary

Manually change addresses of the multiple follower units simultaneously from the remote controller.

10-3. Remote Controller Wiring

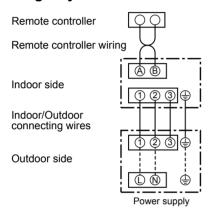
- Strip off approx. 9 mm the wire to be connected.
- For single system, use non polarity, 2 core wire is used for wiring of the remote controller. (0.5 mm² to 2.0 mm² wires)
- For the synchronous twin, triple system, use 2-conre shield wire (Vinyl cord for microphone 0.5 to 2.0 mm²) to conform to the EMC standard.

Wiring diagram

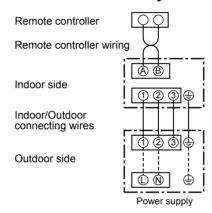


* For details of wiring/installation of the remote controller, refer to the Installation Manual enclosed with the remote controller.

Single system



Simultaneous twin system



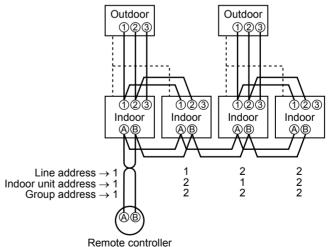
10-4. Address Setup (Manual setting from remote controller)

In case that addresses of the indoor units will be determined prior to piping work after cabling work

• Set an indoor unit per a remote controller.

• Turn on power supply.

(Example of 2-lines cabling) (Real line: Cabling, Broken line: Refrigerant pipe)



For the above example, perform setting by connecting singly the wired remote controller without remote controller inter-unit cable.

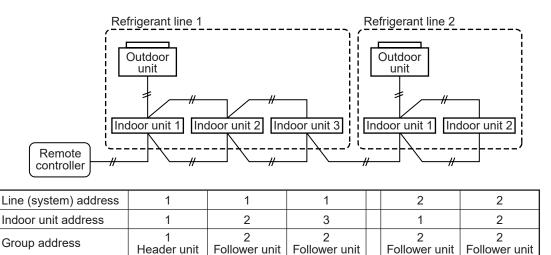
Group address Individual : 0000 Master unit : 0001

Sub unit : 0001 In case of group control

10-5. Manual address setting using the remote controller

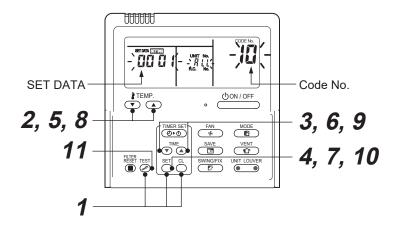
Procedure when setting indoor units' addresses first under the condition that indoor wiring has been completed and outdoor wiring has not been started (manual setting using the remote controller)

▼ Wiring example of 2 refrigerant lines



In the example above, disconnect the remote controller connections between the indoor units and connect a wired remote controller to the target unit directly before address setting.

<RBC-AMT***>



Pair the indoor unit to set and the remote controller one-to-one.

Turn on the power.

1 Push and hold the $\stackrel{\text{SET}}{\bigcirc}$, $\stackrel{\text{CL}}{\bigcirc}$ and $\stackrel{\text{TEST}}{\varnothing}$ buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds. LCD starts flashing.

<Line (system) address>

- **2** Push the TEMP. \bigcirc / \bigcirc buttons repeatedly to set the CODE No. to \bigcirc .
- **3** Push the TIME T / buttons repeatedly to set a system address.

 (Match the address with the address on the interface P.C. board of the header outdoor unit in the same refrigerant line.)
- **4** Push

 → button.

 (It is OK if the display turns on.)

<Indoor unit address>

- **5** Push the TEMP. \bigcirc / \bigcirc buttons repeatedly to set the CODE No. to \bigcirc .
- 6 Push the TIME ▼ / ♠ buttons repeatedly to set an indoor unit address.
- **7** Push the button. (It is OK if the display turns on.)

<Group address>

- **8** Push the TEMP. 🐨 / 🖎 buttons repeatedly to set the CODE No. to 🖽 .
- 9 Push the TIME / buttons repeatedly to set a group address. If the indoor unit is individual, set the address to 0000; header unit, 000 1; follower unit, 0002.

Individual : 0000
Header unit : 0001
Follower unit : 0002
In case of group control

10 Push the button.

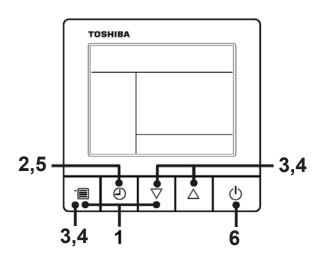
(It is OK if the display turns on.)

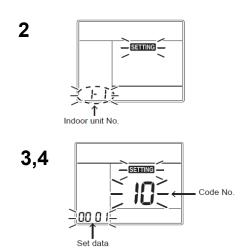
11 Push the button.

The address setting is complete.

(SETTING flashes. You can control the unit after SETTING has disappeared.)

<RBC-ASCU11-*>





- $m{1}$ Push and hold the [menu + abla] buttons at same time for more than 10 seconds.
- **2** Push the [OFF timer] button to confirm the selected indoor unit.

<Line (system) address>

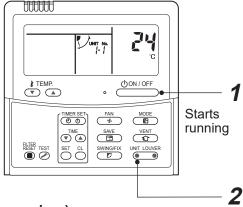
- **3** Push the [menu] button until the CODE No. flashes. And using the [∇ or \triangle] buttons, specify the CODE No.12.
- **4** Push the [menu] button until the SET DATA flashes. And using the [∇ or \triangle] buttons, set a system address.
- **5** Push the [OFF timer] button to confirm the SET DATA.

- Confirming the indoor unit addresses and the position of an indoor unit using the remote controller
- **♦** Confirming the numbers and positions of indoor units

To know the indoor unit addresses though position of the indoor unit is recognized

■ When the unit is individual (the indoor unit is paired with a wired remote controller one-to-one), or it is a group-controlled one.

<RBC-AMT***>



(Execute it while the units are running.)

- **1** Push the $\bigcirc^{\text{(JON/OFF)}}$ button if the units stop.
- **2** Push the button (left side of the button).

A unit numbers l- l is indicated on the LCD (it will disappear after a few seconds). The indicated number shows the system address and indoor unit address of the unit.

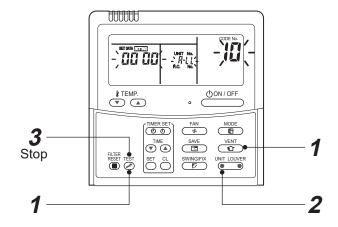
When 2 or more indoor units are connected to the remote controller (group-controlled units), a number of other connected units appears each time you push the UNIT LOUVER button (left side of the button).

<RBC-ASCU11-*>

There is no such function in the remote controller.

- ◆ To find an indoor unit's position from its address
- **▼** When checking unit numbers controlled as a group

<RBC-AMT***>



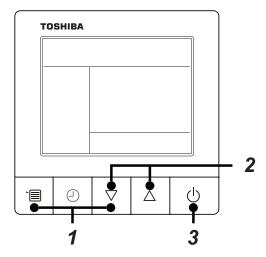
(Execute it while the units are stopped.)

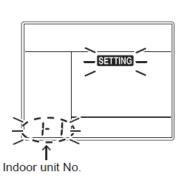
The indoor unit numbers in a group are indicated one after another. The fan and louvers of the indicated units are activated.

- 1 Push and hold the 🗓 and 🕏 buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds.
 - RLL appears on UNIT No. on the LCD display.
 - The fans and louvers of all the indoor units in the group are activated.
- 2 Push the button (left side of the button). Each time you push the button, the indoor unit numbers are indicated one after another.
 - The first-indicated unit number is the address of the header unit.
 - · Only the fan and louvers of the indicated indoor unit are activated.
- **3** Push the button to finish the procedure. All the indoor units in the group stop.

All the indoor drints in the group si

<RBC-ASCU11-*>





- **1** Push and hold the [menu + ∇] buttons at same time for more than 10 seconds. e.g.)A unit number 1-1 is indicated on the LCD. The indicated number shows the system address and indoor unit address of the unit.
- **2** When 2 or more indoor units are connected to the remote controller (group-controlled units), a number of other connected units appears each time you push the [∇ or \triangle] buttons.
- **3** Push the [ON/OFF] button, return to the normal mode.

<Maintenance/Check list>

Aiming in environmental preservation, it is strictly recommended to clean and maintain the indoor/outdoor units of the operating air conditioning system regularly to secure effective operation of the air conditioner.

It is also recommended to maintain the units once a year regularly when operating the air conditioner for a long time.

Check periodically signs of rust or scratches, etc. on coating of the outdoor units.

Repair the defective position or apply the rust resisting paint if necessary.

If an indoor unit operates for approx. 8 hours or more per day, usually it is necessary to clean the indoor/outdoor units once three months at least.

These cleaning and maintenance should be carried out by a qualified dealer.

Although the customer has to pay the charge for the maintenance, the life of the unit can be prolonged.

Failure to clean the indoor/outdoor units regularly will cause shortage of capacity, freezing, water leakage or trouble on the compressor.

| Don't warea | Ob | ject | Contents of chools | Contents of maintenance |
|------------------------------|--------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Part name | Indoor | Outdoor | Contents of check | Contents of maintenance |
| Heat exchanger | 0 | 0 | Blocking with dust, damage check | Clean it when blocking is found. |
| Fan motor | 0 | 0 | Audibility for sound | When abnormal sound is heard |
| Filter | 0 | _ | Visual check for dirt and breakage | Clean with water if dirty Replace if any breakage |
| Fan | 0 | 0 | Visual check for swing and balance Check adhesion of dust and external appearance. | Replace fan when swinging or balance is remarkably poor. If a large dust adheres, clean it with brush or water. |
| Suction/
Discharge grille | 0 | _ | Visual check for dirt and scratch | Repair or replace it if deformation or
damage is found. |
| Drain pan | 0 | _ | Check blocking by dust and dirt of drain water. | Clean drain pan, Inclination check |
| Face panel, Louver | 0 | _ | Check dirt and scratch. | Cleaning/Coating with repair painting |
| External appearance | _ | 0 | Check rust and pealing of insulator Check pealing and floating of coating film | Coating with repair painting |

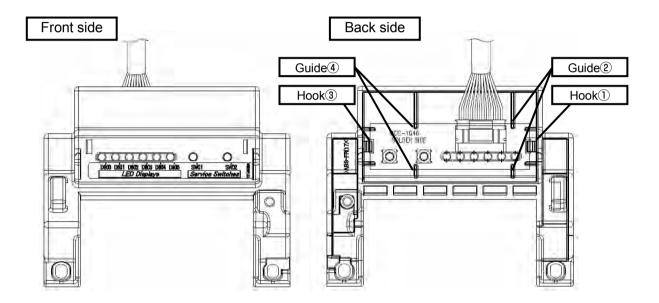
11. REPLACEMENT OF THE SERVICE P.C. BOARD(MCC-1646)

⚠ WARNING

Don't open the inverter cover before 1 minute after power has been turned off because an electric shock may be occurred.

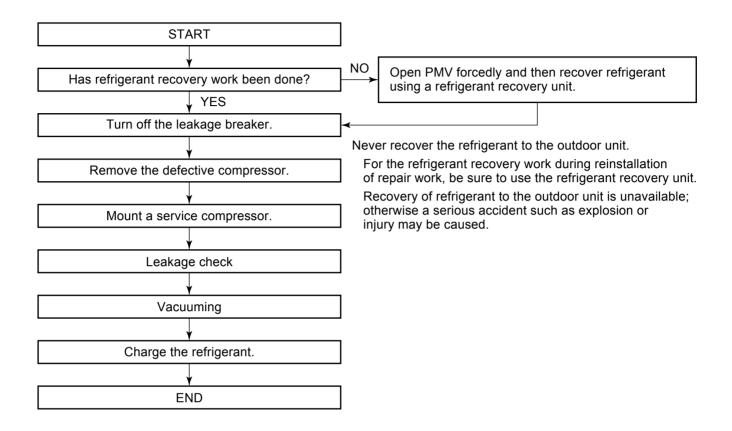
Assembly steps:

- 1 LED side of P.C.Board (MCC-1646) shall be inserted to hook 1 along the guide 2 of mold.
- 2 Switch side of P.C.Board (MCC-1646) shall be pressed to hook 3 along guide 4 of mold.
- 3 After assembly, push SW01 and SW02 to check that switches can be click (sound or feeling of click).



12. HOW TO EXCHANGE COMPRESSOR

12-1. Exchanging Procedure of Compressor (Outline)



12-2. Exchange of Compressor

For exchange of compressors, refer to (11) Compressor in Section of 13. Detachments.

13. DETACHMENTS

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| No. | Part name Common procedure | CAUTION Never forget to put on the gloves at working time, otherwise an injury will be caused by the parts, etc. 1. Detachment 1) Stop operation of the air conditioner, and turn off the main switch of the breaker for air conditioner. 2) Remove the valve cover. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 3 pcs.) • After removing screw, remove the valve cover pulling it downward. 3) Remove wiring cover (PT2T Ø4 × 10L, 1 pc.), and then remove connecting cable. 4) Remove the upper cabinet. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 5 pcs.) • After taking off screws, remove the upper cabinet pulling it upward. | Valve cover Wiring cover Upper cabinet |
| | | 2. Attachment 1) Attach the waterproof cover. CAUTION Be sure to attach a waterproof cover. If it is not attached, there is a possibility that water enters inside of the outdoor unit. 2) Attach the upper cabinet. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 5 pcs.) • Hook the rear side of the upper cabinet to claw of the rear cabinet, and then put it on the front cabinet. 3) Perform cabling of connecting cables, and fix with cord clamp. (BT2T Ø4 × 12L, 3 pcs.) 4) Attach the wiring cover. (PT2T Ø4 × 10L, 1 pc.) 5) Attach the valve cover. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 3 pcs.) | Water-proof cover Front cabinet |

| 2 Front cabinet 1. How to remove 1) Perform 1 of ①. 2) Remove the screw between front cabinet and side cabinet (right). (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 1 pc.) 3) Remove the screw between front cabinet and inverter. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 2 pcs.) 4) Remove the screw between front cabinet and bottom slab. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 3 pcs.) 5) Remove the screw between front cabinet and motor base. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 2 pcs.) • Left side of front panel is inserted into side cabinet (left). Remove by pulling the upper part. 2. How to install |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) Insert front panel's hook into side cabinet (left). 2) Insert side cabinet (left)'s hook into front cabinet's corner hole. 3) Insert the removed screws to their positions. Corner hole Corner hole Corner hole Hook |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| No. | Part name Inverter assembly | 1. Detachment 1) Perform work of item 1 of ①. 2) Take off screws of the upper part of the front cabinet. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 2 pcs.) • If removing the inverter cover under this condition, P.C. board can be checked. • If there is no space in the upper part of the upper cabinet, perform work of ②. CAUTION Be careful to check the inverter because high-voltage circuit is incorporated in it. WARNING Never disassemble the inverter for 1minute after power has been turned off because an electric shock may be caused. 3) Perform 1 of ②. 4) Take off screw between side cabinet (right) and inverter box (wiring gate side) (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 2 pcs.) | Remarks Screws Front panel Inverter cover Cord clamp |
| | | 5) Take off screw between partition plate and inverter box. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 1 pc.) 6) Remove each lead wire type from holder of inverter upper part. 7) Pull upper part of inverter. Here, please cut bundling band that tie each lead wire type. 8) Remove the cover plate assembly. By hold cover plate assembly and pull down from PC board base's hook. 9) Remove connector of each lead wire type. | Screws Hook Cover plate assembly Screw |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3 | Inverter assembly | • Connector Connection to compressor···(3P : Relay connector white) ** (Warning 1) Reactor (2P : Relay connector white) CN300··· Outdoor fan (3P : white) CN701···· 4 directional valve (2P : white) CN601···· TD sensor (3P : white) CN603··· TS sensor (3P : white) CN600··· TE sensor (2P : white) CN602··· TO sensor (2P : white) CN500··· Case thermo (2P : blue) CN501···· High pressure switch (3P : green) ** Warning 1) Please remove housing part's lock before removing connectors. REQUIREMENT As each connector has a lock mechanism, avoid to remove the connector by holding the lead wire, but by holding the connector. | Remove the connectors with locking function by pushing the part indicated by the arrow mark. |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 4 | Control P.C.
board
assembly | 1) Remove sub board base from inverter frame. (BT 2T Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) ※ Remove connector of control board frame side. 2) Remove lead wire • connector that are connected from control board frame to | Sub board base |
| | | other parts. 1. Lead wire : Connect with terminal block Black, white, orange (single phase), earthed lines (black)… 1 pc. 2. Connector | Power line |
| | | CN807··· Display P.C.board (10P : white) ※ (Warning 1) | Remove |
| | | Please cut the bundling band that tie lead wire of compressor, reactor and display P.C.board with inverter box(metal plate). | earth screw Screws |
| | | ※ Warning 1) Please remove housing part's lock before removing connectors. | Screws |
| | | 3) Take off 2 screws that connect inverter box and P.C.board base. And then remove inverter box from base.P.C.board base. Warning 2) Remove P.C.board base's hook (Hook 1, 2, 3, 4), hold P.C.board base, pull inverter box up. 4) Remove control board frame from PC | Hook 1, 2 |
| | | board base. (Remove while heat sink is still attached to control board frame) Warning 2) | |
| | | Remove PC board base's hook (4 places), hold heat sink, pull up. | Hook 4, 3 Control Inverter box board frame (metal plate) |
| | | 5) Take off 2 screws that connect heat sink and control board frame.6) Install new control board frame.Warning 3) | board frame (metal plate) |
| | | When install new control board frame, please correctly insert the board. Make sure to install that heat sink touch metal plate. | PC board base Hook (4 place) |
| | | | Control PC board base board frame |

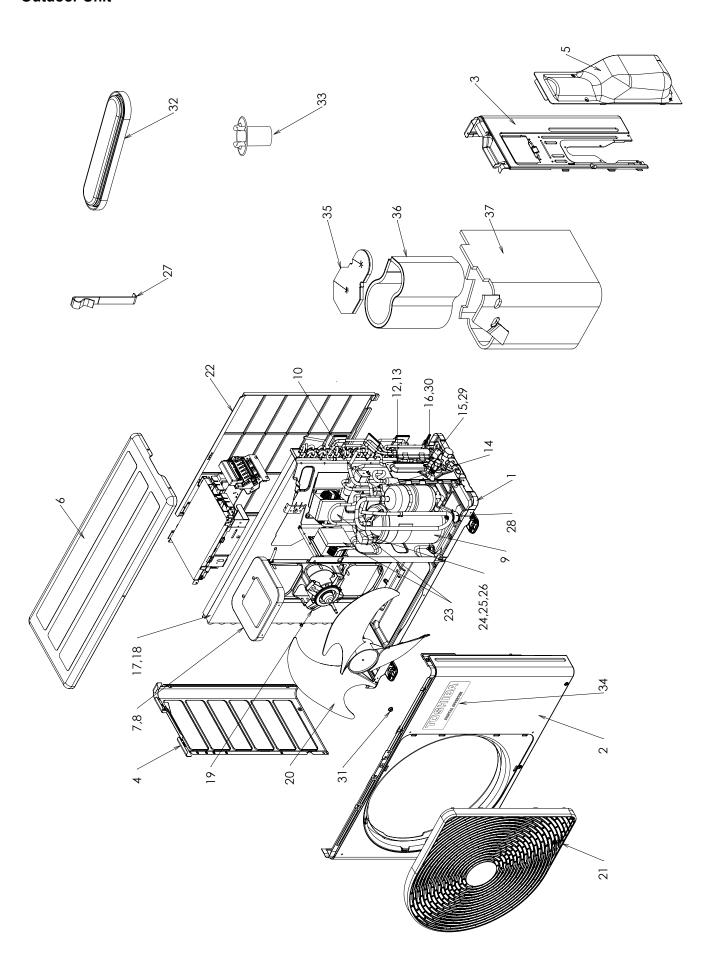
| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (5) | Rear cabinet | Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②, ③. Take off fixed screws for the bottom plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 2 pcs.) Take off fixed screw for the valve mounting plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 3 pcs.) | Rear cabinet |
| 6 | Fan motor | Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②. Take off the flange nut fixing the fan motor and the propeller. Turning it clockwise, the flange nut can be loosened. (To tighten the flange nut, turn counterclockwise.) Remove the propeller fan. Disconnect the connector for fan motor from the inverter. Take off the fixing screws (3 pcs.) holding by hands so that the fan motor does not fall. NOTE: Tighten the flange nut with torque 4.9Nm (50kgf/cm). | Propeller fan Fan motor |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|----------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 7 | Compressor | 1) Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②, ③, ⑤. 2) Discharge refrigerant gas. 3) Remove the partition plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 3 pcs.) 4) Remove the terminal covers of the compressor, and disconnect lead wires of the compressor and the compressor thermo assembly from the terminal. 5) Take off the soundproof plate. 6) Remove pipes connected to the compressor with a burner. CAUTION Pay attention to that flame does not involve 4-way valve or PMV. (If doing so, a malfunction may be caused.) 7) Take off the fixing screws of the bottom plate and heat exchanger. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L) 8) Take off the fixing screws of the valve clamping plate to the bottom plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 2 pcs.) 9) Pull upward he refrigerating cycle. 10) Take off nut fixing the compressor to the bottom place. CAUTION When reconnecting the lead wires to the compressor terminals after replacement of the compressor, be sure to caulk the Faston terminal | Partition plate Compressor lead Thermocomp lead Heat exchanger Remove (Discharge pipe) Screw Valve support board Remove (Suction pipe) |
| 8 | Reactor | without loosening. 1) Perform works of item 1 of ①, ② and ③. 2) Remove partition plate (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 3 pcs.) 3) Take off screw attached to reactor (ST1T Ø4 × 10L, 5 pcs.) | Compressor bolt (3 pcs.) |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 9 | Pulse Motor Valve
(PMV) coil | Detachment Perform works of items ① and ②. Release the coil from the concavity by turning it, and remove coil from the PMV. Attachment Put the coil deep into the bottom position. Fix the coil firmly by turning it to the concavity. | Attachment state PMV Coil |
| 1 | Fan guard | 1. Detachment 1) Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②. 2) Remove the front cabinet, and put it down so that fan guard side directs downward. CAUTION Perform works on a corrugated cardboard, cloth, etc. to prevent flaw on the product. 3) Remove the hooking claws by pushing with minus screwdriver along with the arrow mark in the right figure, and remove the fan guard. 2. Attachment 1) Insert claws of the fan guard in the hole of the front cabinet. Push the hooking claws (10 positions) with hands and then fix the claws. CAUTION All the attaching works have completed. Check that all the hooking claws are fixed to the specified positions. | Front cabinet Front cabinet Fran guard |

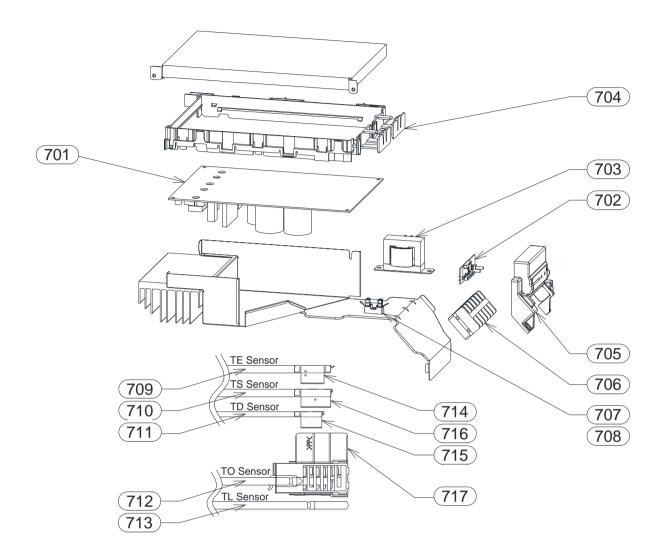
14. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST

Outdoor Unit



| Location | I Part No | art No. Description | Model name | |
|----------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| No. | | | RAV-GM562ATP-E | RAV-GM562ATP-TR |
| 1 | 43T42387 | BASE COATING ASSEMBLY | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 43T00605 | ASM-CABI-F-S | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 43T00599 | ASM-CABI-SIDE-R | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 43T00603 | ASM-COAT-C-S-L | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 43T19352 | ASM-COVER-PV | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 43T00604 | ASM-COAT-CABI-U | 1 | 1 |
| 7 | 43T39348 | ASM-M-BASE | 1 | 1 |
| 9 | 43T41536 | COMPRESSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | 43T63408 | 4 WAY VALVE | 1 | 1 |
| 12 | 43T46425 | BODY-PMV | 1 | 1 |
| 13 | 43T46430 | COIL-PMV | 1 | 1 |
| 14 | 43T63370 | SWITCH, PRESSURE | 1 | 1 |
| 15 | 43T46374 | VALVE;PACKED 12.7DIA(H4) | 1 | 1 |
| 16 | 43T46358 | VALVE;PACKED 6.35 DIA | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | 43T43491 | ASM-COND | 1 | 1 |
| 19 | 43T21460 | MOTOR FAN | 1 | 1 |
| 20 | 43T20319 | PROPELLER FAN | 1 | 1 |
| 21 | 43T19364 | FAN GUARD | 1 | 1 |
| 22 | 43T19331 | FIN GUARD | 1 | 1 |
| 23 | 43T58306 | REACTOR | 2 | 2 |
| 24 | 43T60420 | ASM-COMP-LEAD | 1 | 1 |
| 25 | 43T54319 | BIMETAL-THERMO | 1 | 1 |
| 26 | 43T50307 | HOLDER-THERMO | 1 | 1 |
| 27 | 43T19333 | HOLDER, SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 28 | 43T49335 | RUBBER CUSHION | 3 | 3 |
| 29 | 43T47405 | BONNET, 12.7 DIA | 1 | 1 |
| 30 | 43T47403 | BONNET, 6.35 DIA | 1 | 1 |
| 31 | 43047669 | NUT, FLANGE | 1 | 1 |
| 32 | 43089160 | CAP, WATERPROOF | 2 | 2 |
| 33 | 43T79324 | DRAIN NIPPLE | 1 | 1 |
| 34 | 43T01340 | MARK-T (DI) | 1 | 1 |
| 35 | 43T04315 | S-INSU(UP) | 1 | 1 |
| 36 | 43T04316 | SOUND-INSU(IS) | 1 | 1 |
| 37 | 43T04317 | SOUND-INSU(OS) | 1 | 1 |

<Inverter assembly>



| Location | | Description | Model name | |
|----------|----------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| No. | Part No. | | RAV-GM562ATP-E | RAV-GM562ATP-TR |
| 701 | 43TN9973 | PC BOARD ASSY (MCC-1645) | 1 | 1 |
| 702 | 43T6W816 | PC BOARD ASSY (MCC-1646) | 1 | 1 |
| 703 | 43T58326 | REACTOR,CH-76 | 1 | 1 |
| 704 | 43T62313 | PC PLATE BASE | 1 | 1 |
| 705 | 43T61320 | BASE, PC BOARD | 1 | 1 |
| 706 | 43T60423 | SERV-TERMINAL | 1 | 1 |
| 707 | 43T60463 | FUSE(FJL) | 1 | 1 |
| 708 | 43T60564 | HOLDER-FUSE | 1 | 1 |
| 709 | 43T50352 | TEMPERATURE SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 710 | 43T50412 | TC-SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 711 | 43T50334 | TEMPERATURE SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 712 | 43T50417 | TEMPERATURE SENSOR, TO | 1 | 1 |
| 713 | 43T50335 | TEMPERATURE SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 714 | 43T63318 | HOLDER SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 715 | 43T63317 | HOLDER,SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 716 | 43T63323 | HOLDER,SENSOR | 1 | 1 |
| 717 | 43T63319 | HOLDER,SENSOR | 1 | 1 |

WARNINGS ON REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE

Check of Concentration Limit

The concentration is as given below.

The room in which the air conditioner is to be installed requires a design that in the event of refrigerant gas leaking out, its concentration will not exceed a set limit.

The refrigerant R32 which is used in the air conditioner is safe, without the toxicity or combustibility of ammonia, and is not restricted by laws to be imposed which protect the ozone layer. However, since it contains more than air, it poses the risk of suffocation if its concentration should rise excessively. Suffocation from leakage of R32 is almost non-existent.

If a conditioner system is to be installed in a small room, select a suitable model and installation procedure so that if the refrigerant accidentally leaks out, its concentration does not reach the limit (and in the event of an emergency, measures can be made before injury can occur).

In a room where the concentration may exceed the limit, create an opening with adjacent rooms, or install mechanical ventilation combined with a gas leak detection device.

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|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total amount of refrigerant (kg) | ≤ Concentration limit (kg/m³) |
| Min. volume of the indoor unit installed room (m3) | |

Refrigerant concentration limit shall be in accordance with local regulations.

